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Hongkong Daily Press.

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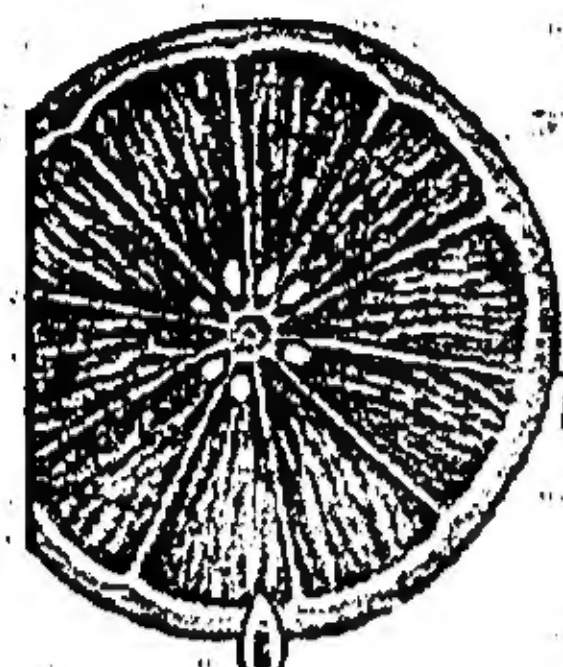
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HONG KONG, THURSDAY, JULY 24, 1930.

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Where to have Tiffin To-day?

LANE CRAWFORD'S RESTAURANT.

MENU.

To-day's Tiffin—\$1.35.

- 1.—Vegetable Clear Soup
- 2.—Prawn Salad
- 3.—Ox-brain and Scrambled Egg
on Toast
- 4.—Lamb Cutlet, Green Pea Sauce
- 5.—Roast Capon and Sausage
- 6.—Curried Meat Ball
- 7.—Boiled Potatoes
- 8.—Boiled Potatoes
- 9.—Vegetable Marrow
- 10.—Mixed Fruit Pie
- 11.—Fruit 12.—Tea 13.—Coffee

BEAVERBROOK VERSUS BALDWIN.

PRESS BARON REPLIES.

CONSERVATIVE LEADER "AFRAID OF THE PEOPLE."

Lord Beaverbrook replied to what
he described as the "attacks" on
himself by Mr. Baldwin when he
spoke at Barnet last month.

"Mr. Baldwin spoke of me in
very abusive terms last Tuesday,"
said Lord Beaverbrook. "He at-
tacks me on every score—even
because I made my own money. No
doubt there are many Conservatives
who would prefer me to have in-
herited my money. But times are
changed; the people like men to
manage the national estate who
have proved at any rate that they
can look after their own estate.
But that is neither here nor there.
My back is broad. Mr. Baldwin's
hard knocks at me do not matter
except in so far as they injure the
cause."

Two Millions Idle.

"What matters is this. There
are nearly 2,000,000 men and women
unemployed. There are 200 cotton
factories closed. There are great
iron and steel and engineering
works in idleness. Agriculture is
declining, farmers going bankrupt,
land going out of cultivation. Our
markets abroad are narrowing.
Trade is falling off. The independ-
ence is being drained out of our
people. We are overladen with
heavy economic burdens. That is
what matters beyond all personal
attacks of Mr. Baldwin upon myself."

"And then for all this we have
a remedy, Mr. Baldwin and I; we
have a remedy, the same remedy—
Empire Free trade, although he will
not call it that. He calls it im-
perial economic unity or free trade
within the Empire, but he knows,
as I know, that our hope is in
the Empire and our good fortune.
It is the greatest asset a nation
ever possessed. It is a mighty
group of peoples, Dominions,
colonies, that makes up the British
Empire. It is a great house of
many mansions where there is work
for all and wealth for all if we have
the vision to see our opportunities
and the courage to use them."

The Point of Difference.

"There is no difference between
Mr. Baldwin and myself on this
point. We are agreed. We are
agreed also that the corner-stone of
this great policy of Empire Free
Trade is the taxation of foreign

foodstuffs. Mr. Baldwin recog-
nises and admits that in no other
way can the policy of Empire Free
Trade be brought about. Where,
then, lies the difference between
Mr. Baldwin and myself? It is not
a question of political remedy, nor
at bottom of political principle. It
is a question of procedure."

"Mr. Baldwin Afraid of the People."

"The difference between Mr.
Baldwin and myself is this. Mr.
Baldwin says that the electors will
not accept duties on foreign food-
stuffs. Therefore they must not be
included in the programme of the
Conservative party lest the Con-
servative party should not be re-
turned to office at the next elec-
tion. I say that the country will
accept duties on foreign foodstuffs.
We maintain that the policy of
Empire Free Trade in its entirety,
including duties on foreign food-
stuffs, must be put before the peo-
ple at the next election as the pro-
gramme of the Conservative party,
and we are confident that the peo-
ple are with us, food taxes and
all. Mr. Baldwin is afraid of the
people. We are not."

"Mr. Baldwin is like the young
man in the Scriptures: he hears
and believes, and then he turns
away sorrowful because he has
great possessions. He cannot re-
nounce the hope of that majority
in the election. He cannot forego
the prospect of the Premiership.
But we say to him he need not re-
nounce that hope. Let him put
the Empire Free Trade program-
me, including duties on foreign
foodstuffs, in all its fullness, as he
knows it must be carried out fair-
ly and squarely before the electors,
and they will return him and his
supporters expressly to carry out
that programme."

"Mr. Baldwin is astute enough
at analysing difficulties. Is he as-
tute enough to estimate the re-
sponse which a good cause firmly
held will arouse in the people? But
the Conservative party must be
firm in its policy. We cannot have
the leader throwing doubt and
fears upon the programme in the
midst of the campaign. This ques-
tion of duties on foodstuffs is the
sole difference between us. If we
can convince Mr. Baldwin that the

people will vote for duties on for-
eign foodstuffs the difference be-
tween us will be eliminated, and
we and the Conservative party can
go forth in unity and confidence
to a glorious victory."

The Way to Heal the Breach.

"Now, can we convince him that
I am right? I believe we can.
And you Conservatives of New
Barnet can take a leading and per-
haps decisive part in healing the
breach in the Conservative party.
You can open up the only real path
of reconciliation between Mr. Bal-
dwin and myself. You can show Mr.
Baldwin that he can have confidence
in the electorate. You can show
him that the country will vote for
duties on foreign foodstuffs. How
can you take immediate action?
By inviting Colonel Fremantle,
your member, to say where he
stands on the question of Empire
Free Trade and on the question of
duties on foreign foodstuffs. Ask
him whether he will go to the poll
as a firm adherent of duties on
foreign foodstuffs. Make him give
you a definite answer. If he will
not answer to your satisfaction call
a party meeting and choose a new
candidate for the next election.
That is how New Barnet can lead
the way and help to convince Mr.
Baldwin."

"Do not think that I want to
remove Mr. Baldwin from his place
as leader; still less that I want the
leadership myself. I have worked
hard and long to bring the cause of
Empire Free Trade before the
people. It has been an arduous
task, and I am willing enough to
retire from it. But first I must see
the torch in faithful hands, in the
hands of believers, men who will
carry it through the night of op-
position to the dawn of the day of
victory."

"Unworthy as I am."

"Until then I can never with-
draw. Until then I must go on,
unworthy as I am, never ceasing in
my efforts until the economic sal-
vation of this country and the pros-
perity of the Empire is assured.
I will never falter until Empire
Free Trade is the adopted policy of
the country, and if the Conserva-
tive party will not have Empire
Free Trade now and here, and with-
out me if it pleases the leaders,
then the country must have it with
me but without those Conservative
party leaders."

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CHRONICLE and

DIRECTORY for

1930

PRICE: TWELVE DOLLARS.

"Hong Kong Daily Press" Office.

Diary of Coming Events.

To-day.

(July 24.)

Queen's Theatre: "Love, Live
and Laugh."

Star Theatre: "Lady of the
Pavements."

World Theatre: "Four Sons."

Central Theatre: "The Vir-
ginian."

Majestic Theatre: "Legion of the
Condemned."

Tides: High, 7.25 a.m. and 9.51
p.m.; Low, 12.30 a.m. and 3.14 p.m.

Friday.

(July 25.)

Queen's Theatre: "Love, Live
and Laugh."

Star Theatre: "Lady of the
Pavements."

World Theatre: "Four Sons."

Central Theatre: "The Vir-
ginian."

Majestic Theatre: "Legion of the
Condemned."

Tides: High, 7.25 a.m. and 9.51
p.m.; Low, 12.30 a.m. and 3.14 p.m.

Water Polo: 1st Div. Kow-
loon S.C. v. Chinese Athletic. 2nd
Div. Somersets v. V.R.C.
Dinner Dance: Peninsula Hotel,
8.30 p.m.

European Mail.—Inward:

Europe via Negapatam (Sapadon).

Europe via Siberia (Hakusan
Maru). Outward: Europe via
Marseilles (Hakusan Maru), 6 p.m.

Tides: High, 8.14 a.m. and 10.39
p.m.; Low, 1.28 a.m. and 3.57 p.m.

Saturday.

(July 26.)

Queen's Theatre: "Love, Live
and Laugh."

World Theatre: "Four Sons."

Star Theatre: "Lady of the
Pavements."

Central Theatre: "The Vir-
ginian."

Majestic Theatre: "Legion of the
Condemned."

Tides: High, 8.14 a.m. and 10.39
p.m.; Low, 1.28 a.m. and 3.57 p.m.

Volunteers' Aquatic Sports,
V.R.C., 9 p.m.

Lawn Bowls: 1st Div. Tai-
koo R.C. v. Kowloon Dockers R.C.

C.S.O.C. v. C.C.O. Police R.C. v.
Kowloon B.G.C. Recreation v. Kow-
loon C.C. 2nd Div. Electric R.C.
v. Recreation, Kowloon C.C. v. Tai-
koo R.C. Kowloon B.G.C. v. C.S.O.C.
C.C.C. v. Royal H.K.Y.C.

Tea Dance: Peninsula Hotel, 5

p.m.

Dinner Dance: Repulse Bay
Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

European Mail.—Inward:

Europe via Negapatam (Sui Sang).

Europe via Siberia (Jeypore).

Tides: High, 9.05 a.m. and 11.20
p.m.; Low, 2.25 a.m. and 4.39 p.m.

Sunday.

(July 27.)

First Day of Rabi-ul-awal.

Majestic Theatre: "The First
Kiss."

Tides: High, 9.57 a.m. and 1.59
p.m.; Low, 3.19 a.m. and 5.20 p.m.

Monday.

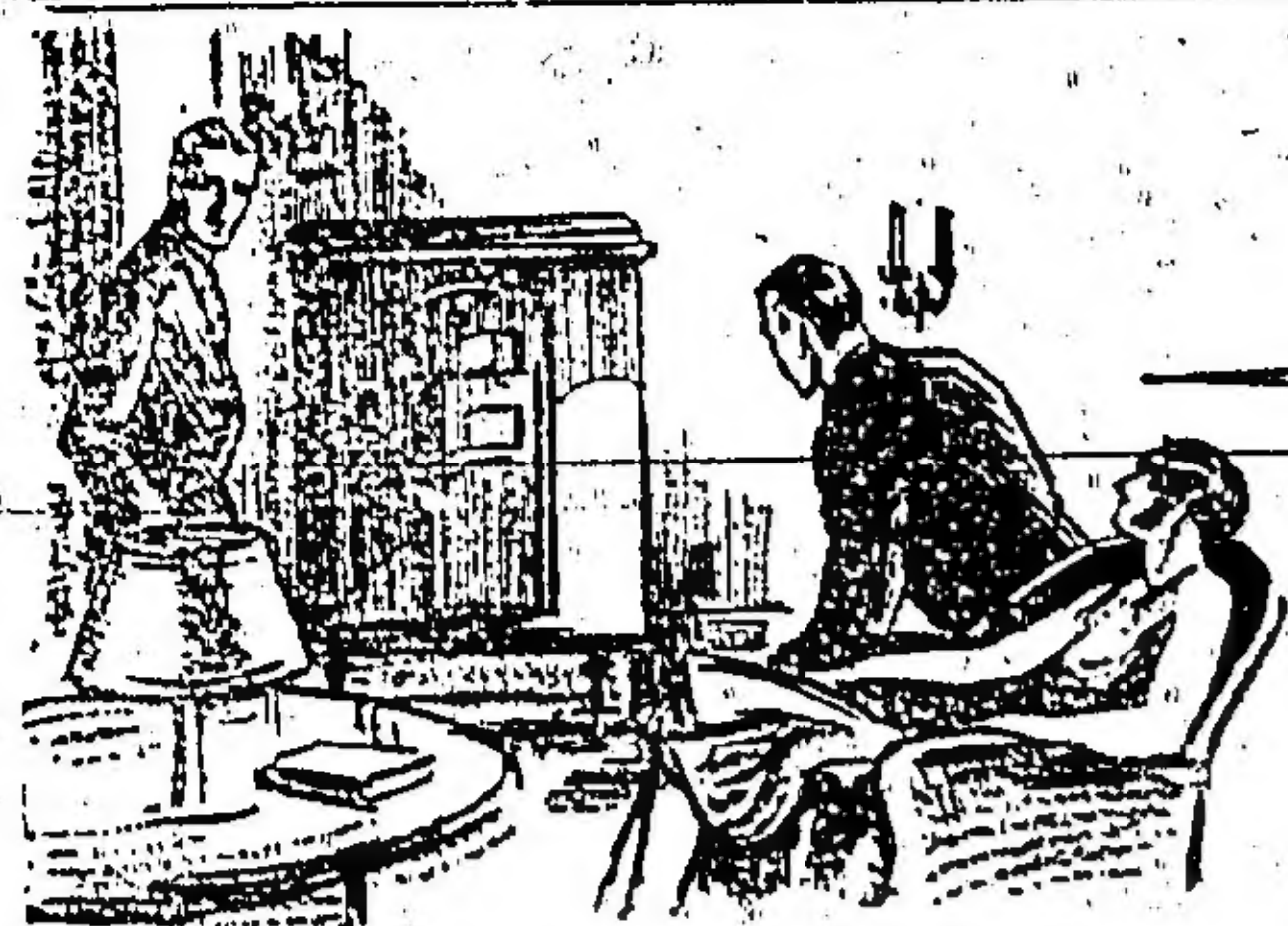
(July 28.)

Majestic Theatre: "The First
Kiss."

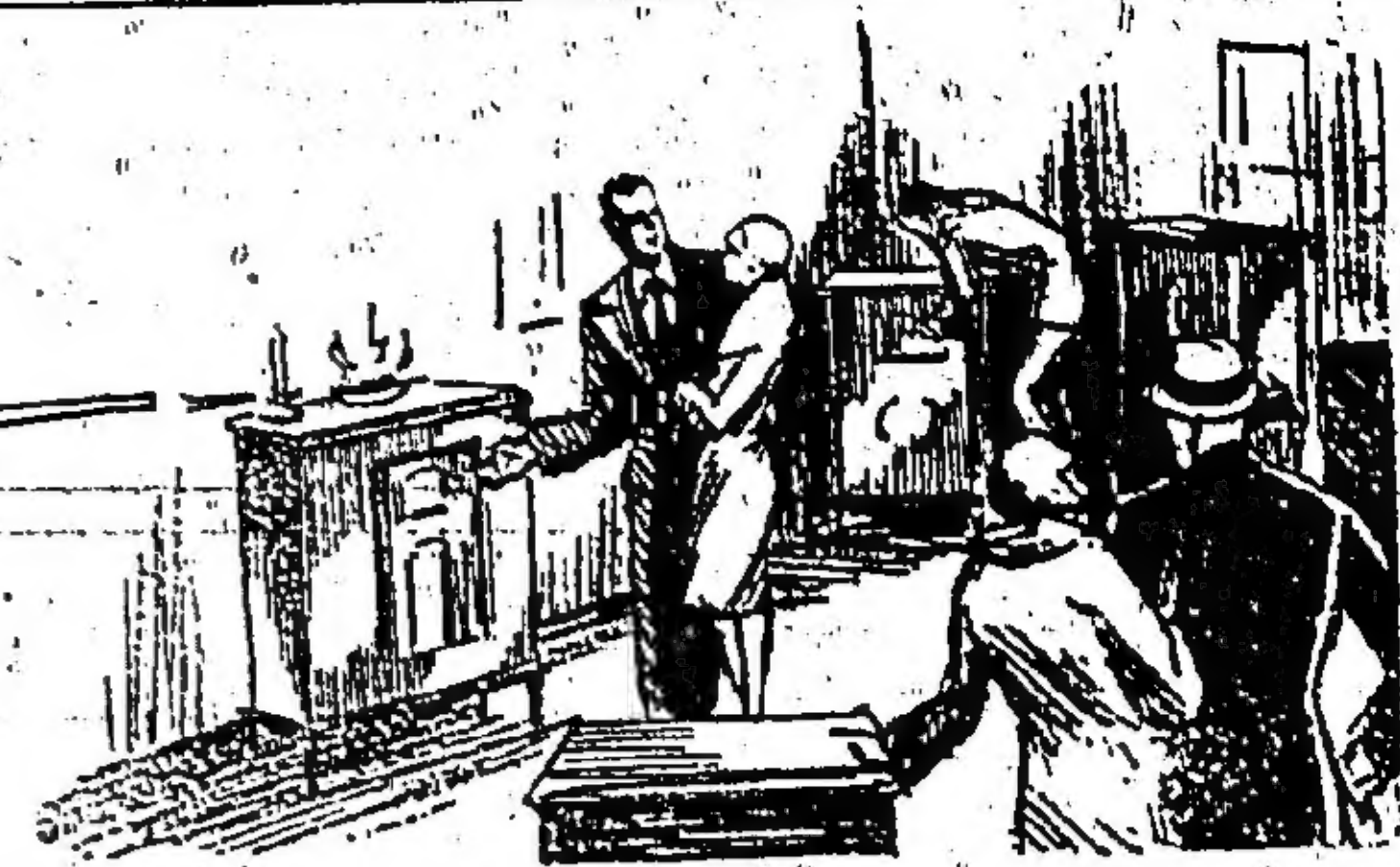
Dinner Dance: Hong Kong
Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

Water Polo: 1st Div. Somersets
v. Royal Artillery. 2nd Div.
Kowloon v. Fulkien Club.

Tides: High, 10.51 a.m.; Low,
4.10 a.m. and 6 p.m.



READER FEATURES



THE PORTABLE RECEIVER.

LOCAL POSSIBILITIES OF THE LATEST MODELS.

[By "COHERER"]

The power limitations of the local station have not, as yet, encouraged a very great measure of popularity for the portable radio receiver.

At home, the coming of the summer months always heralds further development in designs of this type, and the models for 1930, some of which are already on the local market, have reached such a high state of efficiency that even with Hong Kong's limited transmission power they should prove quite useful for reception of Z.B.W.

This Year's Models.

Primarily designed for the picnic, the portable is now developing a good deal of popularity as a home set, having the advantages of compactness and the surmounting of that greatest of all bug-bears to radio reception, the erection of an aerial and earth.

With this end in view, many manufacturers have designed their latest models to take power from the mains as an alternative to battery supply, and have also made provision for the connection of gramophone pick-up connections and terminals for an extra aerial for those who wish to increase the range of a frame aerial.

Advantage of New Valves.

The extensive development of the valve performance has been the main factor in bringing the portable from a thing to be despised amongst the enthusiastic ether-searchers to an instrument holding its own with more elaborate installations while still retaining its claim to convenience of operation.

The non-spillable accumulator, the increased volume now obtainable from cone loud-speakers, and the lower voltage required for the latest valves have also largely added to the portable's practicability.

Set for Local Reception.

The advantages of this type of receiver to local listeners need not be dwelt upon, and whether it is used out of doors or as a home set, a portable capable of producing adequate volume from the local station should find a ready market.

The essential features of a set answering this purpose, taking into consideration local conditions and allowing for a range of twenty miles without an additional aerial, are as follows. Valves:—Two stages of high-frequency amplification (Screen Grid) followed by a leaky grid-detector and two stages of low frequency amplification, transformer coupled.

Batteries (where mains are not available):—Two volt non-spillable accumulator and 130 volt dry battery.

Aerial:—75 feet of 20 gauge D.C.C. wire wound round the frame of the cabinet.

Loud Speaker:—Direct coupling to a good make of cone unit driving a nine-inch cone.

Tuning:—One condenser dial and reaction control.

Provision for connecting a pick-up, screening of high-frequency stages and a turn-table for revolving the instrument until the aerial is in a position to receive the strongest signals are also factors to be taken into consideration.

Local Tests.

A set built on these lines (home constructed) was tried out in the open at Repulse Bay recently with excellent results, volume being sufficient for intelligible reception of speech at forty feet or more. The same set, when tried at a little more than twenty miles from the transmitting station, gave fairly good loud-speaker results, under similar conditions, but with an extra aerial of a few feet of wire at about eight feet from the ground the volume was greatly increased. It should be borne in mind that this increasing of the aerial length of a portable is apt to "broaden" tuning, but when only the local station is required such lack of sensitivity is by no means a disadvantage. The employment of a pentode does not prove very successful in such a set. Used as the only stage of low-frequency following the detector, thus making a four-valve set, it does not give the same volume as two stages of ordinary low-frequency, while, when employed following a detector and a stage of low-frequency, it is apt to overload and cause distortion.

QUERY CORNER.

"SHORT WAVE."—Your set could be adapted for short waves by making one or two alterations. Your present coil-holder in the aerial circuit will have to be replaced by one of the two pin type, disconnecting point, on your present holder. It may also be necessary to place a small fixed condenser in series in the aerial circuit.

The size of coils for different wave lengths can only be determined by experiment, as they will depend to a slight extent on the value of your aerial.

A set of short wave coils can be obtained quite cheaply from many local dealers. Your circuit is at the office of the *Hong Kong Daily Press* if required.—COHERER.

SIGHT AND SOUND BY RADIO.

THE NEW EXPERIMENT BROADCASTS.

The new facilities granted by the B.B.C. to the Baird Television Company recently came into operation in London. During the past few months there have been daily experimental transmissions of vision on the single wave-length available, but the granting of a second wavelength, now made possible by the completion of Brookman's Park, permits the simultaneous broadcast of both vision and sound.

A small company, which included Lord Amthill, chairman of the Baird Company, Sir Ambrose Fleming, inventor of the thermionic valve, Mr. Noel Ashbridge, chief engineer of the B.B.C., and Major Gladstone Murray, of the B.B.C., was present for the first dual broadcast from the Baird Company's headquarters in Long Acre.

Screen Pictures.

One saw on a screen an image about three inches by two, and although it varied in steadiness, and definition there is no doubt that both represented an advance on the achievements of a few months ago. There was perfect synchronisation of voice and vision. The proceedings were no sooner ended than telephone messages of congratulation were received from Hendon, where a television set had been installed, and other outside sources.

One or two alterations have been made since the single-wave transmissions began. At that time the television receiving set and loud-speaker were enclosed in the same cabinet, now they are all separated, the television being in a neat gilt-lined cabinet. I was informed that a television similar to the one used is now on the market at 25 guineas.

Home-Made Televisors.

It is made by the Baird Company, although the original intention was to leave this branch of the business to outside manufacturers. In addition to the television one needs, of course, a receiving set, which is very similar to those in "everyday use, slight alterations only being necessary, and a loud-speaker. In a short time it is intended to supply parts from which amateurs may construct their own televisors, though one imagines that technical skill will be needed.

For the recent first broadcast the speaker or singer, sat in front of a microphone and television transmitter. The voice was carried along one line, and the vision along another to the B.B.C. control-room at Savoy Hill. There both voice and vision were connected to Brookman's Park, whence they were radiated, being picked up at Long Acre.

Mr. Sydney A. Moseley, the announcer, made a few introductory remarks, and was followed by Lord Amthill and Sir A. Fleming, who briefly congratulated Mr. Baird on his achievement. Then came a contrast in the shape of popular songs by Miss Gracie Fields and Miss Annie Croft.

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 355 METRES.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Commercial News.
11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.—Chinese programme.

12.30 to 2 p.m.—European programme of Parlophone records selected and supplied by Messrs. The Canton Trading Association.

6 to 6.30 p.m.—Kiddies' Half Hour, entertained by Auntie Pat, Uncle Dick and Jeff.

6.30 to 8 p.m.—European programme of Parlophone records selected and supplied by Messrs. The Canton Trading Association.

Lohengrin, Emmy Botendorf, and Karin Brenzel (Duet).
Sweetheart Holiday—Fox Trot and All That I'm Asking is Sympathy—Waltz, Tampa Blue Artists.

La Source—Ballad Suite. The Victor Olof Salon Orchestra.
The Punch and Judy Show and You're in the Way, Raie Da Costa (Pianoforte).
Der Rosen Kavalier, Editor-Lor and Orchestra.

Steadfast and True—March, Parlophone Military Band.
The Parlophone Laughing Record No. 2 (The Singing Lesson).
Fortissimo, Parlophone Streich Orchestra.

Mickey Mouse—Fox Trot and and March of the Chocolate Soldiers—Fox Trot, Arthur Rosebery's Band.

Andalusische Serenade and Liebeständchen, Edith Lorand Orchestra.

Dance of the Raindrops—Fox Trot and Vamp of Baghdad—Fox Trot, Arthur Rosebery's Band.

Sprich Nicht Von Ewig Liebe and Unter Dem Lindentree, Emmy Botendorf (Soprano).
Wie Siehst Du Aus and Parfum, Saxophon-Orchestra Debur.

Der Liebeswalzer, Emmy Botendorf (Soprano).
8 p.m.—Chinese programme.
9 p.m.—Weather report.
9.10 p.m.—Chinese programme continued.
10.30 p.m.—Close down.

SOME USEFUL HINTS.

A dirty lead-in tends to spoil distant reception.

Valves of the high magnification type generally make good detectors in short wave sets.

Give your valves the proper grid bias, as failure to do this results in imperfect reception and causes a strain on the H.T. batteries.

L.F. Transformers and L.F. Chokes should not be placed close together, and the cores should be arranged at right angles to one another.

A common cause of "mysterious" faults is faulty contact, due to a defective or broken flex-lead.

Always switch the filaments off before altering your grid bias negative adjustment, especially if you are using a power valve.

Disconnecting the aerial wire from the set, to see whether this has any effect upon interfering noises, is a good rough-and-ready test when it is uncertain whether the interference is atmospheric or due to trouble in the set.

Flat tuning is sometimes due to a leak across a panel, condenser-plate, or similar insulating surface.

Do not forget that an earthing switch or a lightning arrester should be protected from the weather, when possible, and should receive an occasional overhaul.

T. C. C. FIXED CONDENSERS

FOR

Accuracy.
Dependability
and
Long Service

THE WORLD-FAMED
RADIO COMPONENTS
IN GREEN CASES

OBTAINABLE AT

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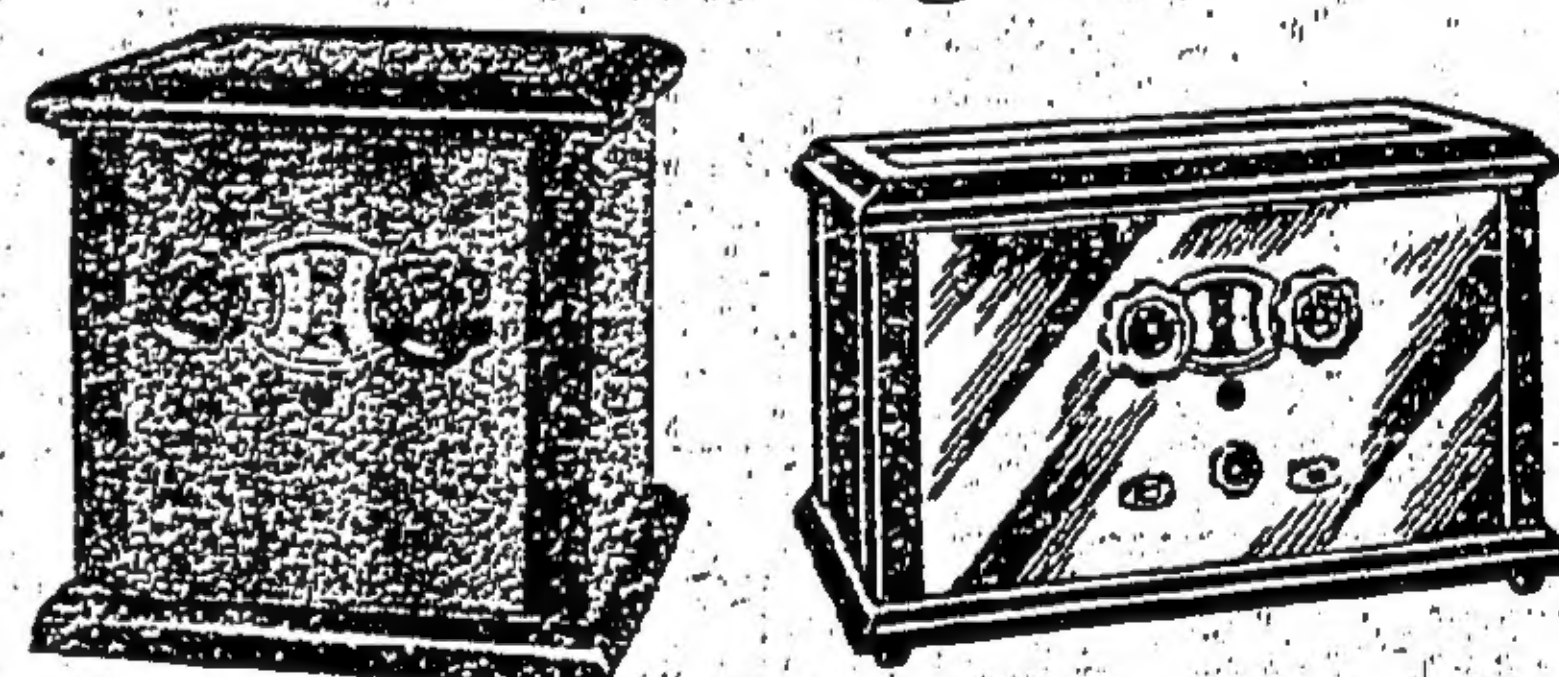
BUY BRITISH & BE PROUD

We have just unpacked a Shipment of
ALUMINIUM BASE-BOARD & PANELS.
Suitable for Short Wave Receivers and other sets
that require Screening

OTHER RADIO & WIRELESS PARTS
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A RADIO with Living Tone



THE
LOEWE FE 63
9 tube set

A new shipment, just arrived, is one of the most sensitive instruments for long distance and reception with six stages of high frequency.

This set is fitted with new Barium tubes and requires a Frame Aerial only. Can also be used with LOEWE short wave attachment.

Just arrived—New Shipment of

LOEWE R533 A.C. SETS.

\$125 without Loud Speaker. \$150 with Loud Speaker.

Demonstration Hours:—

11—11.30 a.m. 12.30—1.30 p.m.
5—5.30 p.m.

During demonstration hours expert European advice is given on all Wireless matters.

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EVERYTHING **G.E.C.** ELECTRICAL

"TENACIOUS COATING"
KEEPS YOUR SET
AT "PEAK"
PERFORMANCE

It's not
the filament
but the coating
on it that
counts

MADE IN
ENGLAND
Sold by all
Wireless Dealers.

Osram
Valves
with the
"TENACIOUS COATING"

WRITE for "OSRAM-WIRELESS GUIDE" (1929 Edition) Sent Post Free.

HAVE YOU HEARD THESE?

Here are lists of long-wave and short-wave stations which should be picked up by anyone in Hong Kong who has a moderately good set suitable for receiving such signals. Success in picking up these stations also depends very largely upon favourable atmospheric conditions. Readers are invited to add to this list should they succeed in picking up any station not included in either of these lists.

LONG-WAVE STATIONS.

Wave length (Meters)	Station	Call Sign	Kilo-cycles
200	Manila	K.Z.B.	1,153
277	Shanghai	K.S.M.S.	1,085
280	Tientsin	C.R.C.	1,070
310	Shanghai	K.R.C.	957
320	Peking	C.O.P.K.	945
345	Tokyo	J.O.A.K.	870
353	Hiroshima	J.O.F.K.	850
355	Hong Kong	Z.B.W.	846
357	Bombay	V.U.B.	840
361	Sapporo	J.O.I.K.	830
368	Keijo	J.O.D.K.	820
370	Nagoya	J.O.C.K.	810
370.4	Calcutta	V.U.O.	809.9
380	Kumamoto	J.O.G.K.	790
390	Sendai	J.O.H.K.	770
395	Dairen	J.D.A.K.	760
398	Rangoon	V.U.R.	754
400	Osaka	J.O.B.K.	750
410	Canton	C.M.B.	723
415	Manila	K.Z.R.M.	728

SHORT-WAVE STATIONS.

WAVE LENGTH (Meters)	STATION	CALL SIGN	Kilo Cycles	TIME (HOURS) OF WORKING.
67.65	Dobnitz (Germany)	A.F.K.	4,434	Mon., Wed. & Fri., 6 p.m. & 2 a.m.
60.12	Khabarovsk (Russia)	B.A.97.	4,900	6—10 p.m.
58.7	Nauen	A.G.J.	5,201	Not regular
50.	Moscow	B.F.N.	5,000	Tues., Thurs., Sat., 8 p.m.
45.5	Bome	L.M.A.	6,806	Sunday midnight
42.	Perth	G.A.G.	7,142	Daily 9.30 p.m. & 11 p.m.
41.3	Singapore	V.S.I.A.B.	7,310	Not regular
38.8	Kootwijk (Holland)	P.C.L.	7,780	Daily 11 p.m.
37.	Bangkok (Siam)	H.S.A.P.J.	8,108	Tues. & Fri., 9 p.m.—2 a.m.
32.5	Sydney	S.B.L.	9,280	Not regular
31.65	Melbourne	S.L.O.	9,603	Not regular
31.48	Schenectady	W.S.K.A.F.	9,680	Daily 10 p.m.
31.20	Eindeoven (Holland)	P.C.L.	9,630	Fri. 3 a.m., Sat. 3 a.m. & 10 a.m.
31.28	Sydney	2.F.C.	9,680	Not regular
31.	Nairobi (Kenya)	7.L.O.	9,677	Midnight daily
28.5	Sydney	2.M.E.	10,628	Not regular
27.8	Bandong	P.L.B.	11,020	Midnight—3 a.m. daily
25.53	Chelmsford (England)	G.S.W.	11,761	7.30 a.m. & 8 a.m. daily, except Saturday and Sunday
24.5	Manila	K.Z.B.	12,200	Midnight
23.25	Schenectady	W.S.K.O.	13,310	6 a.m.—7 p.m. daily, except Saturday and Sunday
18.68	Bandong	P.L.G.	16,102	Daily 6.30 p.m. to midnight
18.4	Kootwijk (Holland)	P.C.L.	16,204	Daily 7 p.m.
17.4	Bandong	P.L.F.	17,280	Daily 8 p.m. to midnight
16.9	Bangkok	H.S.I.P.J.	17,751	Sundays 7 p.m. & midnight
16.88	Ruizen (Holland)	P.H.L.	17,680	Daily 10 p.m.
16.3	Kootwijk (Holland)	P.C.L.	18,404	Each afternoon
16.74	Bandong	P.L.E.	19,220	Daily 5.30—7 p.m.
15.5	Nancy (France)	—	19,331	Daily 8 a.m.
15.83	Pittsburg	W.S.K.E.	21,540	Not regular

HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

"Which side of the house does he look like?"
"The side with the bay window!"

"Whatever made you applaud so vigorously at that poor play last night?"
"To keep myself awake!"

"You society people chase all over town looking for pleasure, and yet you're always bored."
"Yes, we run hither and yawn."

"What happy people you are to have six nice daughters! What resources for later years!"
"Yes. Resources enough! But the difficulty nowadays consists in husbanding one's resources!"

"Going my way?"

"Yeh."

"Kin I ride with you to my home?"

"How far away is your home?"

"Eight blocks."

"I'm parked farther than that."

Father: "Did you feel that apple before eating it, as I told you?"

Jimmy: "Yes, Dad."

Father: "What did you do with the peel?"

Jimmy: "I ate it after I had finished the apple."

The schoolmaster was explaining to his class of small boys the nature of common fractions. "I take a potato, cut it in half, then in quarters, and then in halves again, what shall I have?"

"Chips, sir," was the unexpected response from one small boy.

Cabby (on being told to go to the Courts of Justice): "And where do they go?"

Judge: "What! A London cabby, and you don't know where the Law Courts are?"

Cabby: "Oh, the Law Courts. But you said the Courts of Justice!"

"Well, dearest, what did your father say when he found that I wanted to marry you?"

"At first he demurred because he didn't want to lose me, but I explained that he could have me, and that he would have you, to boot."

"That sounds all right, except for the 'to boot' part."

Grocer: "Would you like some nice fresh horse-radish?"
Mrs. New-Wed: "Well, no, I believe not. You see, we have a car."

"Why not take me to a Greenwich Village cafe, Fred? You're not bashful, are you?"
Fred: "Not bashful, no—but terribly, terribly shy."

Mirandy: "My, sakes! John writes he threw the hammer 200 feet!"
Joshua: "Wal, he must 've hit his thumb an awful whack."

Husband: "From the glimpse I had of her this morning, I rather like our new cook. There seems to be plenty of go about her."
Wife: "Yes, she's gone."

Mistress: "Do you think you will settle down here? You've left so many situations."

Maid: "Yes, m'm. But remember, I didn't leave any of them voluntarily."

They were settling a number of preliminary details, as young people will before they take the decisive step.

"Do you believe in allowances for married women?" she asked.

"Certainly," he replied. "I think a husband should make allowances for a lot of things."

A country boy on a visit to New York had stepped into an exclusive restaurant for supper. The menu was in French, so putting it down he asked if it would be possible to get some hash.

The waiter assured him that it was served, so the boy requested "an extra large order."

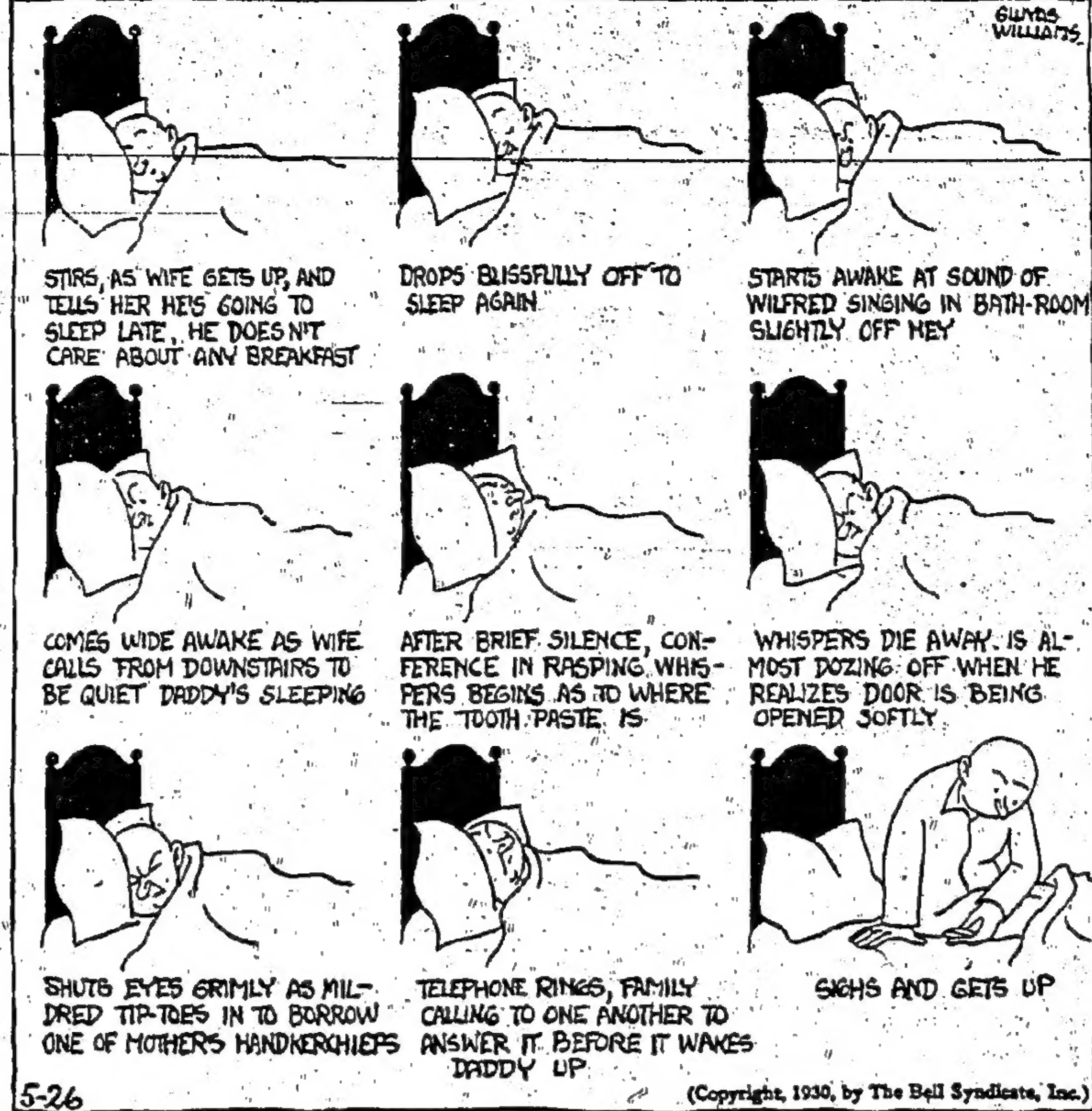
The waiter finally reappeared with the order, which was about as much as they serve as a "first helping" in Indiana, and left a bill for \$1.20. Picking up the bill the lad was startled at the price, but it was so obviously a mistake that he smilingly beckoned the waiter over to his table and mentioned that perhaps some mistake had been made.

"No," he replied: "you asked for an extra large order" and the price is \$1.20."

The boy was thunderstruck. Looking at the waiter very intently, he said: "Why, mister, you couldn't afford \$1.20 worth of hash!"

THE FAMILY ALBUM—SUNDAY MORNING SNOOZE

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



ENGLAND'S "WILD BEASTS."

NO FEAR OF THE ROPE.

BUT THEY MUST BE HANGED.

Sir Archibald Bodkin, Director of Public Prosecutions from 1920 to March last, giving evidence before the Select Committee at the House of Commons on the Capital Punishment Bill, said:—

"My opinion is most undoubtedly that capital punishment should be retained, not only as a suitable punishment for the offence, but as an important deterrent against the commission of that most heinous crime of murder."

"I have no doubt that in this community of ours there are a number of potential murderers—persons who harbour murder in their minds, and I believe they are deterred from carrying out those designs by the thought of capital punishment."

"There are also persons who don't care and are not deterred either by hanging or life sentence, because they are so deliberately wicked and malicious."

"Those enemies of society—the wild beasts of society—if they can gain their immediate end of murdering without too much risk of immediate discovery will commit those crimes."

"There is case after case of murders committed for base motives, and for those murders there can be no other punishment than hanging."

"Piffle."

Mr. Lovat Fraser (Lab., Lichfield): You call murderers the wild beasts of society. There are other people who say these criminals are not wild beasts—that they are sick people."

Sir Archibald: Oh! Absurd—piffle.

He dissented from a suggestion by Dr. Eshel Bentham (Lab., Islington E.) that juries were loath to convict in murder cases.

"I think British juries are very courageous. If the evidence does not come up to the very high standard of proof they rightly demand they acquit, but I don't think acquittal is due to being afraid of what the result of their verdict may be."

"Take the Bywaters-Thompson case; there was no recommendation for mercy there. If over there was a case which might appeal to all the feelings of the jury and induce them to take a sentimental view it was that case."

No ill-feeling.

While questioning Sir Archibald, Mr. W. Ayles (Labour, Bristol, N.) revealed dramatically that the last time he met Sir Archibald was when Sir Archibald was prosecuting him as a conscientious objector.

(Continued on next column.)

LOCAL RADIO.

ATTRACTIVE STUDIO PROGRAMMES.

An attractive programme arranged to be broadcast from the Hong Kong Radio Station to-morrow evening includes yet another new-comer to the local studio.

Mr. A. J. Brook, previously only heard over the radio by those who listened to the broadcast of the "Geisha" relayed from the Theatre Royal last December, will be heard by local listeners to-morrow evening in a pleasing group of baritone numbers.

Mrs. O. C. Womack who has already proved highly successful as a microphone artist will contribute to the same programme in soprano solos, and Mrs. D. Cairns, contralto, one of the first of the studio's successes, is also billed for the same date.

Violin solos and a string trio provided by the Misses C. and J. and Mr. J. Braga will complete the programme.

Saturday's mid-day programme will include another of the popular organ recitals by Mr. F. Mason, A.R.C.O., L.T.C.L., and the church service for Sunday morning will be relayed from the St. Joseph's Church commencing at 10 a.m.

On Monday evening the studio players will present a comedy sketch at the studio, entitled "Coming Events." Further details of this play will be published on Monday.

Mr. Ayles had been asking Sir Archibald about impulsive crimes such as when a husband murdered his wife's lover.

Sir Archibald said that when he found his wife in the arms of a lover the husband possibly had no other thought than that of revenge.

Mr. Ayles: The same kind of feeling which I might have had towards you when we last met. On that occasion you submitted me to more questions than I have submitted to you now. They gave me 61 days as a result.

Sir Archibald: I hope there was no ill-feeling.

Mr. Ayles: No, Sir Archibald, I think you did perfectly right.

Mr. Ayles had another dramatic meeting with a previous witness—Captain Clayton, Governor of Dartmoor Prison.

"As it happened," Mr. Ayles said to Captain Clayton, "we have been in the same prison. I was in the cells and you in the office."

Glad They Were Unarmed.

Captain Clayton said that many criminals had told him of their relief at the fact that they were not hanged when surprised during the commission of a crime. They would have been tempted to shoot their way to freedom. He had never known a murderer go to the scaffold protesting his innocence. In his experience the majority confessed.

THE TARIFF WAR.

CANADIAN CONSERVATIVES SUPPORT HIGH TARIFF.

[UNITED PRESS.]

Montreal, July 16.—Canadian Conservatives are espousing the idea of a high tariff in order to combat the new United States tariff, and they are hoping for an election on this issue on July 28.

Mr. R. B. Bennett, Conservative leader, contends that the tariff will also assist Canadian industries to establish themselves firmer against the larger industries of such countries as the United States.

The Conservatives are also attacking the labour policy of the Premier, Mr. Mackenzie King, and it is Mr. Bennett's contention that 5,000 Canadians went to the United States since the New Year on account of unemployment. Of this number, Mr. Bennett declares that only 875 returned to their native country.

In a recent speech, Mr. Bennett compared Canada and Hawaii. The latter was originally an independent monarchy, but America continued to increase the sugar tariff until a Hawaiian delegation was compelled to proceed to Washington to make terms with the result that Hawaii was annexed to the United States.

Mr. Bennett declared that should the present situation continue, it is impossible to predict the future of Canada.

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 12 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by the coupon appearing below, bearing the writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of the Editor, "Hong Kong Daily Press."

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JETTA GOUDAL
LUPE VELEZ

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STAR

TO-DAY TO SATURDAY

At 5.30 & 9.20.



AT THE

WORLD

THURSDAY to SATURDAY

At 2.30 & 7.15—Interpreter
At 5.15 & 9.20—Orchestra

REBUKING THE PESSIMISTS.

THE TRUTH ABOUT BRITAIN.

Mr. J. Maynard Keynes, the economist, gave a cheering account of the economic future of Great Britain when he spoke at the dinner given by the National Council of Women of Great Britain to delegates from the International Council of Women now visiting London.

"There is nothing further from the truth than the story of ruin, decay and failure that has been told," he said. "That is in no way a true economic picture of the situation in this country. The true dimension of our troubles equals five per cent. of national income, that is to say, 10s. is being put to its proper use and waste represents 1s."

"When people talk of the prosperity of France, remember that we are supporting a standard of living nearly double that of France. We are far and away the richest country in Europe. Nor are we even with the means at our disposal, by any means at the end of economic progress."

"We are now four times as rich in an economic sense as we were 100 years ago and I predict, with the same means, we will be eight times as rich 100 years hence."

"In spite of the war and all its losses, we are carrying out one of the greatest social experiments in the equalisation of wealth and the abolition of the worst kinds of poverty. The well-to-do classes are a little poorer, but the great bulk of the population is better off."

"My invitation to the international visitors here to-night is to look round this country with eyes informed by the points of view I have been elaborating. We are a country of immense wealth, and public spirit, moving towards equality."

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POSTAGE STAMPS.

WEEKLY NOTES FOR
COLLECTORS.

**HONG KONG POSTMASTER'S
HATRED OF PHILATELISTS.**

[By "W.S."]

The year 1873 has nothing to offer us in the way of stamps, but the duty devolves on me now to introduce Mr. A. Lister as Postmaster-General. Mr. Mitchell having retired in April, 1873, Mr. Lister was appointed to the post vacated.

Whether Mr. Lister had craved the position of Postmaster-General is not known, but if conclusions may be drawn from his annual reports, one must assume that he had. Judging from his reports, he appears to have been possessed of an intense belief in the maxim, "If you have a good job and wish to keep it, grumble about it."

A Consistent Grumbler.

He grumbled about everything and everything, with possibly one exception—the Post Office Department which, under his control, was beyond reproach. He expressed his opinions regarding the public of Hong Kong very forcibly. The mail-packets, the agencies, the shipping companies, the postage-rates, and many other things were all wrong; but the worst of all were those wretched stamp-collectors! The number of sleepless nights endured over these terrible persons cannot be definitely stated, but they must have been many.

Stamp-Collectors a Nuisance.

Mr. Lister had no time for collectors, and was not even disposed to look upon them as an evil which might be tolerated in the interests of revenue. He preferred to gaze on them with scorn, not even pity, as being subjects void of intellect. In his annual report for 1876 he states:—"It is hoped, however, that sending letters round the world may not become a popular pastime, or it will constitute as serious a nuisance as the incessant demands of postage-stamp collectors. The senders seem to forget that greenbacks, or the stamps of their own country, are not available everywhere, and that the trouble they give leads to no practical result of any kind."

This is not too bad, as he confines his remarks to the offenders, but in his report for 1880 he makes a very poor attempt to ridicule collectors generally by resorting to cynicism. "It is difficult to make the votaries of the great science of Philately understand that post-offices exist for any other purposes than to supply them with every conceivable variety and shade of postage-stamp. The object of a postal administration, on the other hand, naturally is to get rid of all odds and ends, temporary or obsolete issues, and such like, as quickly as possible."

Early Surcharges.

In 1876, a change in the postage-rate to England by British packets necessitated stamps of 28-cent value, and to meet this requirement, the 30-cent stamps were surcharged 28-cents, but as it was anticipated that another change would soon be made, it was considered inadvisable to requisition stamps of this value from England. Such change was effected in the following year, with the result that the provisional stamps were in very small demand and the stock soon ran out.

In 1877 another provisional value was required, due to a change in postage-rate, and the 18-cent value was chosen since they were in least demand. These stamps were surcharged 16-cents in thick-heavy type, and as it was considered the demand for this value would be great, regular stamps of this value were requisitioned from London.

Hong Kong Enters Postal Union.

It was on April 1 of this year that Hong Kong entered the General Postal Union, and it is interesting to know something of the advantages gained under the Treaty of Bern. Mr. Lister writes:—"The Treaty may be said to be this: that whereas before that Treaty the transmission of correspondence was practically subordinated to the keeping of accounts, the keeping of accounts is now subordinated to the transmission. The Hong Kong Post Office Department, for example, would not have ventured to send the Postmaster of San Francisco a single letter for Canada, without first enquiring whether he could arrange to receive and forward it."

The Office of the United States would probably have replied (as would any other Office):—"How do you propose to bring such correspondence to account?" and the absence of any special arrangement for the purpose, or the fact that the few, but possibly important, letters to be forwarded were not numerous enough to justify a complicated and perhaps expensive system of accounts, was everywhere regarded as a conclusive reason why letters should not be sent. Now, however, every Union Office is bound to forward as a matter of course all Union correspondence received by it, whether in closed mails or a *dérouvert*, by the best route open, leaving questions of account for subsequent consideration. In other words, the principle of service has become, transmission first; question as to payment, afterwards. Amongst other advantages gained by the public as a result of the said Treaty, are a general and very considerable reduction of postage and an extension of hours for posting."

The plates for the postage-stamps of the Portuguese Nyassa Company, 1921 issue, have been defaced. It is certified by the printers, Messrs. Waterlow & Sons, Ltd., that no stamps have been printed from the above plates since July, 1927. The values of the series number twenty, ranging from 1 cent to 5 escudos. This is good news to general collectors, as it indicates the impossibility of reprints being made and stabilises the value of the supplies on the market.

Russia again appears on the scene with a commemorative issue of four values. This time it is to commemorate the tenth anniversary of the formation of the Red Army. The designs show Red Cavalry in action, each denomination depicting a different incident.

A new rotary press, of German manufacture, has been installed in the works of the Government Printer at Pretoria, and the first stamp to be printed on the new machine is the 1d. value, Ship type, as before. The stamp is a great improvement on its predecessor, from which it is easily distinguishable by the shading of the sky. This is now quite light, with the result that the ship stands out much more clearly. It is printed on white wove paper, watermarked Head of Springbok (Multiple), and perforated 14 by 14. South-West Africa has the old 1d. stamp, overprinted "S.W.A." at the top of the stamp in black, only this stamp is printed from the flat plate and is surface-printed. The new stamp above described for South Africa is also in use, but the overprint of "S.W.A." is at the foot of the stamp.

A varied programme of business and pleasure was arranged for the delegates to the seventeenth Philatelic Congress of Great Britain held at Torquay last month. The chairman was Mrs. D. Field, who is president of the local society, and known throughout England for her knowledge of philately.

The Mayor of Torquay (Mr. E. H. Sermon) officially welcomed the delegates at the first business session.

Problems of stamp collecting, post-marking, dealing, and electrotyping formed subjects of discussion at the business sessions.

INQUEST QUASHED.

CONSTABLE IN THE JURY ROOM.

An inquest conducted by Mr. Thomas Ottaway, the St. Alban's coroner, on a motor mechanic named Barrie Reginald Perrin at Welham Green, Herts, last April, was quashed by a King's Bench Divisional Court last month.

The motion was made on behalf of Mr. Douglas Allen Bowie, of Victoria Road, Kilburn, who is awaiting trial at Herts Assizes on a charge of manslaughter.

Mr. H. J. Wallington said Bowie was testing a high-powered motor-car on the Barnet by-pass road, with Perrin as mechanic. The jury found Bowie guilty of gross negligence that amounted to manslaughter.

The objections taken to the inquest were that a policeman who had given evidence stayed with the jury in their private room while they were considering their verdict, that the coroner misdirected the jury and that he read to the jury a letter from the dead man's father that was of an inflammatory nature and was calculated to prejudice their minds.

Mr. Paley Scott (for Mr. Ottaway) said that although the policeman was not allowed in the jury's room he said nothing to them. Mr. Justice Avory said while the grounds regarding misdirection and the reading of the dead man's father's letter were not sufficient to render the inquest void, the presence of the policeman in the jury's room while they considered their verdict invalidated the inquest.

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LONDON.**

**YOUTH WHO WANTED TO
"SEE LIFE."**

A strange story of an escapee
by three youths—one from the pro-
vinces who was said to have "want-
ed to see a bit of life"—was told
at Marylebone last month.

Albert Horton (20), son of a
Liverpool export and import trader,
Henry Jones (20), and Alfred Fox
(21), pleaded guilty to stealing a
motor-car value £100, the property
of Colin Edmondson, Belmont-
street, Huddersfield, and taking
from the Bay Hotel, Seaford, cigars
and cigarettes worth £23 8s. and a
motor-car, etc., value £218.

A detective said the prisoners had
told him they stole a car from
Ternyn-street and drove to Seaford,
having received information before-
how they could break into an hotel
there.

Fox got over the garage wall,
through a window and admitted
the others. They broke automatic
machines open and left Seaford in
another car which was in the garage.
All the property had been recovered.

Counsel for Horton said the youth
came to London with his father to
see the big fight at Olympia, and
then said he would like to stop in
London and "see a bit of life."
The father told him he could can-
vass for orders, but he did not do
so, and was led astray.

(Continued of foot of next column.) faint.

**"MAN WITH GREEN HAT"
SENTENCED.**

**FOUND ON SENATE STEPS IN
POSSESSION OF LIQUOR.**

Washington, July 15.—George
Cassidy, the "man with the green
hat," who was arrested last Octo-
ber 31 on the steps of the Senate
building, where he was allegedly
disposing of illegal liquor, was con-
victed in federal court here to-day
of possession and transportation of
liquor.

Sentence will be pronounced next
Monday.

The case achieved wide notoriety
because of the fact that charges had
previously been made of open sale
of liquor to members of the House
and Senate. When the arrest was
made, it was construed as substan-
tiation of these charges.

He told him (counsel) he went to
Seaford for the excitement of the
run. He did not know house-break-
ing was intended and he meant to
ship away during the evening. He
found the speed-ster, and then
thought it was well to have a
real adventure and go on with it.

Jones headed, he thought he
might be able to help his mother.
"I don't want to be a criminal," he
said.

Mr. Dunn remanded the youths,
but intimated they would be sent
to prison. On hearing this Jones

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MAN OF THOUSAND SECRETS.

MR. THOMAS JONES AND
FOUR PREMIERS.

In a book-lined room, overlooking the tree tops of Belsize Park, N.W. (writes a London correspondent), I talked with the Mystery Man of Whitehall—the man of a thousand secrets.

To the public his names—it is Mr. Thomas Jones—is unknown, yet, as Deputy Secretary to the Cabinet and Secretary of the Economic Advisory Council, he has for the past 14 years wielded a tremendous power behind the scenes of Government.

As the guide, philosopher and friend of four successive Prime Ministers his has been the hidden hand behind scores of Cabinet decisions. His influence, it is whispered, put the Seven Hours Act on the Statute Book and went a long way to secure the Irish Settlement.

And now that he is about to retire upon reaching his 60th birthday, Mr. Jones wishes to pack all his secrets into his portfolio and maintain his silence.

The Man of Mystery shuddered when he saw me, for he has never before been interviewed.

Then, looked round to see that we were unobserved, he handed me a five-line typewritten statement announcing in formal terms his forthcoming retirement.

"But tell me something about Whitehall," I pleaded.

"Hush," he whispered. "I know everything but may say nothing."

He hesitated, and added: "I have been privileged to be the confidant of Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. Baldwin and Mr. MacDonald, but my lips must be sealed for ever. Had I talked I should have been sacked long ago—silence alone has saved me."

This little grey-haired man with the kindly eyes who knows so much of the secret history of Downing Street, smiled when I asked whether he would publish his reminiscences.

"I have already been approached by several publishers," he said, "but money will not buy what is not mine to sell."

"I may write all I know but it will never see the light of day while I or any of the people concerned are alive. If I write anything it will be a footnote for history which I shall leave probably to the Museum of Wales."

After taking a holiday in America, Mr. Jones will devote himself to his two hobbies—the fostering of adult education and the publication of beautiful books.

"You see, my education was cut short when I was 13," explained Mr. Jones. "Starting at a salary of 9s. a week, I worked for six years as time-keeper and clerk in the Rhymney Iron Works, and it was only by facilities for adult education that I made good."

"I want other working boys and men to have the same chance as I had. That is why I founded the Harleek Residential College in Wales, where miners, quarrymen and steelworkers study economic, literature and political science."

The tragedy of Mr. Thomas Jones's life was two years ago when his brilliant 12-year-old son, Elphin Lloyd Jones, was killed in a street accident.

To the boy's memory Mr. Jones's many friends in Whitehall raised a memorial fund to enable struggling students whose education has been interrupted to continue their studies, and the first scholarships have been awarded last month.

ALSATAIN DOG ATTACKS YOUNG LAD.

POKFULAM YOUNGSTER
BADLY BITTEN.

Master Jackie Odell, the son of Mr. Harry Odell, the local share broker was attacked by an Alsatian wolf bound while he was reading in the lawn of his parents' house situated on Lot 218, Pokfulam, on Tuesday evening.

It was stated that the boy was reading a book, when, without the slightest warning, the dog, which belongs to a neighbour, Mr. Mognaschi, sprang at him and bit him on the chest. He was immediately taken to a doctor who gave him precautionary treatment.

The dog has since been removed to Kennedy Town for observation.

As a temporary regulation the minimum height of the Coldstream and Grenadier Guards is shortly to be reduced by an inch. The present standard for these regiments is 5ft. 10in. The lowering of the height limit will only be enforced during the recruiting period of the Brigade of Guards. At present about 1,500 recruits are wanted and when they are obtained the height standard will be restored. The Welsh and Irish Guards will not be altered at present, but that of the Scots Guards will be lowered by half an inch.

MAGISTRATE'S PROBLEM SOLVED.

GIRL THIEF IN S.C.A.'S
CHARGE.

In spite of the grandmother's obstinacy in refusing to allow her grand-daughter to go to the Salvation Army Home, Mr. Whyte-Smith at Kowloon Magistracy yesterday committed the girl to charge of the Secretary for Chinese Affairs.

Mr. John Barrow, of the S.C.A., produced a written application, brought under Ordinance No. 11 of 1901 (Reformatory Schools), for the girl to be committed to the charge of the S.C.A. for the purpose of her being boarded out.

The girl was sentenced to six months' imprisonment, when she was convicted for theft on July 7, but the Magistrate offered her the alternative of entering the Salvation Army Home for the same period. On each of the several occasions that she was approached, the grandmother had refused to give permission for the girl to be admitted to the Home. His Worship yesterday cancelled the six months' sentence, and registered a caution instead.

The grandfather of the girl, who had been sentenced to two months' imprisonment for receiving property stolen by his grand-daughter, was in Court yesterday to give evidence regarding the girl's parents. He agreed to the girl being committed to the charge of the S.C.A., and suggested that she should be sent to a school till she was 16 or 18 years of age. When the girl reached that age, she was to be returned to him.

Stubborn to the end, the grandmother still withheld permission for her ward to be committed to the S.C.A. or to be sent to the Salvation Army Home. She submitted that she was now an old woman and required someone to serve her. The girl should go to prison for six months and on her discharge, she could return to the grandmother.

In over-ruling her objections, his Worship said that she was not thinking of the girl's best interests. He further warned her that if any relative of the girl was caught making any attempt to induce the girl to run away, or have the child in their company, they would each be liable to a fine of \$200, or two months' hard labour.

LAST NIGHT'S BAND RECITAL.

OPEN-AIR MUSIC AT
KOWLOON.

Though the sky was rather overcast at times last night, weather did not interfere again with the postponed band performance in the grounds of the Kowloon Football Club. There was a large attendance of visitors anxious for another opportunity of hearing the band of the 2nd Battalion of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, under the leadership of Mr. C. S. Beat, A.R.C.M. A very popular programme had been arranged, and every item was greatly appreciated.

The recital started half an hour late for some unknown reason but there was such a delightful cool breeze blowing across the ground that nobody minded the delay.

Special mention must be made of the very fine rendering of the Oberon Overture; there was a splendid volume of tone, well balanced phrasing and a sharp clean attack in the more vigorous passages which testified to the ability of both the conductor and the players.

The solos of Pipe Major Sinclair were encored both in the first and second parts of the programme, and the community singing—especially of "Daisy Bell"—was greatly enjoyed.

The full programme, which was broadcast from Z.B.W., was as follows:

- 1.—March: "The Contemptibles," Stanley.
- 2.—Overture: "Oberon," O. M. von Weber.
- 3.—Ent's-aote: "Sizilietta," Blon.
- 4.—Humoresque: "The Lightning Switch," Alford.
- 5.—Suite by Combined Pipes and Band: arr. C. S. Beat.
 - (a) Retreat March: "On the Banks of Allan Water."
 - (b) Folk Song: "Skye Boat Song."
 - (c) March: "The Barren Rocks of Aden."
 - (d) Marching Song: "Ho-Bo, my Nut-Brown Maiden." (Soloist: Pipe-Major R. Sinclair).
 - 6.—Medley: "Sullivan," arr. Dan Godfrey.
 - 7.—March: "Galaritter" from "Parsifal," Wagner.
 - 8.—Community Land, arr. C. S. Beat.
 - 9.—Moreau: "The Clock is Playing," Blaauw.
 - 10.—Scottish Air: By Combined Pipes and Band, arr. C. S. Beat. (Soloist: Pipe-Major R. Sinclair).
 - (a) March: "The Last of Richmond Hill."
 - (b) Lament: "Maiden of Morven," arr. Dan Godfrey.
 - (c) Musical Air: "Benachie," arr. Ord Hume.
 - 11.—Selection: "Squire's Popular Songs," arr. Ord Hume.
 - Hymn: "Abide with Me," Monk.
 - Regimental Slow March: "In the Garb of Old Gaul," God Save the King.

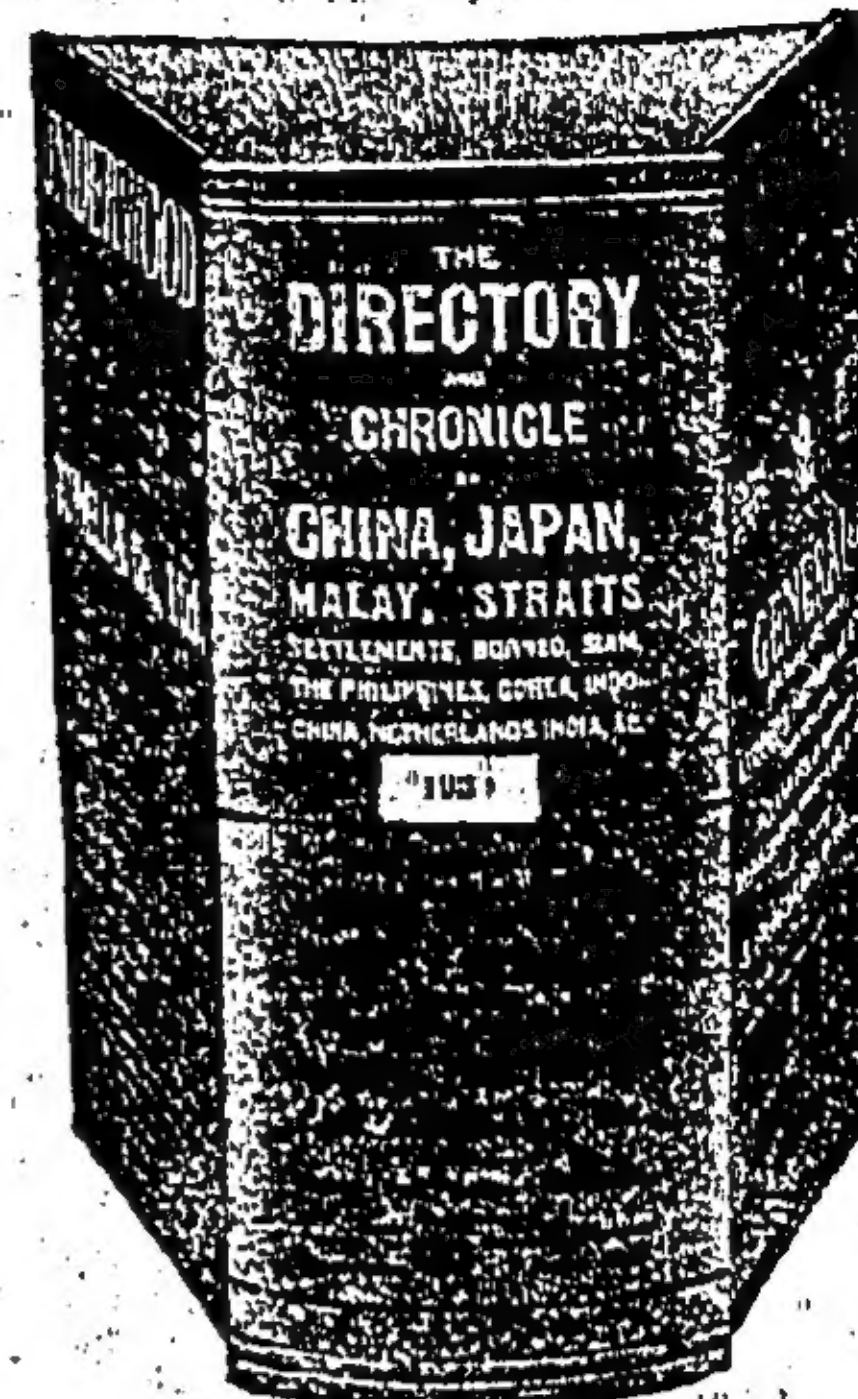
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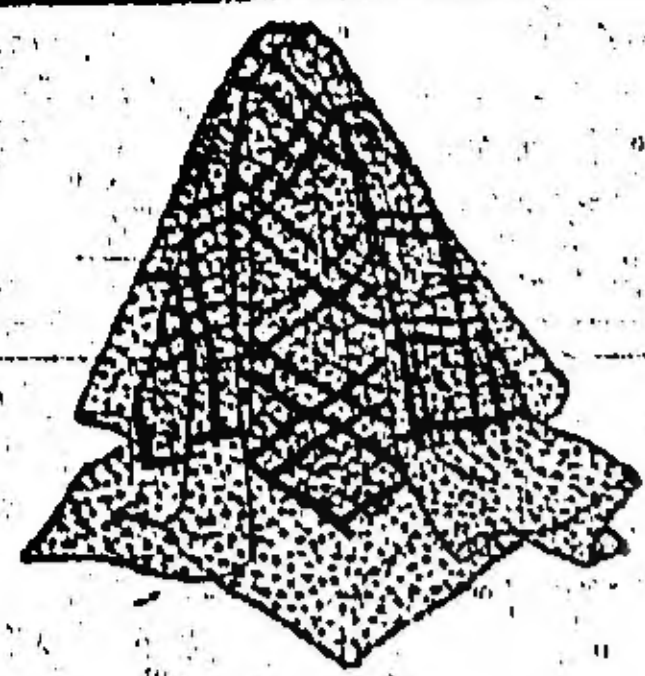
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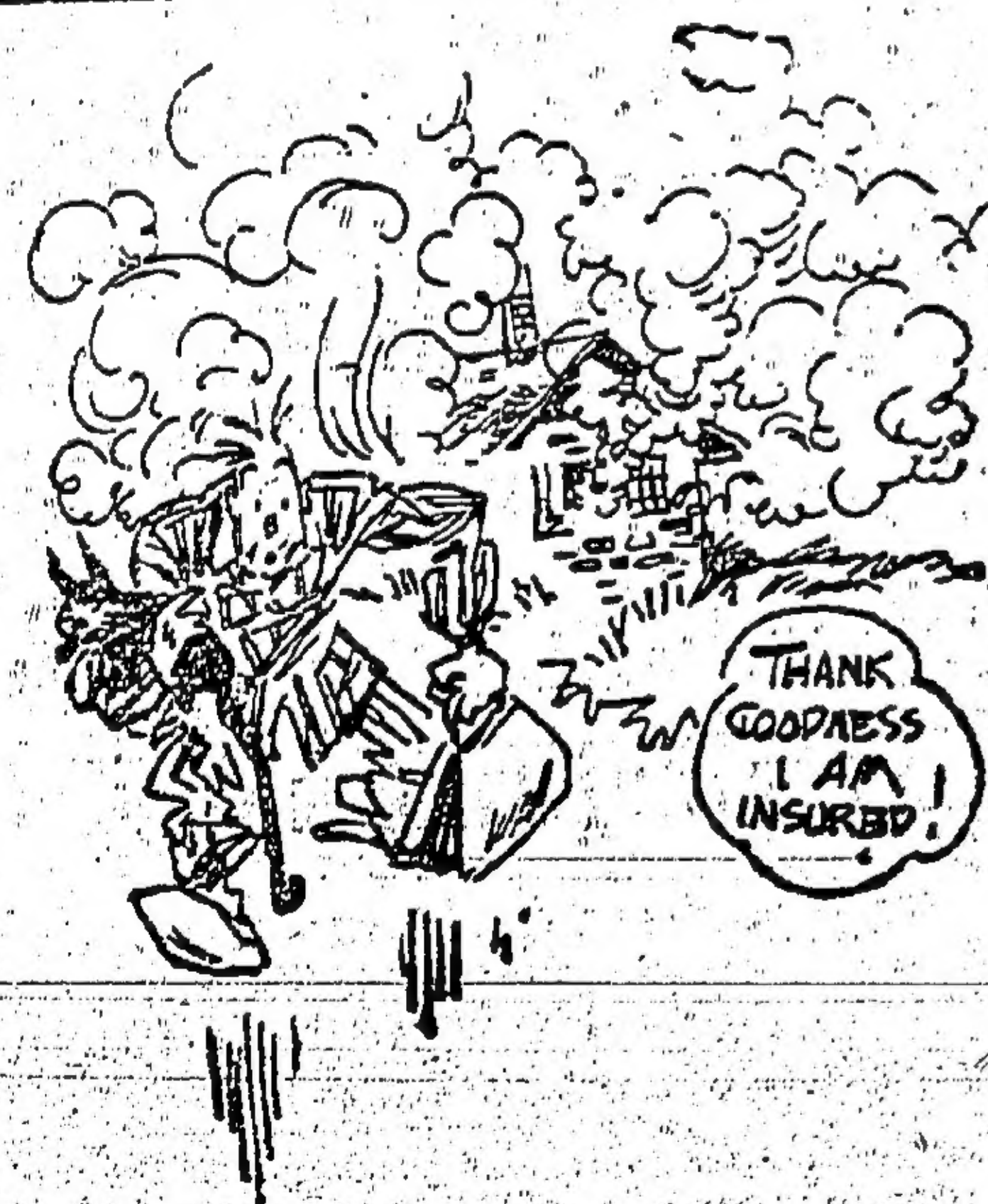
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NEW SHIPYARD FOR HONG KONG.

BIG CHINESE COMPANY FORMED.

MILLION DOLLARS CAPITAL.

After some preliminary work of organization, a new Chinese company, named the South China Motor-Shipbuilding & Repairing Works, Ltd., was formed a few months ago and registered in Hong Kong on June 12, as a private limited company with an authorised capital of H.K.\$250,000.

The object of this company was to establish a shipyard on one of the marine lots on the Peninsula. This project was, however, abandoned as a result of negotiations with the Hong Kong Government for the purchase of one of the last remaining valuable marine lots known as K.M.L. No. 90, with a total area of 252,000 square feet, situated at To Kwa Wan, Kowloon Bay, which for many years was occupied by the Kwong Tak Cheong Shipbuilding, Engineering and Dock Co., Ltd., whose yard until a few years ago built more than 120 ships. Another agreement has been signed with another firm to extend the shipyard on an adjoining ground with an area of 145,000 square feet, thus making the total area of 397,000 square feet in case of necessity in future.

The whole area, with a Crown lease of 75 years, with a further extension of 75 years, including marine rights, all buildings and fittings thereon, were acquired from the Hong Kong Government a few days ago at the reasonable price of H.K.\$285,000.

The present directors of the private limited company have, by special resolution, decided to form this company into a public limited company, and intend to issue an increased number of shares, making the capital H.K.\$1,000,000.

Some of the prominent business men have been invited to serve on the Board of Directors of the newly-formed company.

The objects of the Company are to organize a modern and up-to-date shipyard and repairing works, specializing in motor-shipbuilding and repairing of motors of all descriptions. The shipyard will also undertake to build or repair ships other than those driven by Diesel motors.

Diesel Engines.

It is a well-known fact that motors, motorships, and Diesel engines, are being built on an increased scale every year. Factories and other power plants on land are steadily replacing their steam engines with motors and Diesel engines, which are far more economical.

The new company will be in a position to take full advantage of all the latest epoch-making inventions in shipbuilding and avoid having any part of their capital tied up in obsolete equipment.

All steam and gas engines will be eliminated, and the whole shipyard machinery and most of the important tools will be driven by electricity, and only the latest equipment will be used.

Five building berths for ships up to 350-400 feet in length are at their disposal, and the present two slipways will be replaced by the most up-to-date ones: the No. 1 slipway will be up to 250 feet and the No. 2 will be up to 150 feet in length. The shunting winches for these slipways will be driven also by electricity.

The shipyard and repairing works will be under the management of an experienced motor-shipbuilding, Diesel engine and motor engineer who has been engaged from Europe.

The new company promises to give their customers every satisfaction so far as good workmanship and reasonable prices are concerned.

Ready in September.

At present a large number of workmen are engaged in repairing the buildings and modernizing the shipyard, which will be ready for operations at the latest on September 1, although the replacing of the slipways and the installation of a few more additional plants will not be completed at the same time, but will be ready as soon as possible.

The present wooden wharf will also be replaced by a concrete fitting-out wharf of about 150 feet in length.

The Hoi Fook Shipping Co., Ltd., have placed an order for the construction of two up-to-date motorships, the keel of which will be laid at the end of September. There is also every possibility that in repair work the shipyard will have ample support from the beginning, as they have the provision of a well-known shipbuilding firm, Messrs. Brandt & Co., will sign as General Managers.

Their office, together with that of the South China Motor-Shipbuilding & Repairing Works, Ltd., is on the 3rd floor, St. George's Building, Chater Road, Hong Kong, with a branch office in Canton and a European agent in Hamburg, Germany.

MUSIC AND THE ALL-BROW.

WHAT IS A TUNE?

EXTRACTS FROM LAST NIGHT'S BROADCAST TALK.

The following extracts are taken from the second talk entitled "What is a Tune?" in the "Music and the All Brow" broadcast last night from the Hong Kong Radio Station:—

The intention of last week's talk was to knock a nail into the coffin of musical intolerance, whether on the part of high, middle or low brows. In addition, music was defined as "a coherent sequence of sound changes."

The question to be tackled to-night is, "What is a tune?"

As everyone knows what a tune is, this seems a famous sort of question on the face of it. If you were to go the trouble of defining a tune, doubtless you would call it "a string of notes" or "a coherent sequence of single sounds."

Agreed; but let us go a bit further. Now, everyone listening, think of any tune you like. Let us wait a few seconds whilst you call to mind—Right; here are a few more questions that need settling. Firstly, why have you been able to remember that particular tune? Secondly, what holds this string of notes together so as to make them coherent? Thirdly, why are the individual notes not of the same relative length? Fourthly, What is a note? Fifthly, at this rate it will be almost impossible to deal with all these points in our allotted time.

Let's take the line of least resistance by arguing from the particular to the general. Here are a couple of tunes which have stood the test of time and are still popular—"The British Grenadiers" and "Drink to Me only." We will concentrate on the first of these two.

The British Grenadiers.

The proper setting for "The British Grenadiers" is in a military march past. Now let your imagination get to work as it is played again... Do you notice how there is a periodic accent, which simply asks to be emphasised as the left foot comes to the ground? When the music is actually set down on paper, these "strong beats," as they are called, are especially indicated by being written as the first note in each bar—the "bar" in the script being a conventional enclosure of notes between two upright lines, which in consequence show where this "beat" comes. Now please notice, you can count four "beats" over and over, again, starting with "one" on each strong beat... You have now got the idea of musical rhythm, or "time," as it is called. In this particular case you have four beats in each bar, and as this is a very usual form of rhythm, fitting as it does the marching soldier, the plodding ploughman, the capstan hauler and so on, it is known as "common time." So far so good; we have dug well into one reason for the interest of the "British Grenadiers" which is its lilt, rhythm or time.

Question of "Key."

And now we will go for the notes themselves. (To save time, we will accept a musical "note" for granted—you know perfectly well that it is.) Obviously there must be some underlying relationship between them to make them cohere, or hang together. Firstly let us consider the question of "Key."

Imagine that, as an overture to a play, the "British Grenadiers" is played on the theatre orchestra. In the middle of the bar, the conductor gets a peremptory red light to shut down, as the curtain is about to rise. If he is an inefficient fellow, he will stop his players at once, with a most unpropitious ending as likely as not. If he knows his job, he makes the orchestra play just one or two notes and ends them up satisfactorily on a note of repose. This note provides the key to the whole situation and gives us at the same time the general idea of the "key" of the tune. Though you may not have been aware of it, this "key-note" has been subconsciously in your mind all the time the tune is played. Listen to the effect of it, combined with the tune itself... The keynote marks the straight path between two points.

Now, the keynote is the straight path, but only occasionally keeps to their path, but ends on it at the final destination. Rule a straight line on the map of Hong Kong from the Star Ferry to Repulse Bay. Get into a car and see how your road menuders on each side of that line. The line is your subconscious-keynote, and the road is the tune, which finally lands on

the key to its activity, Repulse Bay. There; now you have mastered the ideas of rhythm and key. Here's a third reason for the interest and appeal of the "British Grenadiers." This time listen to it with all the notes played with equal length—Dull and monotonous, isn't it? And this is where we get away from conventional rules—regulations. There is no law to govern the lengths of individual notes in a tune; this is entirely left to the discretion, skill or genius of the composer. In fact, this is the turning-point at which music ceases to be a science and becomes an art wherein the composer can show his own personality.

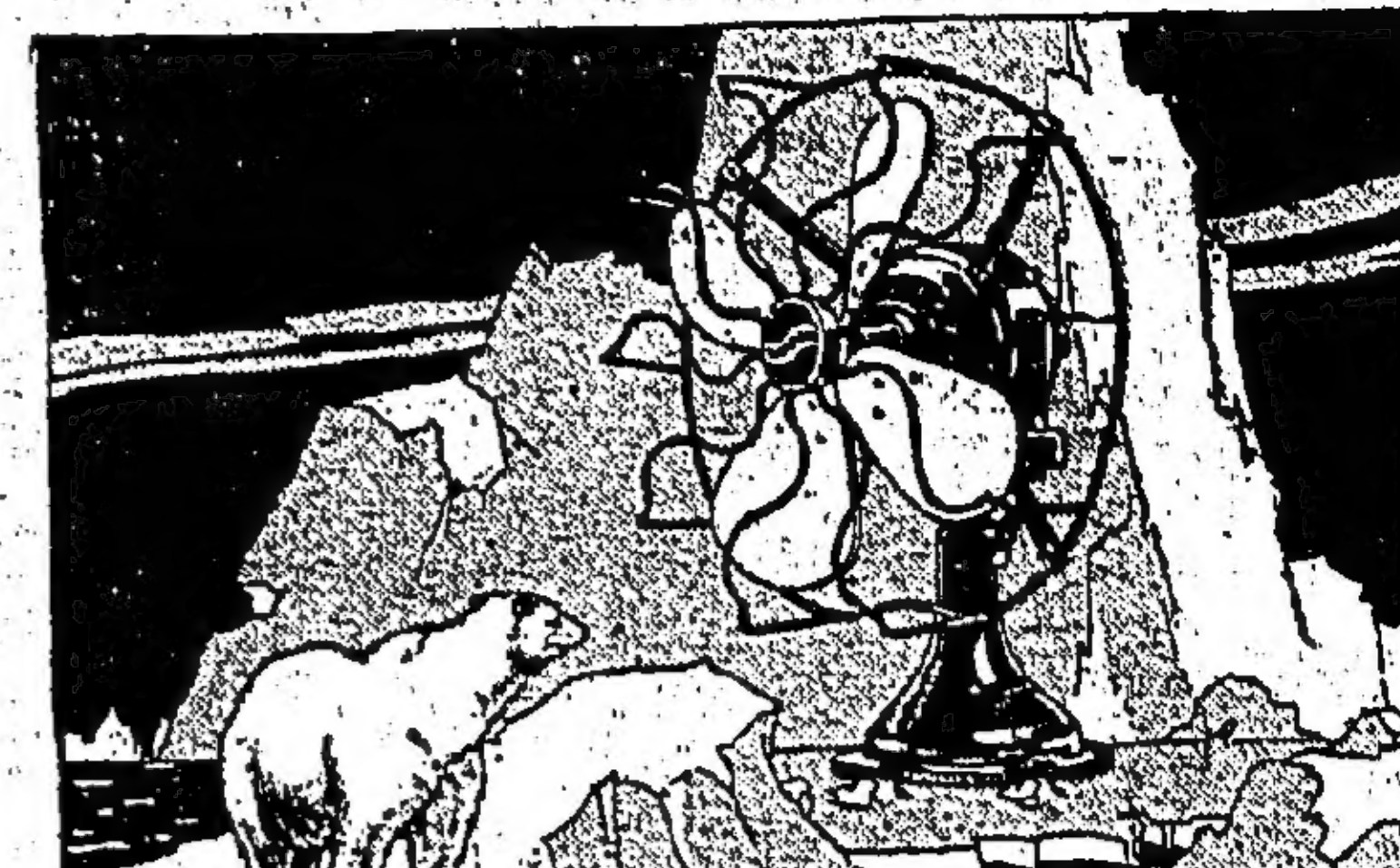
Art of Phrasing.

The last feature for you to notice is that of phrasing—a subtle charm, too often ignored even by so-called good musicians. Just as a sentence of any length needs its commas, semi-colons and other punctuation marks, so does a musical idea need to be gently broken up, to satisfy an intelligent ear, otherwise it would be as monotonous as the phraseology of a legal document. For the last time, listen to "The British Grenadiers" with the separate phrases, or subsidiary ideas, exaggerated to make them more clear...

Those are the main points of attraction, time, key, note-length and phrasing.

Now apply them for yourselves to the other example, "Drink to Me only." You will find that the tune is that of a waltz, or three beats to a bar; that the length of the notes does not vary so much, being in keeping with the restfulness of the words, and that the phrases are just as definite, though longer. Try with other really good tunes; one cannot know too much about old friends.

Next week's talk: "Musical Team Work."



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CANTON TAXATION.

RENTAL TAX AND POLICE ASSESSMENT INCREASED.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

Canton, July 23.

In order to raise more money for administrative, reconstructive and other purposes, the Canton Government to-day decided to increase the rental tax and police assessment from 15 to 20 per cent. of the monthly rental.

So far no date has been officially announced as to when this new law will come into effect, but it is believed that it will start either from the first of September or the first of October.

One of the features of this new law is that the landlords alone will be held responsible for the payment of the tax. He is expected to deposit at the nearest sub-post office each month 20 per cent. of his collected rental. Heretofore it has been the practice to hold both the landlord and the tenant mutually responsible for the monthly police assessment, as each party was responsible for only one-half of the tax, which amounted to 7½ per cent. of the rental. But this process is considered to be an unnecessary burden on the tenants.

With the inauguration of this increased new tax, the Government will abolish a few minor assessments and taxes, such as the assessment for the maintenance of the Canton Fire Brigade, street cleaning, and the like. These have been collected from the tenants, and the property owners had nothing to do with them whatever. The authorities believed that the incorporation of these minor items with the monthly police assessments would tend to facilitate the work of tax collection.

The property owners in the city are greatly agitated over the Government resolution to increase their burden. A landlord getting a rental of \$100 a month has been paying \$7.50 a month to the Government in the form of police assessment, but when the new law goes into effect he has to pay \$20 to the Government each month instead of \$7.50, thus showing an increase of 133 per cent. These property owners do not see why their tenants cannot be made to pay one-half, as they have been doing. They argue that if that is the case, then it is altogether fair and proper that they should raise their rent to cover the loss. But this cannot be done very well until the existing contract with their tenant has expired. The Government is in agreement with rent raising, but has explicitly stated that the increase must not exceed 15 per cent. of the rental.

CANTON MUNICIPALITY.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

Canton, July 23.

The Canton Municipal Government will be reorganised on August 1, following the order from Nanking to change its status from a Special Municipality under the direct control of Nanking to an ordinary municipality under the Provincial Government.

On and after August 1 all matters will be referred to the Provincial Council of Kwangtung, and not to Nanking as formerly. No change will be made in the personnel and Mayor Lin Wan Koi will continue in office.

WOMAN USES A HAMMER.

QUARREL OVER RENT.

A man and a woman were having a quarrel over the rent of certain premises at Shamshui. The latter lost her temper and threw a hammer at the man, inflicting a fracture on his leg.

The row had its sequel at Kowloon Magistrate's court yesterday when the woman was charged before Mr. Whyte-Smith on the charge of causing grievous bodily harm to the complainant.

Sub-Inspector Hourihan applied for a week's formal remand, and said that the Police did not believe that the woman had intentionally thrown the hammer at the man.

The defendant was accordingly remanded for one week on \$50 bail.

PERSONNEL OF NEW GOVERNMENT.

WANG CHING WEI DECLINES CHAIRMANSHIP.

INAUGURATION ON SEPT. 1.

According to Chinese Press cable advices from Peiping, the new government is expected to be inaugurated on September 1, with Yen Hsi Shan as Chairman. The new government will consist of six ministries, viz., finance, foreign affairs, communications, military, interior and industry, labour and commerce.

It is understood that Chu Ao Hsiang will most probably be appointed to the post of Minister of Foreign Affairs, Feng Yu Hsiang to that of the Military Affairs and Chang Tai Wen to that of the Interior. The appointments to the other posts are not yet decided. It is learned that Yen Hsi Shan has decided to appoint Chia Ching Teh Secretary-General to the Government.

The outlines for the formation of the new government have been drafted and will be submitted to the enlarged plenary session of the Central Executive Council of the Kuomintang for consideration and approval.

Wang at Tientsin.

Preparations are under way at Tientsin and Peiping to extend a warm welcome to Wang Ching Wei, the leader of the Left Wing of the Kuomintang, who is reported to have arrived at Tientsin. Over 3,000 members of the various Northern parties, including the delegates of Yen Hsi Shan and Feng Yu Hsiang, have proceeded to Tientsin to meet him.

In an interview with Pressmen, Mr. Chen Kung Po, a prominent leader of the Left Wing of the Kuomintang and a close associate of Mr. Wang, said that the enlarged plenary session of the Kuomintang C.E.C. will decide the policy of the new government and other important matters. Mr. Wang, he said, will decline the offer of the chairmanship of the new government. Mr. Wang and others are unanimously of the opinion that Yen Hsi Shan should take up the post. Mr. Chen added that Chang Hsueh Liang is expected to join the new government.

Feng Sends Delegates.

Questioned as to his opinions on the formation of the new government at Peiping, Feng Yu Hsiang told Pressmen that he has no objection but will follow the consensus of opinion. He added that he has dispatched a delegate to participate in the discussion of political affairs at Peiping and that he has dispatched another delegate to Mukden to confer with Chang Hsueh Liang on important matters.

COLONY'S WATER SUPPLY.

BIG INCREASE REGISTERED.

The total storage in the island reservoirs on the morning of Monday, July 21, amounted to 1,580.92 million gallons, showing an increase of 463.37 million gallons during the past week; the amount collected from streams was 516.61 million gallons.

The week's consumption amounted to 73.48 million gallons which includes 20.40 million gallons from the Shing Mun supply.

Kowloon Water Supply.

The total storage in the mainland reservoirs on the morning of Monday, July 21, amounted to 504.30 million gallons showing an increase of 113.43 million gallons during the past week.

The week's consumption, not including Hong Kong supplies and 1.98 million gallons delivered to water boats at Lai-chikok, amounted to 29.71 million gallons.

The yield from the Shing Mun River and streams during the week was 165.55 million gallons.

HOTEL ACCOUNTANT CHARGED.

ALLEGED THEFT OF \$6,300.

The accountant of the Great China Hotel at Connaught Road, Mr. Ching Ching, and his assistant, Mr. Chak Lam, were charged before Mr. H. R. Butters at Central Magistrate's court for the alleged theft of \$6,300 belonging to the hotel. They were remanded for 48 hours for further investigation into the matter.

Mr. Horace Lo is appearing for the first named, who, together with his assistant, has been granted bail in the sum of \$5,000.

AMBULANCE DELAY EXPLAINED.

GLOUCESTER BUILDING TRAGEDY-RECALLED.

FIRE STATION WITNESSES IN COURT.

The inquiry into the tragedy at Gloucester Building on June 28 last was concluded at Central Magistrate's court yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death and added the following rider:—"The jury desire to state that they are quite satisfied that the delay in the arrival of the Fire Brigade Ambulance was due to unavoidable circumstances. We want to add that in respect of the accident, this jury consider that for the protection of the public supervision of the work on such a structure, as Gloucester Building should be brought within the province of a responsible authority."

The Coroner (Mr. Lindsell): By "responsible authority" do you mean an officer of the Public Works Department?

Foreman of the jury: That for preference, I should say.

The Coroner: That is to say "responsible Governmental authority."

Foreman: Yes.

The Coroner: Your recommendations will be forwarded to the proper authorities in due course.

At the concluding stages of the inquiry evidence was given by officers of the Fire Brigade explaining the delay in the arrival of the ambulance. It was stated that there were only two ambulances in the Fire Station in Victoria and two others in Kowloon. On the morning of the accident, one ambulance was out of commission. The other had only a minute before the first call from Gloucester Building proceeded to the H.M.S. Tamar to carry a casualty to the Royal Naval Hospital.

It was a practice for the ambulance to communicate with headquarters on completion of an engagement, and in this case the Fire Station received a call a few minutes before 11 a.m. and the ambulance was directed to proceed to Gloucester Building. It went there at once.

Regarding the inability to get through to the Fire Station by a European Police Sergeant who used Messrs. Lane, Crawford's telephone, it appears that the first call was made to the Fire Station in connection with this accident at 10.10. The call came from a European in Jardines. A few minutes later a Chinese got through to the Fire Station. At 10.25 the Central Fire Station also got through. In the meanwhile the Fire Station had communicated with the Tung Wah Hospital asking that institution to send their ambulance to the scene and was told that it would be "all right."

In connection with the alleged telephone delay, the Coroner read a letter written to him by the Telephone Company in which the company stated that on June 28 at 10.25 a.m. Messrs. Yue Lee, the contractors employed at Gloucester Building, telephoned No. 90 and asked for the Fire Station. Connection was immediately obtained and the operator, after hearing the conversation begin, went off the line. There was no other request for the Fire Station but at 11.15 a European speaking from the Fire Station inquired who rang up and was duly informed.

The Coroner in his final address to the jury said:—"Gentlemen, I think it is abundantly clear that the three deceased met their deaths through the collapse of the derrick platform on which they were working. I imagine you will agree that the platform was reasonably sound, constructed of reasonably sound planks, especially as the Public Works Department engineer has not challenged Mr. Wood's evidence on this point."

Derricks seem to have been erected on previous occasions in the same way without mishap occurring, though it is certainly curious that the two men whom the sub-contractor says were in charge profess their inexperience in this kind of work. Possibly one or more of the deceased workmen may have been greater experts."

"I think it is possible, and even probable, that you will agree with Mr. Wood that particular supervision of Chinese workmen while erecting scaffolding or masts or, as in this case, rigging derricks, can hardly be expected."

(Continued on next column.)

POACHING ON THE ETHER.

ANOTHER OFFENDER FINED.

PLEA OF IGNORANCE FAILS.

Adjourned from last week, in order that the wireless set may be tested, Leung Sui Po, of 14, Star Street was again before Mr. R. E. Lindsell yesterday, when the charge against him of having a radio set in his possession without the appropriate licence was continued.

The defendant claimed that the set was given to his son by a young man and that he himself knew nothing of wireless.

Mr. Waterton, who carried out the test, said that the set was in perfect working order when he tested it in his own house with a couple of earphones, but when he tested it in the defendant's house he heard only strong Morse signals from a local transmitting station.

Aerial Tampered With.

He went up on the roof to see if the aerial had been connected to any other object, and found one of the wires attached to the chimney. The insulator was also missing from the support strut. From the appearance of the aerial, he presumed it was not many days old. It was raining at the time the test was carried out, and if there was no insulation on the ends of the wire, they would have become directly earthed, and only powerful signals could have come through.

The Morse signals, which were of greater strength than ordinary musical signals, were therefore heard. If the terminals of the aerials had been insulated, he would have been able to receive the musical programme.

He asked the defendant whether the aerial had been touched, as the wires appeared to be new, and defendant had replied that the newness of the wires was due to the fact that they had been installed only ten days previously.

Defendant, after claiming that the set was presented to his son by a friend, went on to say that he was under the impression that the set was not in working order. He had intended to cause the set to be fixed up, after which he would have taken a licence.

Asked by his Worship as to why he tampered with the aerial, defendant said that it was taken down by somebody else, but as the case was not over, he had put it up again. A fine of \$25 was imposed.

In the absence of direct evidence to the contrary, Mr. Wood's theory as to the cause of the accident seems to be the most plausible, that is to say, that the stanchion or guy rope got under the east end of the support plank in question, lifting it up and causing the derrick's foot to shift slightly to the west, and thus snap the plank completely through.

As you can see from the plank in Court, it was snapped even at points at which it appears to have been perfectly sound. It is unfortunate that the two survivors of the gang of workmen are unable to throw any clear light on this point. Taking all the circumstances into consideration I suggest that your verdict should be one of accident. It is my duty to direct you that there is clearly no evidence of any criminal responsibility on any person over this act. This, of course, will not preclude you from making any comment or suggestion that you may desire to put on record.

There is one other point that clearly merits some consideration owing to the publicity given in the Press. That is the late arrival of any ambulance on the scene. I imagine you have been satisfied by the explanation given for the delay of the Government ambulance which arrived just after 11 o'clock. As regards the Tung Wah Hospital ambulance you must remember that this is a private institution run entirely by Chinese directors and that any loan of their ambulance is merely a favour and cannot be claimed as a right. I think the position is therefore quite clear. Do you desire to retire?

The foreman of the jury: Is there any person who can be held responsible for the erection of the building?

The Coroner: I take it no.

The foreman: I would like your ruling on this point because it may affect our discussion.

The Coroner: I may say that no person can be held responsible in law.

The jury then retired and returned the verdict given above.

CORRESPONDENCE.

VINDICATION OF V.R.C.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir,—May I through the medium of your columns make a few comments on "Let Down's" letter of the 22nd inst.

Taking his "kicks" as they come, he states that the V.R.C. infringe the rules more than any other club and yet later he says that the officials carry out their duties in an excellent way. Surely, if this is the case it is the V.R.C.'s own funeral if they perform in the way that he alleges.

Is "Let Down" in possession of the referee's report on the V.R.C. v. Fukien game and was he present at the enquiry held? If not I venture to suggest that he should not voice his opinion.

I entirely agree that some effort should be made to start the matches more punctually. I cannot see that there is any remedy for "the same face"! If "Let Down" knows of any other first class referees, I am certain that the Sub Committee who are responsible for appointing them would be glad to know of them.

From the handbook recently published, I see that the Second Division was introduced this year with a view to encouraging beginners. Longer reports in the press on these matches would certainly further this object.

With his last point I have no sympathy at all. I am one of the few who realise the unbounded energy put into the organisation and conduct of the Water Polo League by those concerned. Water Polo is certainly a mere novelty compared with other sports and a few constructive criticisms instead of a number of unfavourable comments from outsiders might assist those concerned to put up a show more to the liking of the grumblers.—Yours etc.

PLAYER.

Hong Kong, July 23.

THE BEATEN MUI-TSAI.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir,—If I may encroach on a little of your valuable space, I desire to review some of the evidence in the assaulted mui-tsai case reported in your columns.

Any impartial mind reading the account cannot refrain from raising the question whether it is credible the girl would be so submissive as to put up with such a beating, as Dr. Thomas described to the Bench, if she were muscular enough to knock down her mistress and subsequently break away from her son's grasp.

It would certainly require no little strength to inflict on the mui-tsai "11 cane marks on the outer side of the right leg; nine on the left thigh, and one abrasion on the right wrist." How could the feeble mother and son chastise the wayward, daring mui-tsai as roundly as all that, unless they had the assistance of several others to hold her down? Consequently, on the face of it, the evidence is absurd.

Nor is this the only absurdity of the case. The mistress justified the chastisement on the ground that the girl visited sly brothels and returned home at one o'clock in the morning. Bear in mind that the girl had to answer the charge undressed, against the word of the mistress, her son, her amah, and legal aid to boot!

Furthermore, according to the evidence, no mention was ever made as to whether or not the mui-tsai was provided with a registration certificate, enabling her to bring to the notice of the S.C.A. any grievances she might have against her mistress. It appears that this certificate was withheld from the girl.

The mistress also said in cross-examination that "if it had been her own daughter, she would have given the girl an even more severe beating." I beg to doubt whether, in ordinary circumstances, a Chinese girl of 15 years of age would be treated in the manner as it was done to her.

All the evidence under review strikes one as being far too one-sided, and no legal aid was offered the girl to substantiate her words, the prosecution of the S.C.A. notwithstanding.—Yours, etc.

JUSTICE.

Hong Kong, July 23.

POWELL'S

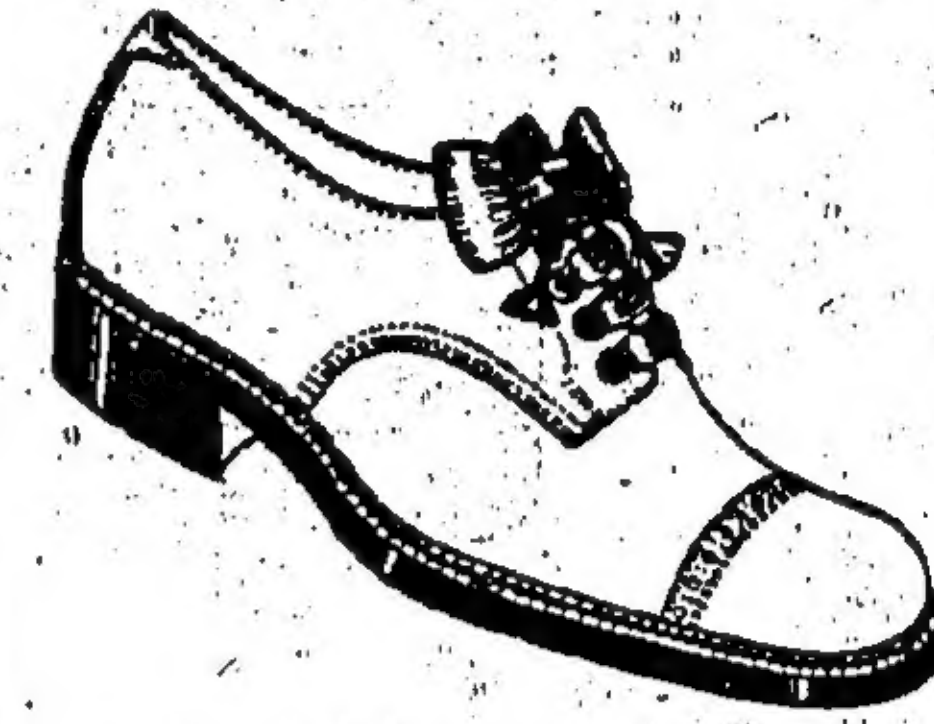
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

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MARINE ENGINEERS' GUILD
OF CHINA.

A SPECIAL COMBINED MEETING will be held at the GUILD OFFICES, 67, Des Voeux Road, CENTRAL (DAVID HOUSE), TO-DAY, THURSDAY, 24th JULY, 1930, at 5.00 P.M.

All Members are requested to attend.
T. T. LAURENSEN,
Joint Branch Secretary. [9872]

HAGLUND & THISELL,
A. B.
STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN.
EXPORTERS OF PAPER.
CONNECTIONS SOLICITED. [9673]

HONG KONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., 11th Floor, 11th Street, Victoria, in the Colony of Hong Kong, on MONDAY, the 11th DAY of AUGUST, 1930, at NOON, for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, passing the following Resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions, viz.:

(1) "That the Directors be and are hereby authorised to offer forthwith 60,000 new shares of the nominal value of \$25 each constituting part of the unissued capital of the Company (in the proportion of one new share for every complete number of four issued shares held by them respectively) to the persons who on the 7th day of August, 1930, are registered in the Company's share register as the holders of the 240,000 issued shares in the capital of the Company at a premium of \$35 per share and no that on acceptance of the offer the nominal value due in respect of each of such new shares plus the said premium of \$35 per share (making \$60 per share) shall be payable in full. Such new shares shall rank for dividend as from dates of allotment.

(2) "That such offer as aforesaid be made by notice specifying the number of new shares to which the member is entitled, and limiting the respective times within which the offer is not accepted by members in the Far East and outside the Far East respectively either on behalf of such member or his nominee will be deemed to be declined and that the Directors be at liberty to fix such respective times and to extend such times to such date or dates and upon such terms as they may think fit and further that any of the said new shares which shall not be taken up by the Company's shareholders in manner aforesaid, be disposed of in such manner as such time or times and upon such terms as the Company's Directors shall in their absolute discretion see fit.

(3) "That no shareholder shall be entitled to claim for a fraction of an additional share in respect of any odd issued share held by him."

Dated this 22nd day of July, 1930.

By Order of the Board,

L. S. GREENHILL,
9663] Secretary.

NOTICE

CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN & MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED FROM SATURDAY, 9th AUGUST, 1930, TO SATURDAY, 16th AUGUST, 1930, Both Days Inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

D. L. KING,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 17th July, 1930. [9852]

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NOTICE

RETIREMENT COMMISSION.

ANY PERSON desirous of submitting PROPOSALS or SUGGESTIONS for effecting ECONOMIES in the ADMINISTRATION of any branch of the PUBLIC SERVICE should communicate with the SECRETARY at the TREASURER'S OFFICE, POST OFFICE BUILDING. [9869]

NOTICE

KOWLOON FOOTBALL CLUB.

WILL ALL MEMBERS who are desirous of PLAYING FOOTBALL for either the First or Second Teams during the coming season kindly fill in a registration form as soon as possible.

Forms can be had from the No. 1 Boy at the Club House, or from the Hon Secretary, Mr. J. Smith, Kowloon Canton Railway. [9870]

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Kong \$13; including Postage to
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WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.33 p.m., stated:—

A shallow depression is central over N. China. The typhoon is about 400 miles S.E. of Hong Kong, moving west.

Local Forecast:—East winds; freshening; generally overcast; rain.

TYPHOON WARNINGS.

The following typhoon warnings have been received by the American Consulate-General from the Manila Observatory:—

Manila, July 23, 9.45 a.m.—
Typhoon in about 110deg. Long. E. and 17deg. Lat. N., moving W.N.W.
Manila, July 23, 6.30 p.m.—
Typhoon in about 117deg. Long. E. and 17deg. Lat. N., moving W.

BIRTH.

CHRISTIE.—At the Victoria Hospital, Hong Kong, on July 22, to Mr. and Mrs. T. L. CHRISTIE, of the Chartered Bank, Saigon, a son. Straits papers please copy. [9871]

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street. Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, JULY 24, 1930.

NO PLACE FOR WOMEN.

THERE is one aspect of the ghastly tragedy at Lok Ma Chau which needs emphasising. An isolated police-station in the distant sections of the New Territories is no place for an Englishwoman to live. Discussion of the relative reliability of Indian, Chinese, and British members of the force is beside the point. Englishmen have been known to run amok at times—and not only in tropical climates. There can be no positive guarantee against any man becoming suddenly demented, or against the consequences of his affliction. There can be no absolute certainty that the "most trusted officer"—or even the most staid and sober-minded of civilians—will not without the slightest warning become a raving madman. Such things have happened, and will happen again; but there is no reason why a woman should be expected to take risks which men must accept in the ordinary course of duty. In half a dozen police-stations between Kowloon and the Chinese frontier there is only one European officer, and when it happens that he is married, his wife has to be left alone when he goes out on patrol or special duty, day or night. If it were a fact that two European officers were appointed to every station in the New Territories, there would be at least a possibility of a woman having protection in an emergency, as one officer could remain at the station while the other went out on patrol.

But quite apart from the dangers to which an Englishwoman living near the Chinese frontier is exposed—and there is much more risk of violence at the hands of desperate lawless characters than most people realise—there is another point which does not appear to be fully appreciated. A woman living in a police-station out in the New Territories is much more lonely than one living in the back-blocks of Australia. On a farm a woman has work to occupy her mind—too much of it, very often, but the wife of a police-officer stationed in the outlying parts of the New Territories has no such distraction. However active and "house-proud" she may be, there is little she can perform in the way of ordinary household duties, and time hangs heavily. There is practically no social intercourse available; the nearest Englishwoman may be only ten miles away, but for all they see of each other they might be a thousand miles apart. The police-stations in the New Territories are naturally lacking in those comforts and conveniences which make a tropical summer tolerable to town-dwellers. Days are full of monotony and discomfort for those who are compelled to spend them indoors, and the effect of such conditions upon a woman without occupation for her head and hands cannot be good. No married police-officer should be sent for duty in the New Territories—not because of the risk of such lamentable tragedies as that which has just occurred, but because it is not fair to expect women to live under the conditions which are unavoidable in isolated stations along the frontier.

The ultimate aim is to increase exports, but the effect of this measure would be to promote production of a commodity which, in larger quantities, may not be economically exportable. At the same time it would set a barrier against lower food prices in Australia. Yet behind the tariff wall the existing Australian industries will produce more cheaply unless they can effect a reduction in costs of which high wages are the outstanding element. Higher prices and lower costs, decreased imports and increased exports, can only be reconciled by a great improvement in organisation, or by a decline in the standard of living of the producers. The latter, unaccompanied by the former, would be rightly termed a national disaster. All turns, then, upon the hope of a rationalisation, or reorganisation, of the business of Australia. That is the real problem facing the Commonwealth, and Sir Otto Niemeyer's arrangements for forming a central organisation for borrowing more money scarcely solves it.

DODGING THE ISSUE.

Some financial experts work with amazing speed. Last month Sir Otto Niemeyer and two colleagues left London to investigate Australia's financial troubles. The experts went on behalf of the Bank of England to give advice to the Commonwealth Bank on matters relating to exchange. The Australian pound stood at a discount of seven per cent. when Sir Otto and his companions left London last month. Now a message from Sydney tells us a tentative agreement has been reached between the British and Australian bankers providing for a mobilisation of exchange. The various Governments of Australia will have the first call on all available funds in the hands of the banks in London, and the administration of such funds will be in the hands of the Australian Loan Council.

Does this, then, settle Australia's economic problems? It does not. The Commonwealth has to increase its output, decrease the cost of producing it, and give up the bad habit of borrowing—or at least, restrain that weakness. Heavily indebted to British and other lenders, the Australian Government have been in the habit of meeting the annual interest out of the proceeds of a new debt. It is a simple process, and not a new one, but, while successful for a time, there are limits beyond which it cannot be carried. Thus the overseas indebtedness of the Governments increased by £100,000,000 from 1923 to 1927, and the interest bill in the same period by £5,000,000. This can be learned from figures submitted by the Commonwealth to the League of Nations. The Premier of Victoria recently estimated the Australian State indebtedness to Great Britain at £500,000,000, or more than half of the total of the British State Debt to America.

Adding that Australian individuals owed half this sum to British lenders. This year it has been virtually impossible for any Australian body to issue a large loan in London or New York on the kind of terms, say, up to 6 per cent., which the Commonwealth had been accustomed to enjoy.

Meanwhile, Australia is trying out some economic experiments. A big list of imports has been prohibited outright by decree. Another big list was subjected to a 50 per cent. increase in tariff. The prices of manufactured articles in Australia are already 24 per cent. above the British level, so that a 20 per cent. tariff is quite ineffectual. These measures were provisional, and have roused protests from shippers, Chambers of Commerce, and all who are dependent upon foreign trade in its twin forms of exports and imports, but the Canberra Parliament is sitting upon a new project for a permanent 40 per cent. increase in the tariff of a very substantial list. Australian prices are meanwhile so much higher than world prices that those who possess commodities in the Commonwealth think there must be something wrong with world prices. The farmers are unwilling to sell what at the prices they can get abroad. A million bushels of last year's crop is still unsold, while this year promises a bumper harvest, yet the Australian Government envisages guaranteeing a minimum price in the home market for wheat.

The ultimate aim is to increase exports, but the effect of this measure would be to promote production of a commodity which, in larger quantities, may not be economically exportable. At the same time it would set a barrier against lower food prices in Australia. Yet behind the tariff wall the existing Australian industries will produce more cheaply unless they can effect a reduction in costs of which high wages are the outstanding element. Higher prices and lower costs, decreased imports and increased exports, can only be reconciled by a great improvement in organisation, or by a decline in the standard of living of the producers. The latter, unaccompanied by the former, would be rightly termed a national disaster. All turns, then, upon the hope of a rationalisation, or reorganisation, of the business of Australia. That is the real problem facing the Commonwealth, and Sir Otto Niemeyer's arrangements for forming a central organisation for borrowing more money scarcely solves it.

A demonstration described as a "Rout the Reds" rally drew a crowded audience to the Albert Hall last month. Queues formed early outside every door and members of the Fascist organization distributed leaflets bearing the words "Moscow Unmasked." A procession with the Union Jack at its head escorted the speakers through the centre of the hall to the platform. Major-General Sir Alfred Knox, M.P., who presided, said the meeting was a protest against the cringing, fawning attitude of the Government towards the Soviet. Commander (Locker-Lampson, M.P., said that the Government was controlled by a handful of incompetents and cranks, but his days were numbered. It only was one friend rather than the frank hatred of anyone in the world than the friendship of the Wizard of Wales. He would, in fact, rather be hanged by a box constructor than be embraced by Mr. Lloyd George. The Government had one thing to its credit, the "Lansbury Lido" had been a huge success. Trade may have vanished, the cotton industry may be down and out, and shipping and iron and steel may have gone for good, but never mind, mixed bathing had come to stay.

A Southend taxicab driver, fined £5 by the local magistrates, for damaging the cab of a fellow driver, was stated to have put half a pound of sugar into the petrol tank. He was ordered to pay £15 damage.

★ Local Notes and Events ★

For mooring their boats during prohibited hours, the masters of two sampans were each fined \$5 or 5 days at the Marine Court yesterday.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending July 5 amounted to 115,987 tons, and the sales during the period to 63,149 tons.

In a kiosk at the Botanical Gardens on Monday night a Chinese attempted to commit suicide. When a gardener visited the kiosk, he found a man with a handkerchief tied around his neck. The handkerchief was attached to the beam and the man had his feet clear of the floor. The Chinese was taken down in an unconscious state, and removed to the Government Civil Hospital. A later report mentioned that the man's condition is not serious.

"Love, Live and Laugh," produced by Fox Movietone, marks the return to the screen after a long absence of Marcia Manon. Miss Manon, a former screen-favourite with a considerable following, had been in retirement for several years but was lured back by the offer of a good role in "Love, Live and Laugh." Others in the cast include Lila Lee, Kenneth MacKenna, Henry Kolker and David Rollins. Will K. Howard directed "Love, Live and Laugh," which is the current attraction at the Queen's Theatre.

Appearing before the Kowloon Magistrate yesterday on a charge of possession of a stolen bangle, three Chinese failed to explain satisfactorily as to how the bangle came into their possession. The first defendant intimated that the article was given him to pawn by a friend. He handed the bangle to the second defendant, who, in turn, handed it to the third defendant, when arrested, told two different stories to the Police. Fines of \$25, or three weeks' hard labour, were inflicted on each defendant.

★ News and Views ★

A new method for landing airplanes in fog recently tried in London, is claimed as a definite advance on anything of the sort attempted. A captive balloon is tethered at a selected spot near the airfield, so as to be above the fog bank, and the incoming pilot has a weight suspended a few feet below his machine which, on touching the ground, causes a red light to appear on the dashboard. The balloon indicates where the landing ground is and the pilot learns by wireless what is the balloon's height above the ground. Finally the red light enables him to flatten out and land smoothly, although then actually in the fog bank. The Air Ministry's tests this week were with a balloon tethered 400 feet above and half a mile away from the airfield, the fog bank being 50 feet thick. The pilot made five successful landings without any difficulty. It is anticipated that the method will be readily adaptable to commercial aviation.

About 100 miles up the Kagera River in Uganda, and about 200 feet above the present river level, ancient remains of fresh-water oysters have been discovered. They lie in the gravel and shingle deposit on the valley side of the river, and probably belong to the middle Pleistocene period. There were at that time two great Pluvial periods, and it is likely that the oysters were deposited in the second. This find, which is of considerable interest to natural scientists, may open up fascinating avenues of research. It follows on the discovery made recently when the top of the Luzira gull was being levelled; when pottery figures, some 18 inches long, were discovered. The only similar figures known are very rare specimens in Nigeria.

The wedding of Miss Kyrle Bell, the widow of Mr. Arthur Bourchier, the actor-manager, and Mr. John Beckett, the Labour member for Peckham, will shortly take place. Mrs. Bourchier has been actively associated with the Labour Party ever since her late husband made his decision to stand for Parliament. At the time of his death in South Africa during a theatrical tour, Mr. Bourchier was Labour candidate for Gloucester. Mrs. Bourchier is actively interested in the Strand Theatre, which she has frequently given for Sunday evening presentations of plays with a Socialist and political interest. Mr. John Beckett formerly sat for Gateshead and has represented Peckham since the last election.

A protest against income-tax is in the will of Mr. Frank Glendow, of Englefield Green, Surrey, who left £37,291. The will reads:—"The almshouses to be established under my mother's will are now erected and occupied, and I do not add anything to their endowment, because the unjust sliding scale of income-tax, invented by politicians to obtain the proletarian vote, leaves me neither the will nor the means."

Are English women fairer to look upon nowadays than they used to be? Mr. Registrar Friend, of Clerkenwell County Court, thinks they are, and said so in court. Two pretty girls were called as witnesses in a case, and "one said: 'Without wishing to be personal, the defendant's face is not one easily forgotten.' Mr. Registrar Friend. Then he is like me—we are not exactly oil paintings. Talking of one of the girls, the Registrar said: 'She is fair to look upon. So many women are fair to look upon now that she is nothing remarkable. It is only ugly people who can be remembered.' After remarking that 'mere man is not as good to look upon as a girl,' the Registrar asked one of the girls: 'Would you not be likely to remember a handsome young man rather than an ugly old one?' The Girl.—Not necessarily."

Lord Luke of Pavenham, addressing the sixth annual convention of the Advertising Association on the selling power of newspapers, at Hastings, said:—"Speaking from experience, I say that the pulling power of the great daily papers, as well as the great Sunday papers, is absolutely undoubted. Possibly the advertiser has a better chance in these media with the mass, regarding public, because a large percentage of the readers of big circulation papers read as a pastime, and do not desire what they consider highbrow matter."

Victor Stanwhite, aged seventeen, who was arrested in New York after shooting a pawnshop proprietor in the leg, extricated himself three times from a strait-waistcoat and escaped. He had attempted to commit suicide a number of times and was then stripped and forced into the waistcoat. Stanwhite later stole the keys of his cell from the guard sleeping outside the grating and, wearing only a smile of satisfaction, unlocked five doors and regained his freedom. The boy bandit had on a previous occasion been sent to a reformatory, and there he attempted to commit suicide from disappointment, claiming that he was an "educated burglar who did not need to go to school."

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Kowloon Inland Lot Nos. 640 and 1267 which were to have been sold at Messrs. Lammer Brothers yesterday were withdrawn owing to the fact that there were no bidders. The areas of the lots, which are situated at Ma Tau Kok, are 64,500 sq. feet and 16,402 sq. feet respectively.

The Full Court of three Judges had another sitting yesterday hearing legal arguments connected with the appeal against a judgment of the former Chief Justice which was given in favour of a plaintiff whose son had mortgaged certain house property held by them under a deed of assignment as joint tenants. Defendant (the mortgagee) was ordered to restore the property to the plaintiff free of the mortgage for \$25,000 and he is appealing against the decision. Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., for the respondent, addressed the Court on legal points and will at a later date deal with the facts of the original case.

Three of Paramount's most powerful actors will be seen and heard in "The Virginian," at the Central Theatre from to-day to Monday. They are Gary Cooper, Richard Allen and Mary Brian. Each has had phenomenal success in the new medium of talking pictures and each is a great favourite. Cooper plays the role of the Virginian, Allen is Steve, and Mary Brian is cast as Molly Wood, the school teacher with whom the Virginian falls in love. Walter Huston, veteran of the Broadway stage, and a great movie favourite, will be heard in the featured role of Trampas, the ring-leader of the cattle rustlers in the play. The talking picture brings "The Virginian" to the public in a new and more engaging medium—a medium that gives this romantic theme a fuller scope and a much more realistic treatment. All the authentic sounds of the cattle range, the dialogue of the principles; the third dimension, one might say, is brought to the screen in this New Show-World production.

Looking Back 25 Years.

On Saturday night, as Sergeant Sullivan was walking along the road between Hungsham and Kowloon City, his attention was attracted by a Chinaman whose movements indicated a desire to avoid observation. On questioning the man the Sergeant was informed that he was an accountant in a tea-shop, and had been to Kowloon City to collect some money, with which he was returning home. The Sergeant was doubtful about the story, and asked the native to accompany him to the shop where he had collected the money. As they walked along the Chinaman told the Sergeant he had \$1,000 on him, and would hand over \$500 if the policeman would "let it be alright." He was locked up, and later the police learned that he was Yau Kai, formerly a cook in the Wai Tsan Bank, who is "wanted" to answer a charge of embezzling \$837, the property of the bank.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, July 24, 1905.

Looking Back 50 Years.

"Sin.—What a misfortune it is to have inconsiderate neighbours! I happen to reside in very close proximity to a house from whence emanates a never-ceasing piano noise. Every day in the week (Sunday not excepted) one gets quite disgusted with what is nothing more than a repetition of a couple of tunes, more agreeable to the ears of the Chinese than the Europeans. Up to half-past ten o'clock in the night this 'tong, tong, tong' does not cease disturbing the rest of those who go to bed early. I do not think anyone would object to hearing good music; but when a thing is carried too far, day and night, daily, it ceases to be pleasant, and becomes a nuisance; much more so the 'music' I have above stated. I hope these 'tong' notes will meet the eyes of Venus or dandy who 'worries' the poor piano, and will take warning, ceasing to be a nuisance. There is a time for everything, which implies there is a limit as well for everything. Yours, etc., O.K."—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, July 24, 1880.

NANKING'S BIG OFFENSIVE.**TO START ON FRIDAY MORNING.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, July 23. It is reliably reported that the Government have decided to start a big offensive on the Tientsin-Pukow Railway front on Friday morning, and then driving towards Tsinanfu.

Chiang Kai Shek has arrived at Hsuehchowfu, and he is directing operations.

POCHOW CAPTURED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, July 23. The Government received a message from Chiang Kai Shek to-day stating that the Government troops captured Pochow yesterday morning.

The Northerners, under Sun Tien Ying, who have been holding out more than two months, are now retreating westward towards Luyi, and the Government troops are advancing towards Honan.

Chiang Kai Shek reports severe fighting on both the Lungshai and the Peiping-Hankow Railway fronts during the past ten days.

The Northerners are rushing their entire force into the fighting line for a "last offensive."

Three divisions of the Kuomintang troops attempted but unsuccessfully to break through the Government forces surrounding Pochow.

Other Kuomintang troops on the Peiping-Hankow Railway front were repulsed, with severe losses, and they are now retreating to places north of Hsuehchow.

WANG CHING WEI AT PEIPING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEIPING, July 23. Wang Ching Wei arrived here this evening.

He was greeted by the leading police, military and Kuomintang officials.

DR. KOO OUT OF POLITICS.

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

HARBIN, July 23. Dr. Wellington Koo, the former Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Peking Government, arrived here yesterday.

In an interview with Pressmen, Dr. Koo flatly denied the report that he is connected with the formation of the proposed new government at Peiping. He said that he has no intention to re-enter politics.

ANGLO-AUSTRALIAN FLIERS.**NO TRACE OF HOOK.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

RANGOON, July 22. No trace of Hook, who together with a companion called Matthews crashed while attempting a flight from England to Australia, has been found. It seems impossible that he has survived in view of the appalling weather conditions, but searches are being continued.

Matthews took the news of the plight of Hook to a place where help could be obtained after they had wandered for days in the jungle. When the spot at which Hook was left was reached last week by search parties, no trace of the airman could be found, but it was rumoured that Hook was being cared for by natives at a near-by village.

KINGSFORD-SMITH'S NEXT FLIGHT.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, July 23. Major Kingsford-Smith, accompanied by Captain Saul and Mr. John Stannage, two of his companions on the trans-Atlantic flight, are leaving for Europe to-night.

Major Kingsford-Smith's next enterprise will be a solo flight from England to Australia in a Sport plane equipped with a Gipsy engine in an attempt to beat Hinkler's 16 days' journey.

LAMBETH CONFERENCE.**THEIR MAJESTIES RECEIVE BISHOPS.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 23. Their Majesties King George and Queen Mary received the delegates to the Lambeth Conference at Buckingham Palace.

His Majesty, after shaking hands with each delegate, in the course of a speech, referred to the growth and development of the Anglican Communion. He said he was most happy to learn that the delegates' appeal ten years ago for a new endeavour to heal the rents in the fabric of the Church had not been fruitless.

AMERICAN CENSUS.**INCREASE OF OVER SEVEN-TEEN MILLION.**

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, July 23. According to an estimate based on the preliminary census returns for 41 States, the population of the United States is nearly 123,000,000, being an increase of 17,946,000 during the past decade.

AIR CRASH IN KENT.**QUESTION IN HOUSE OF COMMONS.**

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

ROGEBY, July 22. The air disaster which occurred yesterday at Meopham, Kent, when six persons were killed, was the subject of a question in Parliament to-day.

The Under-Secretary for Air, Mr. F. Montague, was asked to state what control the Air Ministry exercised over passenger-carrying aircraft, whether such machines were subject to periodical inspection, how often such inspections were made and if he was satisfied that the regulations were carried out in such a manner as to reduce accidents to a minimum.

Mr. Montague, in reply, said it was difficult within the compass of Parliament to summarise the very elaborate regulations prescribed by the Air Ministry in order to ensure the safety of passenger-carrying aircraft. Briefly, the Air Ministry required such aircraft to be inspected within twenty-four hours of each flight, the inspection being undertaken by a competent ground engineer who was required to provide a certificate in writing. The inspection covered not only the machine but also the engine or engines. The person in charge of the aircraft had to satisfy himself that the various requirements had been met.

While he was not in a position to make any definite statement in regard to the machine that crashed, until the investigation of the Air Ministry into the accident was complete, he was in general satisfied that the regulations were most strictly applied, and everything possible was done by those responsible for the air service to reduce the risk of accident to a minimum. He took the opportunity on behalf of the Air Ministry, Lord Thomson, and himself of conveying to the relatives of those who had lost their lives an expression of profound sympathy in their bereavement, and he was sure the House would wish to be associated with it.

ROUND-TABLE CONFERENCE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

ROGEBY, July 22. It is announced that, by permission of the King, the forthcoming Indian Round Table Conference will be held in St. James' Palace. It will be recalled that the recent London Naval Conference, which was attended by the five principal Naval Powers and reached an agreement on the limitation of naval armaments, embodied in the London Naval Treaty, was held in St. James' Palace.

OIL MAGNATE'S GIFT TO BRITAIN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 22. According to the Daily Herald the American philanthropist, and oil magnate, Mr. Edward Harkness, is arranging a gift of \$2,000,000 to endow social and educational work in Britain.

HOOVER SIGNS TREATY.**DEFENCE OF THE UNITED STATES SECURED.**

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, July 22. President Hoover signed the Naval Treaty this afternoon and said that when other Governments had ratified it the Treaty would translate an emotion deep in the hearts of millions into the practical fact of government and international relations. It would renew the faith of the world in the moral forces of goodwill and patient negotiation, as opposed to the blind forces of suspicion and competitive armament.

It would secure, added the President, the full defence of the United States.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

British Consideration. ROGEBY, July 22.

Consent to the ratification of the London Naval Treaty was given by the United States Senate yesterday by 58 votes to 4, and the Prime Minister, in the House of Commons, stated to-day that in view of this and other circumstances, it was advisable to proceed at once with the second reading of the Bill to give effect to the Treaty here, rather than allow it to remain over until the Autumn.

The present session of Parliament is due to close at the end of the month, but the Prime Minister anticipates that consideration of the Bill on the second reading will be brief.

JAPAN'S RATIFICATION ASSURED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, July 23. After long inactivity regarding the London Naval Treaty, Japan's ratification process resumed functioning to-day, partially as the result of the American ratification and partially because the naval seniors' long-drawn out dispute over the Treaty have ended in a compromise.

Following a meeting of the Cabinet this afternoon, Mr. Hamaguchi proceeds to-morrow to the Hayama Palace, where the Emperor is spending the summer, to formally present the treaty for his sovereign's approval. After this, it is expected that the Pact will be submitted immediately to the Privy Council, whose function is to advise the Emperor whether to accept or reject it.

Although the Council's deliberations will probably require several weeks, especially since the naval seniors' compromise formula is unfriendly to the Treaty, its ultimate ratification is believed to be assured.

Naval Formula Approved.

No progress had been made for several weeks of the naval seniors' obscure bickering over the terms of their advice to the Emperor concerning the Treaty's effects on the national defences.

The dispute ended this morning, when the naval members of the Supreme War Council, including Admiral Prince Fushimi, Admiral Togo, Admiral Okada, Admiral Taniguchi, and Admiral Kato, met at the Imperial Palace, Tokyo, and approved a formula which is halfway between Admiral Togo's and Admiral Kato's extreme opposition and Admiral Taniguchi's desire for unconditional ratification.

Although not published, it is understood that the formula declares that the Treaty imposes limitations which will make Japan's defences defective, but which are partially remediable by various expedients like strengthening the air forces. However, since the Treaty's term of limitation is six years, it is not satisfied without great danger, although at the next war conference Japan must stand firm in demanding a 70 per cent. ratio in all categories.

Although the formula is considered to be a political setback for the Government, it is not believed that it will cause a Ministerial crisis nor prevent ratification, although Admiral Taniguchi may be compelled to resign after ratification of the Treaty.

SHANGHAI DEATH PACT?**PRISONER SENTENCED TO TWO YEARS.**

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

SHANGHAI, July 23.

The wealthy grocer's son who was charged with having induced a dancing girl employed at the Black Cat Cabaret to take poison after a moonlight joy-ride to Woosung, and then threatened to shoot her if she refused to marry him, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

Prisoner heard the sentence with evident emotion, leaning heavily on the dock rails.

The Court ordered his detention in custody pending an appeal.

ROUND EUROPE AIR RACE.**GERMAN MECHANIC KILLED.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 22.

The mechanic of the German aeroplane piloted by Von Oertzen in the air race round Europe met with a terrible death at Hoston control point to-day. He sprang out of the machine with the intention of recording the arrival of the plane when he was struck on the head by the propeller and fatally injured.

Meanwhile, the leaders in the race are now between Paris and Spain.

Mr. Alan Butler, Mr. S. A. Thorn and the Frenchman, Pinat, arrived at Pau in the Pyrenees during the forenoon.

Miss Spooner and Lady Bailey left Paris in the morning.

Many other competitors who delayed yesterday are still completing the English portion of the route.

A Spaniard, and a Pole have officially retired while another Spaniard is reported missing.

LATER. The Spaniard who was formerly reported missing in the air race has now been located at Calais, where he spent the day.

Fifty-four of the sixty machines which started from Berlin have now passed the Hoston control point.

Mr. Alan Butler arrived at Madrid in the afternoon. All the other six British competitors arrived at Pau during the course of the afternoon.

RIOTING IN EGYPT.**REINFORCEMENTS AT PORT SAID.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PORT SAID, July 22. Further rioting occurred here this afternoon when a mob attempted to set fire to the municipal stables in the native quarter of the town.

The police opened fire with the result that one rioter was killed and eight wounded.

Egyptian troop reinforcements are now arriving at Port Said where the trouble is entirely confined to the native quarter.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Foreigners Safe.

ROGEBY, July 22. No further disturbances are reported from Egypt to-day. The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Arthur Henderson, said in the House of Commons that official information went to show that the situation was well in hand, and the Egyptian Government had themselves indicated that there was no need for special protective measures for foreigners. His Majesty's Government, he added, were fully alive to the obligations of this country under the declaration of 1922 to ensure the protection of foreign lives and interests in Egypt.

TORRENTIAL STORM IN NEW YORK.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, July 22. The yearnings of New York residents were gratified this afternoon, a torrential rainstorm falling in the parched metropolitan area in which at least 90 deaths yesterday were attributed to the heat.

A similar number of horses dropped dead in the street.

EARTHQUAKE IN ITALY.**STRONG UNDULATORY SHOCK.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ROME, July 22.

Hitherto 19 are reported to have been killed and 10 injured in an earthquake in Southern Italy.

Deaths and Damage.

A strong undulatory earthquake shock was felt at one o'clock in the morning at Naples and throughout Catania.

A part of the Palace at Naples collapsed, two being killed and five injured as the result of falling masonry.

The fifth floor of another building collapsed, when a child and five persons were injured.

Hitherto, 10 have been reported killed at Balili, and six killed in the Attilu district.

Death-roll One Hundred and Fifty.

LATER. The death-roll from the earthquake is now over 150 and many injured, including 100 dead and hundreds injured at Melfi.

PARLIAMENT OF EGYPT.**PETITION FOR EXTRA SESSION REFUSED.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ALEXANDRIA, July 23.

It is reliably learned that King Fuad has refused to grant the Waddi petition to call an extraordinary session of Parliament.

THE FEDERATION OF EUROPE.**GERMAN REPLY WELCOMING THE FRENCH INITIATIVE.**

Berlin, July 15.—The text was published here to-day of Germany's reply to M. Briand's Pan-European memorandum. As anticipated, it welcomes France's initiative though announcing some important reservations regarding M. Briand's proposals and agrees to participate in a special conference during or after the September meeting of the League of Nations Council. The document's salient passages are as follows:—

"The French Government stresses the necessity to start the attack on the problem from the political side, thereafter passing to the economic problems. The German Government agrees to this so far that it is also persuaded that Europe's present lamentable condition is to a large degree due to the present political constitution of the European continent."

Equality for All.

It assumes that its views regarding the direction wherein the solution of these problems must be sought are sufficiently known and therefore need only remind of the questions of security, disarmament, national minorities and the development of certain articles of the Covenant of the League of Nations. One thing it desires to stress: all attempts to improve Europe's political situation will depend on the application of the principles of full equality for all, equal security for all and a peaceful settlement of the nations' natural needs of living. Where circumstances exist that disturb these conditions, effective means must be found to alter them.

It would be vain to attempt building up a new Europe on a basis which would be incapable of standing the strain of vigorous development. The more further states that the desirable co-operation in the economic field must not be made dependent on the creation of additional security since on the contrary an economic understanding would contribute to heighten the feeling of security.

Other suggestions of Mr. Briand pertain to the economic side, the necessity to co-operate with the League of Nations, the desirability of avoiding any appearance of opposition to any "other states or continents" and elasticity in approach so as not to exclude such countries as the Soviet Union or Turkey or to alienate European countries with extra-European interests.

BRIDGE COLLAPSE IN RHINELAND.**FRIGHTFUL SEQUEL TO CELEBRATIONS.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

COBLENZ, July 22.

There was a frightful sequel to the Rhineland evacuation celebrations when an enormous crowd was crossing over a pontoon bridge on the way home after a fireworks display given in honour of President Hindenburg's visit.

The bridge collapsed and 100 people were thrown into the river. In the darkness many struck the falling bridgework and scores perished.

So far 24 bodies have been recovered.

LATER. The dead include six schoolgirls and a teacher.

There was a terrible panic when the bridge collapsed, the screams of the struggling victims fighting madly with each other for life were heard far and wide.

Many were killed outright by the heavy beams, and others were pushed under water and drowned by the overturned pontoon.

Only those near the banks of the river escaped.

The Chief of Police has ordered the abandonment of all festivities at Coblenz.

BERLIN, July 23.

In consequence of the tragedy at Coblenz, President Hindenburg has abandoned his proposed visit to Treves and Aix-la-Chapelle.

President Hindenburg is remaining at Coblenz in order to attend the mourning service for the victims.

SCHOOL "RAGGING."**NEW BOY ON HIS "WELCOME" TO DURHAM.****BENCH DISMISS SUMMONSES.**

The treatment a 13-year-old boy is alleged to have received from other boys at Durham Grammar School led to five lads being summoned for assault. Two issued cross summonses.

Mr. J. R. Nicholson, solicitor, said the case was brought with reluctance, because it involved the name and prestige of one of the finest public schools.

John Deas, son of Mr. Charlton Deas, curator of Sunderland Libraries, Museum and Art Gallery, went as a new boy to Durham School on May 2.

He was unpacking his trunk when a boy put his head into the room and, using bad language asked: "What are you doing here? We will soon have you out of this."

From that moment followed a succession of taunts and assaults. Boys in the house greeted him with cries of "Chalk," "Rotter" and other insulting names.

Before Prayers.

One night he and some lads were waiting for prayers in the corridor when somebody told a story of how certain boys had stuck a dart into a cow. The other boys laughed, but Deas did not, as the story was repulsive. "Deas is a good boy, and does not laugh," he was told.

In the dormitory that night a boy bit him in the back, another tripped him up, and all the boys in the dormitory except the prefect punched him with their fists and kicked him.

Bad language was used and one lad said: "You are the good boy who won't laugh at a story."

The following night his bed was pulled to pieces and the mattress put in the alleyway between the beds with the legs of other beds on it. The other boys kicked and belaboured him when he tried to get the mattress away.

After three weeks he returned to the school and was told by the headmaster that the boys had been flogged. Nevertheless he was again attacked and kicked.

For the defence it was urged that Deas had not gone to the school in a proper spirit with the idea of roughing it at first, but was rather superior. His father had told the headmaster he was perfectly satisfied with the school.

It was a harmless rag and had been grossly exaggerated. Several of the lads denied assault, and one said that Deas kept up "a lofty patronising spirit."

The Magistrates dismissed all the cases and expressed the view that they should never have been brought.

CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE.**GANDHI INTERVIEWED.**

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

POONA, July 23.

Mr. Jayakar and Sir Tej Sapru had a four-hour interview with Mahatma Gandhi in the Yeroda Gao. Both subsequently declined to be interviewed, but Sir Tej Sapru's demeanour indicated that the conversations had proved most satisfactory. He subsequently saw the Congress leader, Mrs. Naidu, who is in the same goal, and he will again interview Gandhi to-morrow.

FAREWELL BANQUET TO PARLIAMENTARIANS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 22.

The International Parliamentary Conference closed to-day with a Government farewell banquet at which the Lord Chancellor presided.

Six hundred guests were present.

WHITE "QUEEN" OF CHINATOWN.**FORTUNE MADE BY EMIGRANT GIRL.****CHINESE HUSBAND DISINHERITED.**

Thirty years ago a beautiful white girl wandered into New York's Chinatown and met there a young Chinese with \$2,000.

She loved him, married him, and made \$100,000 out of his capital—but now he has had to go to court to recover \$1,800; for she left only \$800 to him, and the rest to her white relations.

Annie Gilmartin was an obscure girl emigrant when she came to New York, but when she died six months ago she was known as "New York's Chinatown Queen."

She married Chu Sui, the young Chinese, as soon as she arrived in America, and at once showed a genius for finance.

She speculated successfully in real estate, and rapidly made a fortune for her husband, while she adopted the customs and religion of his race.

Annie Chu Sui loved Chinese mysticism. Chinese doctors bound her feet, and priests of Confucius conducted services for her.

Reverted to Type. Chu Sui gave her ten rings set with large diamonds, which she wore on her fingers and thumbs, arousing the admiration of Chinatown and earning the name of "Diamond Ten."

She became as much an Oriental as any white woman can—but on her death-bed she reverted to type.

After her death it was found that all the property she had acquired was in her own name.

It included two large buildings in Chinatown, \$80,000 deposited in eight banks, and jewels worth \$8,000.

Her will bequeathed all her fortune to her sister, Mrs. Kitty Murray, of Queen's Borough, New York, with the exception of \$800, which she left to her husband.

Chu Sui and her other white relations brought an action in the courts, in the middle of which Mrs. Murray was found dead in her bathroom, with a bottle of poison beside her.

The dispute over the will has now been settled, and the white relations of Annie Gilmartin Chu Sui receive all of her fortune except \$1,800, which goes to Chu Sui in recognition of his original investment of \$2,000.

Thomas A. Edison told interviewers at Port Myers, Florida, recently that he would urge President Hoover to seek election for a second term. He said, "The United States Government is the most inefficient big business organization in operation to-day," but he added he did not blame the President. The vast size of the business, he said, was responsible. Regarding the recent big drop in crude rubber prices, he said, "They are selling crude rubber below the cost of production."

Labour in the rubber countries gets only 30 cents a day. Asked if he favoured high wages for labour, Mr. Edison, who works 14 hours a day and enjoys it, said: "Certainly, why not give the labourer a good wage as long as the business he works for is making money. Henry Ford's idea in that particular case is right. I agree with him there."

Sports News

WATER POLO LEAGUE.

R.A. GIVES V.R.C. "A" A CLOSE GAME.

A FURTHER VICTORY FOR FUKIEN CLUB.

In the first division of the Water Polo League, V.R.C. annexed yet two more points when they defeated the R.A. team by two goals to one in the match played last evening. The game was interesting, though it was characterised by more fouls than was desired.

An attack made during the first three minutes of the game gave Silva Netto an opportunity to score the first goal for V.R.C. Play continued to remain in R.A.'s portion of the pool, and shortly after the first goal Roza-Pereira broke through in a *melée* and threw one in which completely beat the R.A. goalie.

R.A. sent in the ball on many occasions from over the half-way line, but the V.R.C. goalie was not to be beaten. Crossing over, the military team was awarded a throw, a foul being registered against Weill, playing back for V.R.C. The soldiers grasped the opportunity and threw one into the V.R.C. goal.

A feature in the play of the second half was the stubborn resistance put up by the R.A. backs against the opposing forwards. The soldiers made periodic raids against V.R.C. but none of them were successful. There was no further scoring.

The teams were:
R.A.: Ribbands, Dangerfield, Cavanagh, Maltby, Lewis, Forrester and Gray.

V.R.C.: Soares, Weill, Stewart, Roza-Pereira, Gittins, Silva-Netto and Knight.

Junior Game.

The junior game between Fukien Club and 12th Heavy Battery started in a promising manner, each side scoring one goal before the match was five minutes old. The military team fell into a lapse, however, and allowed their opponents to add four more goals, making the score of 5-1 in favour of Fukien Club at the end of the first half of the game.

Spectators were treated to a fine game in the second half, when Fukien Club, although doing most of the attacking, failed to add to their score. The goalie and backs of 12th Heavy Battery played a sterling game and stopped a good number of shots.

Towards the close of the match, three players from the Fukien Club were ordered one of the bath, and this resulted in play being transferred to their side. With only four men playing for Fukien Club, the match became somewhat one-sided, but before the soldiers could add to their score the final whistle was blown.

The teams were:
12th Heavy Battery: Fletcher, Breeds, Watson, Heskith, True, Hayward and Leadbeater.
Fukien Club: Kwok King Tong, Lok Man Shum, Ho Yung Chi, Sung Iu Tak, Tai Chun Hing, Wong Lit Kwong and Wong Ching.

U.S. BASEBALL RESULTS.

[REUTERS'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

New York, July 22.
The following are the results of the baseball matches played in the National and American Leagues to-day:

National League.		
New York	4	Chicago
New York	9	Chicago
Brooklyn	1	St. Louis
Philadelphia	1	Pittsburg
American League.		
Cleveland	6	New York
Cleveland	10	New York
Detroit	6	Philadelphia
St. Louis	3	Washington

CRICKET.

AUSTRALIAN MATCH ABANDONED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, July 23.
The Australians' match at Sunderland has been abandoned.

LEAGUE TENNIS.

CIVIL SERVICE DEFEATED BY CHINESE.

Chinese C.C. v. Civil Service C.C.

Playing with one pair short the Civil Service C.C. was defeated by the Chinese R.C. by 5 sets to nil on the latter's ground. The scores were:

P. F. Choi and M. S. Kwok (C.R.C.):—
beat T. Armstrong and Savage 6-0
beat G. Gull and B. Bickford 6-0

W. P. Tsui and W. H. Chou (C.R.C.):—
beat G. Gull and B. Bickford 6-2

H. W. Chan and S. W. Leung (C.R.C.):—
beat Armstrong and Savage 6-2
beat G. Gull and B. Bickford 6-4
The game between W. P. Tsui and W. H. Chou and Armstrong and Savage was not played.

MIXED DOUBLES.

Win for U.S.R.C.

The U.S.R.C. scored an 8-1 victory over the Kowloon Cricket Club. The scores were:

E. C. Fincher and Mrs. Sayer (K.C.C.):—
lost to L. Goldman and Mrs. Taylor 8-10
beat Col. Skinner and Mrs. Dook 6-1
lost to E. Grimbale and Mrs. Kearny 2-6

E. F. Fincher and Mrs. Hamblly (K.C.C.):—
lost to Goldman and Mrs. Taylor 2-6
lost to Col. Skinner and Mrs. Dook 1-6
lost to Grimbale and Mrs. Kearny 2-6

G. Bodiker and Mrs. Kew (K.C.C.):—
lost to Goldman and Mrs. Taylor 2-6
lost to Col. Skinner and Mrs. Dook 0-8
lost to Grimbale and Mrs. Kearny 2-6

CHINESE FOOTBALL TOUR.

DUE IN ENGLAND IN OCTOBER.

Negotiations have been completed for a tour of England by a team of Chinese amateur footballers during the coming season.

Leaving Singapore on August 22 the South China team will reach Marseilles about September 12 and will travel direct to Vienna, where they will commence the European portion of the tour by playing the best clubs in Austria. From Vienna they will journey to Hungary, Switzerland and Germany, before reaching England in October, when they will be received by Sir F. J. Wall, the secretary of the F.A.

On arrival in London they will be entertained to dinner at the House of Commons and will receive an official welcome by the Government. In addition, Sir Oswald Stoll has invited the officials, players and the members of the Chinese Delegation in London to spend an evening at the Coliseum.

Headquarters at York.

For the greater part of their stay in the British Isles the headquarters will be at York, but the tourists hope to be often in London and have been promised a warm welcome by the Amateur Cup holders, 11ford. They have received much assistance from the Rev. H. Dunico, M.P., Deputy Speaker of the House of Commons and president of the 11ford Club, and also from Sir F. J. Wall.

The Chinese players will be pitted against the best English amateurs in addition to representative sides of England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

On completion of their European programme the team will leave England about December 20, returning to China by way of the U.S.A. (where they will meet the leading American teams in New York) and Japan.

HOME CRICKET SCORES.

FIVE COUNTY FIXTURES ABANDONED OWING TO RAIN.

NO PLAY BETWEEN DERBYSHIRE AND YORKSHIRE AT CHESTERFIELD.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, July 22.

County cricket during the week received serious interference from the weather. Five matches had to be abandoned, including the fixture at Chesterfield between Derby and Yorkshire, where not a single ball was bowled during all the three days.

Decisions on first innings scores were gained in three matches where a few high scores and good bowling performances were recorded. Dulepsinghi and Nichols, who are included in the forthcoming Test match, were prominent in their respective departments.

SUMMARY OF THE RESULTS.

Notts v. Middlesex.
Notts won on the first innings against Middlesex at Lord's.
Notts (4 wickets, declared) 349 Middlesex 174
(1 wicket) 30

Sussex v. Essex.
Essex won on the first innings against Sussex at Brighton.
Essex 210 Sussex 302
(3 wickets) 302

Kent v. Gloucester.
Gloucester won on the first innings against Kent at Maidstone.
Gloucester 239 Kent 223
(4 wickets) 133

Surrey v. Lancashire.
At the Oval. Match abandoned, four points going to each side.
Lancashire 242 Surrey (no wickets) 40

Leicester v. Somerset.
At Leicester. Match abandoned, four points going to each side.
Leicester 175 Somerset (4 wickets) 47

Warwick v. Hampshire.
At Coventry. Match abandoned, four points going to each side.
Hants 174 Warwick (3 wickets) 204

Northants v. Glamorgan.
At Peterborough. Match abandoned, four points going to each side.
Glamorgan 236 Northants (4 wickets) 78

Batting.
Dulepsinghi (Sussex) 185*
Russell (Essex) 178
Walker (Notts) 165
Pope (Essex) 123
Payton (Notts) 90
*Not out.

Bowling.
Nichols (Essex) 4 for 23
Meyer (Warwick) 6 for 40
White (Somerset) 6 for 50
Voce (Notts) 4 for 47
Parker (Gloucester) 5 for 63
Bowley (Essex) 5 for 80
and 4 for 77

WALKER SCORES 165.
At Lord's, Notts took first innings points from Middlesex after declaring the close of their innings at 248 for four wickets. Walker batted steadily for 165 not out.

Notts, 1st innings (4 wickets, declared) 349
Walker, 165 not out.
Middlesex, 1st innings 174
Voce, 4 for 47.
Notts, 2nd innings (1 wicket) 30

SUSSEX v. ESSEX.
TEST PLAYERS CLASH.
At Brighton, Essex won on the first innings against Sussex by a margin of 123 runs. Russell (178) and Pope (123) were prominent for the winners.

In their first innings many of the Sussex batsmen were beaten by the good bowling of M. S. Nichols, who is included in the fourth Test match. Dulepsinghi, another of England's hopes, recovered his form in the second innings and looked quite good for a double century when closing time arrived.

Essex, 1st innings 382
Pope, 123.
Russell, 178.
Bowley, 5 for 90.
Sussex, 1st innings 210
Nichols, 4 for 23.
Essex, 2nd innings 279
Bowley, 4 for 77.
Sussex, 2nd innings (3 wickets) 302
Dulepsinghi, 185 not out.

KENT v. GLOUCESTER.
PARKER BOWLS WELL.
At Maidstone, Gloucester claimed first innings points from Kent by an excess of 78 runs.

Freeman took five of the Gloucestershire wickets, but they cost about 21 runs each, while Parker for the other side took the same number of wickets at about 12 runs each.

Gloucester, 1st innings 239
Freeman, 5 for 107.
Kent, 1st innings 223
Parker, 5 for 63.
Gloucester, 2nd innings (4 wickets) 133

Derbyshire v. Yorkshire.
At Chesterfield. Match abandoned, four points going to each side.

Surrey had all their wickets intact when the game was abandoned, the scores at the close being as under:—
Lancs, 1st innings 242
Surrey (no wickets) 40

At the Oval, rain interfered with the match between these teams and four points were taken by each team.

Surrey had all their wickets intact when the game was abandoned, the scores at the close being as under:—
Lancs, 1st innings 242
Surrey (no wickets) 40

SIR BASIL CLARKE IN DERBY SCENE.

BLOWS ON THE TOP OF AN OMNIBUS.

MAJOR'S CASE FAILS.

Fashionably-dressed men and women crowded Epsom Police Court last month when Major Victor Beaufort, described as of the Goring Hotel, Ebury-street, S.W., summoned Sir Basil Clarke, of Cadogan-gardens, Chelsea, for common assault.

It was alleged in the wording of the summons that Sir Basil "did unlawfully assault and beat the said Major Victor Beaufort at Epsom Downs on June 4."

The summons was dismissed and the chairman said that there would be no order for costs.

Mr. Ben Thomas, for Major Beaufort, said that the summons arose out of an incident on the top of an omnibus at the Derby.

Major Beaufort and his wife and stepson bought three tickets for places on a St. Dunstan's omnibus, and Major Beaufort took up his position in the gangway between the two front seats, intending to watch the race.

Admiral's Complaint.

Admiral Sir Henry Bruce was seated on his left, and behind him was Sir Basil Clarke and Lady Clarke. The admiral complained that he could not see the race with Major Beaufort standing in the position he was.

Major Beaufort asked another smaller man to stand in front of him, which he did, and when the race finished there was some dispute regarding the winner, and for the general information of those on the omnibus Major Beaufort stood with one foot on the left seat and one on the right to see the number.

"Whether he fell, or whether the admiral pushed him inadvertently or not," said Mr. Thomas, "Major Beaufort fell forward as if to go over the front of the omnibus."

"Saving himself, he asked the admiral what he thought he was doing. Before he could recover Sir Basil dealt Major Beaufort a blow in the face—a blow of such force that he cut the inside of his mouth against his false teeth and blackened his eye for a week afterwards."

Mr. Thomas added that Sir Basil followed it up by attempting to throw Major Beaufort off the omnibus, and came at him with raised knee as if to kick him in the stomach.

Head "In Chancery."

Major Beaufort, in self-defence, took Sir Basil's head under his arm, and held him "in chancery" until he saw there was no more fight left in him.

Mr. Thomas said he could only describe it as "reflexly conduct," and for a man in Sir Basil's position it aggravated the offence.

Major Beaufort gave evidence bearing out the story related by his counsel.

He said, when questioned about his size, that he stood 5ft. and was forty inches round the chest.

Major Beaufort denied that he was standing in a way calculated to make everything unpleasant for those not as big as he was. If any witness stated that he adopted a threatening attitude towards Admiral Bruce it would be a lie.

Mr. Fox-Andrews, on behalf of Sir Basil Clarke, said that Sir Basil, under the impression that Major Beaufort was about to strike the admiral, was of the opinion that it was his duty as a gentleman and in law to prevent an unjustifiable assault.

He did what any decent Englishman would have done, and his counsel, Mr. Fox-Andrews, said that Major Beaufort, Sir Basil took that course, and, having done it, did not regret it.

Sir Basil Clarke gave evidence that Major Beaufort obstructed the view, and his answer to various requests to sit down was always "You shut up." He said when asked by the conductor to go to his seat, "I am going to stop here."

Blow With Fist.

Sir Basil said that Major Beaufort strode up in a manner which gave every evidence that he was about to strike the admiral.

"I stepped forward and gave him a blow with my left fist," he added. "He turned round on me, and I gave him another with the right. Blows fell very quickly, both right and left."

There had been previous trouble with the major, and an hour and a half of arguing.

Mr. Fox-Andrews said that certain references had been made to Lady Bruce. She had been dead many years, and the admiral was with the admiral on Derby Downs on June 4.

Sir Basil Clarke, cross-examined by Mr. Thomas, remarked in regard to Major Beaufort, "I thought he was a bouncer, but did not say so."

He denied that he went at the major with his knee raised. The major tried to pull his ear off, and later he had to have it dressed.

GHOST FROM WHITE MAN'S GRAVE.

FRIENDS MEET AFTER 13 YEARS.

LEFT FOR DEAD.

Mr. Frank Daly walked into an hotel in Bloomsbury one day last month and saw a man studying the luncheon menu whom he had left for dead in the "White Man's Grave" region of West Africa thirteen years ago.

"Peter O'Brien!" he exclaimed gripping him by the shoulder and staring at him, incredulous.

"Frank Daly!" exclaimed Mr. O'Brien.

The two men, both of middle-age—Mr. Daly bronzed a deep mahogany by tropical suns; and the man he thought dead, pale with hair that illness had turned silver drew their chairs together.

"What on earth has happened, Peter? Have you risen from the grave, or what? I left you for dead thirteen years ago. I heard they buried you at Abbotshankton."

Without waiting for a reply Mr. Daly rushed on.

How Both Fared.

"It beats me. I heard you were down with malaria at Abbotshankton, and, of course, logged it for the Gold Coast as fast as I could. You were unconscious when I arrived, and honestly, old man, I thought you were a corpse. You looked like a dead man."

Mr. O'Brien smiled. "I'm alive all right," he said, "and it's good to see you again, Frank. I was given up by the doctors, but I just would not die, and here I am. I heard afterwards that you had called at the hospital and I tried to find you."

"And then the doctors ordered me back to England... but tell me about yourself." "Oh! lots of things have happened to me," said Mr. Daly. "I couldn't settle down after your death... sounds funny doesn't it, but I still can't understand how you didn't die. And I set out on our old game—prospecting."

"What were you looking for this time," interjected Mr. O'Brien.

"Gold," said Mr. Daly. "I wish I'd been with you," said his friend.

"Well, it was a tough trip and never a reef I could tap, all the way," resumed Mr. Daly. "I was wondering how I could find a new partner, and was in the hotel at M'wana when who should I see in the lounge but Ponsonby! You remember him? He asked after you, and I said you'd snuffed it. We set out for Mubuka and met Jellard. He asked after you, too, and I said you'd died."

"Jellard was looking for diamonds. We pushed on, losing ourselves in sandstorms and having terrible luck all round. Natives doped and robbed us at Iramu. Our telegrams to M'wana were delayed. Giraffes had charged through the telegraph wires."

"Then at Kassama we met a fellow who was willing to sell his claim. His property was six miles away in lion country. We were supposed to follow the wheel-marks of the owners of the mine, but we lost them in the sand, and then we came across four lions feeding on an antelope. Did we tackle them? We did not. We just got that lorry going and beat it as fast as we could."

Luncheon finished. The dining-rooms of the Imperial Hotel emptied. Tea-time arrived to find the two veterans of the wilds still exchanging memories.

SINGAPORE MOTORIST ON MURDER CHARGE.

FIGHT THAT FOLLOWED ACCIDENT.

A minor motor-car accident was disclosed as the incident that led to charges of murder against two Boyanese at the Singapore Assizes before Mr. Justice Collett last week.

One of the accused men was the owner of the car, an Austin Seven and, according to the case for the prosecution as set out by Mr. D. G. Osborne Jones, prosecuting by fiat from the Deputy Public Prosecutor, the car in turning a corner ran over the shafts of one of several rickshaws parked at the spot.

A quarrel ensued between the driver of the Austin (the first accused) and the puller, and soon a free fight developed between partisans of the Boyanese, who had run out from nearby houses, and the pullers. Three of the latter were stabbed.

The case was the consequence of the death of two of the stabbed men. One of the men who were alleged to have run out and joined in the fight were charged with murder.

The alleged incident occurred at Cornwall Street of Chin Swee Road, on May 6 last.

The accused claimed trial, and are being defended by Mr. C. R. Wilson and Mr. E. Rhodes.

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POISONS A CHILD COULD BUY.

JUDGE AGAINST SLOT MACHINE SALES.

Judge Crawford found in favour of the Pharmaceutical Society last month in a test case brought by them at Edmonton County Court against Harry Ronald Watkinson, a chemist, and a member of the Society, of Lordship-lane, Tottenham, N., to decide whether it is legal for a chemist to allow poisons to be taken from a slot machine outside his shop.

The article concerned was a bottle of disinfectant labelled "poison."

Judge Crawford said it would be most unfortunate in the public interest to allow a highly-dangerous poison to be sold from an automatic machine without any supervision. He continued:

"The evidence satisfies me that any child tall enough to place a coin in the slot and take a bottle could do so without the knowledge of the defendant or any person in his employment."

"Beyond all question this ought not to be allowed to continue."

An analyst, the Judge continued, had found that the bottles contained over 47 per cent of homologues of carbolic acid—a very dangerous poison.

The sale of such a dangerous poison as the disinfectant involved in the case ought to be part of the business of a chemist and druggist rather than of any other trader.

At the first hearing of the action it was pointed out by Mr. Glyn Jones, on behalf of the Pharmaceutical Society, that it was a "friendly" case. No reflection was cast on Mr. Watkinson.

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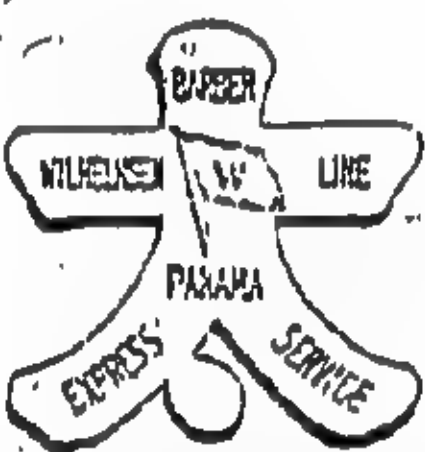
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CHINESE "RED" AT
NAVAL BASE.COMMUNIST CONFERENCE
HELD IN SINGAPORE.

Arrested at the Naval Base, Sektar, by Chief Inspector Prithvi Chand of the Special Branch of the Singapore Criminal Intelligence Department, two Hylams, were sentenced last week to one month's rigorous imprisonment each by Mr. C. Wilson, the Singapore Criminal District Judge, on a charge of being in possession of seditious literature.

The accused were Sua Chiang Kuan and Pang Kia Teow. Mr. Gifford, of the Chinese Protectorate, stated that translations were made of the documents found on the accused. One of these was a record of the "Third Conference of the South Seas Communist Party," held in Singapore during April last. This document also contained the agenda for that meeting.

Describing the arrest of the accused Chief Inspector Prithvi Chand said that he headed a party of detectives to the Naval Base at about 1 p.m. on June 8 and made his way to the servants' quarters attached to No. 2 Mess. As he approached, Sua Chiang Kuan was seen to throw a bundle of papers out of the window.

When this bundle was retrieved it was found to be a copy of a well-known Chinese Communist newspaper published in China. The other document relating to the Conference was found in possession of the second accused, Pang Kia Teow.

"We have nothing to say," was the reply of the accused when asked if they wished to say anything. On Mr. Chand giving the Court to understand that the accused would be banished from the Colony, his Honour said that possession of these documents was presumption of membership and passed sentence of one month's rigorous imprisonment each.

"Malayan Communist Party." An elderly Hylam lorry driver, named Tan Kuan San, said to be a member of the Malayan Communist Party, was also sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment by Mr. C. Wilson, the Singapore Criminal District Judge, on a charge of assisting in the management of an unlawful society.

Mr. Gifford of the Chinese Protectorate and Assistant Registrar of Societies, said that on June 24 Chief Inspector Prithvi Chand handed him several documents which were translated and found to relate to the Malayan Communist Party.

Examining the translation his Honour remarked that all these societies were as bad as other clubs whose members would not pay their bills.

A Malay named Abbas bin Daud said that he was a coolie living at Yeomarmy Road. On June 12 at about 2 p.m. he was near his house when he saw a Chinese detective holding a Chinese near a drain. The detective called him and asked him to look in the drain and he found a book and other papers.

In his evidence the accused said that he picked up the documents from the road in Jalan Besar and after looking at them threw them into a drain. Just then a detective came on the scene and arrested him.

His Honour: You are not a member of this society?—No, Sir, I know nothing about it.

His Honour passed sentence of one month's rigorous imprisonment. Accused will be banished.

BRIDE'S TROUSSEAU
CAUSES BATTLE.1,000 NATIVES FIGHT WITH
ARMS AND ASSEGAIS.

The postponement of a native girl's wedding because her trousseau was not ready is now known to be the cause of the tribal fight in the Valley of a Thousand Hills, Natal. A thousand natives fought with assegais, rifles, and revolvers, two being killed and many injured.

A girl of the Mapepateni tribe, on the Inanda side of the Umgeni river, was marrying a man of the Nyuswa but after it was discovered that her trousseau was not ready the wedding was postponed.

The girl's father then crossed the river to make final arrangements, and during his absence the custom was broken, for he was not offered the customary glass of beer. The father later started a dance, during which a stone was hurled from a sling by one of the bridegroom's party, and immediately a fight began.

The tide of war flowed from one side of the river to the other, until the bride's warriors were routed by rifle and revolver fire.

EASTERN NEWS IN
BRIEF.

PARS FROM EVERYWHERE.

General Sir G. M. Kirkpatrick, who was commander-in-chief, Western Command, India, from 1923 to 1927, has been placed on retired pay. He was G.O.C. British troops in China, in 1920-21.

A Peiping telegram to the Chinese Press says that the various foreign Ministers have again advised their respective nationalities not to sell any more munitions to the Chinese militarists so that fighting may be brought to an early end.

Mr. K. G. Wabamaki, the Finnish Charge d'Affaires in Shanghai has left for Nanking to request the Chinese Government to effect the immediate release of a Finnish lady missionary, who was kidnapped by bandits recently.

To prepare for the construction of a naval base at Weihaiwei upon the taking over of the administration from the British Authorities, the Ministry of Navy is sending a number of engineers to make a preliminary survey of the harbour.

Mr. A. E. Phillips and Mr. H. E. Hopkins have been elected members of the committee of the British North Borneo Chamber of Commerce to fill the vacancies caused by the resignations of Mr. C. B. Brewer and Mr. J. K. S. Malcolm.

General Dillotte, commanding the 3rd division Colonial Infantry, has been appointed to command the Indo-China troops at Hanoi, in succession to General Aubert. General Dillotte has been in service in France, Morocco, Syria and Poland.

To promote the adoption of the new phonetic system for the National Language, the Ministry of Railways has instructed the Shanghai-Nanking Railway Administration to put up signboards bearing the name of each station in the new simplified characters along the entire line.

It is reported that the date for the convocation of the Sino-Soviet conference has been fixed for August 1. Preliminary negotiations are continuing between Mr. Mo Tserui, the Chinese plenipotentiary, and M. Karakhan, the Soviet delegate and assistant Commissioner of Foreign Affairs.

The Shunpao says that the Sino-Egyptian Customs Tariff negotiations have been brought to a successful conclusion in London and that an agreement has been entered into between China and Egypt whereby China recognizes Egypt's new import tariff and her exports to Egypt, particularly tobacco leaf, will enjoy the privilege of the "most favoured nation" clause. This agreement, the Shunpao says, will expire next year.

Registration of all religious organizations in the country is to be enforced at an early date. The Executive Yuan in an order to the various Provincial and Municipal Governments, instructs that an investigation be made into the number and names of the religious organizations now functioning in the territory within their respective jurisdiction and a statistical record compiled so as to facilitate the work of registration in the near future.

The suspicions of the water police at Yookongkow, outside Woosung were aroused last week by a junk carrying a red lamp. The police ordered the junk to heave to, but instead of doing so, the crew opened fire on the police and attempted to move their vessel away. Chatter was given and the junk was captured by the water police, who discovered many chests of opium on board. Both the vessel and the smugglers were detained pending further investigations.

Mr. Tsai Pei, chief of the Navigation Department of the Ministry of Communications, in an interview with the Chinese Press, says that China is not prepared to become a signatory to the International High Sea Safety Pact at present because, although the pact has a direct bearing upon the interests of shipowners of every nation, China is not expected to benefit very much from becoming a signatory to the pact in view of the fact that her shipping business is not so extensive as that of others.

The first indication of any reaction in the Philippines to Gandhi's non-co-operation campaign in India, cropped up last week in Manila at the opening session of the Legislature. Representative Alonzo, a plan of resistance and non-co-operation with the American rule in the Philippines. He argued that since the Filipinos were making no headway in their demands for independence, from America further action was necessary. Leading politicians in the Philippines do not attack much importance to Representative Alonzo's proposal.

By arrangement between the Chinese Telegraph Administration and the Cable Company, in Shanghai, a considerable reduction will be made from August 1 in the Press rate to Europe when it will be reduced from Gold Francs 1.25 to Gold Francs 0.83 per word, the latter being equivalent at the present exchange to 67 cents Mex.

A Telegram has been sent to the Ministry of Finance by the National Associated Chambers of Commerce for the restaurant proprietors in Canton, requesting the Government to abolish, or at least reduce, the "float tax" in the southern city on the ground that the tax amounts to as much as 165 per cent, a financial burden which the restaurant proprietors in Canton can no longer bear.

SINGAPORE WEDDING.

MR. J. A. WORSWICK AND
MISS DOROTHY DICK.

The wedding of Mr. J. A. Worswick, of the Union Insurance Society of Canton, Sourabaya, and Miss Dorothy Dick, who recently arrived from home, took place at St. Andrew's Cathedral on July 14. The bride wore a white satin moiré picture frock, with a fitting bodice and a skirt falling in folds to the ground. She had a white georgette coat to match and a large white picture hat. Her bouquet was of white carnations and Honolulu creper. Mrs. G. G. Franklin, the matron of honour, wore a navy blue georgette dress with a pleated skirt and hat to match. She carried a bouquet of red gerberas.

The Rev. J. V. Westlake officiated. Mr. G. G. Franklin gave the bride away, and Mr. S. M. Garrard was "best man." After the ceremony a reception was held at Nassim Lodge, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin.

EUROPEAN DROWNED IN
KUALA LUMPUR.YOUNG MINE ASSISTANT
FALLS OFF DREDGE.

Mr. J. L. B. Kemp, aged 23, an assistant with Sungai Way Dredging, Ltd., Kuala Lumpur, was drowned on July 12 when he fell overboard from the dredge.

His body was not found until the next day, when it was taken to Klang hospital, and later to the manager's bungalow, from where the funeral took place to Cheras Road cemetery. The services, which were taken by the Rev. Fergus Ferguson, was attended by the mine staff and the staff of Petaling Tin. Many wreaths were sent.

As a mark of respect the Sungai Way dredge stopped for eight hours.

Mr. Kemp came from Tayport, Fifeshire, where his relations now live.

CLUBS' REFUSE "STATE
DRINKS."'DISCREDITABLE' SCENES IN
WOMEN'S BARS.

A condemnation of bars for women in public-houses and of the State liquor trade in Carlisle was heard by the Royal Commission on licensing last month.

Alderman T. Rogerson, of Carlisle City Council, who said he spoke for the Man in the Street, declared that it was common knowledge in Carlisle that the quantity of liquor brought into the city for clubs and for citizens who would not buy their liquor from the Government was increasing.

He regarded women's bars as most objectionable. In some of these there were no seats. "At busy times on Friday and Saturday nights these bars are crowded with women who have to reach over the heads of others to get their drink. No one who has seen them could believe that such a state of things would be allowed to exist under the authority of a Government department controlled by the Home Secretary."

It is the policy of the State to increase facilities for drinking by women. Women can be seen drinking in separate rooms not only in the evening, but in the morning, and I have no hesitation in saying that this special accommodation gives encouragement to drinking which certainly should not be provided out of Government funds."

Alderman Rogerson said that there should be no women's bars because they provided an inducement to women to drink. Mrs. Barton (a member of the Commission) Well, are not the men's bars an inducement to them to drink?

Alderman Rogerson: They do not need any inducement. Asked if he had found anything good in the Carlisle scheme, Alderman Rogerson replied: "Not even the beer." "Whatever this Commission does, we are fed up with this scheme in Carlisle," he said.

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Pres. Cleveland ... Tues., Sept. 3

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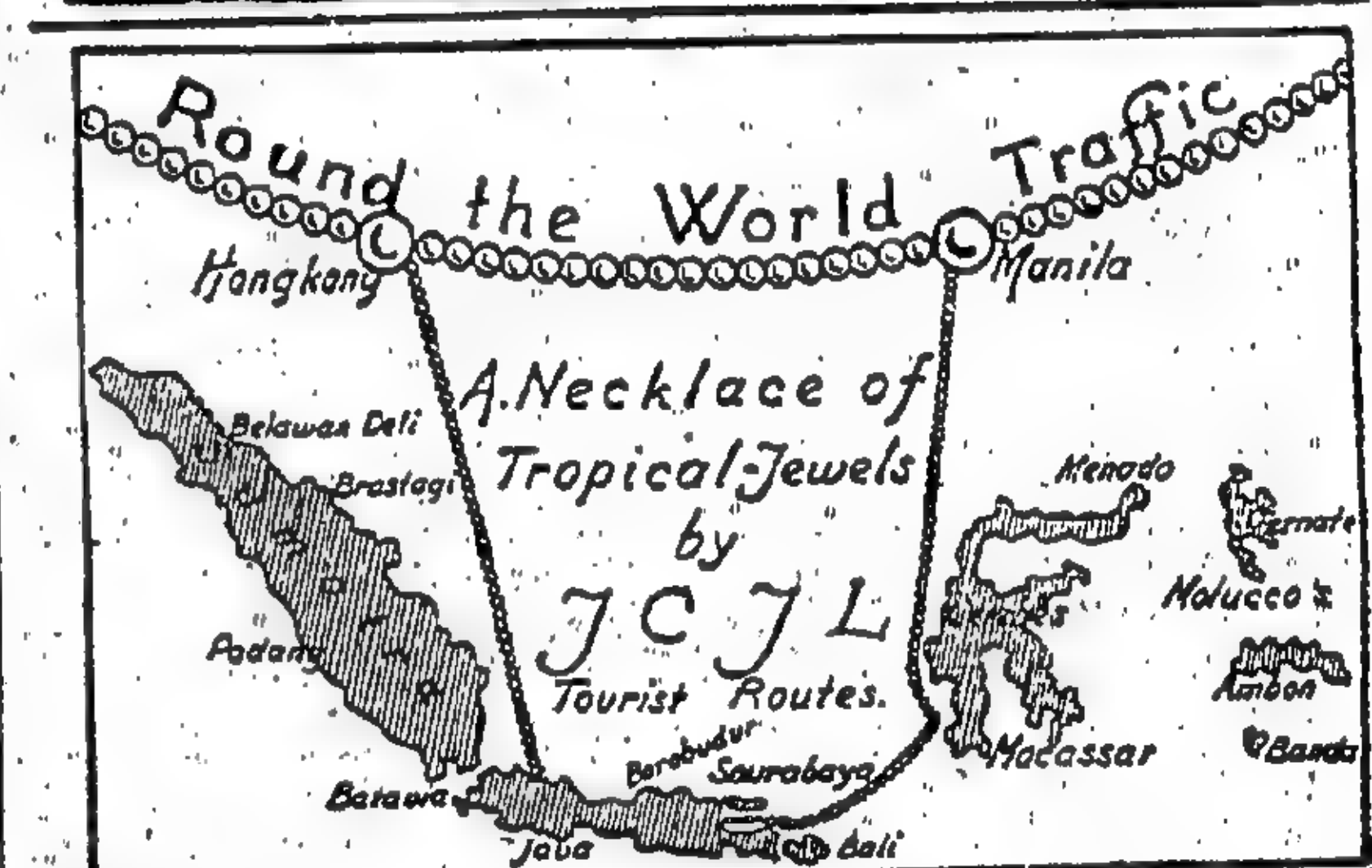
Fortnightly sailings on Sunday via Manila, Saigon, Colombo, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.

Pres. Van Buren ... Sun., July 27, 8 a.m. Pres. Polk ... Sun., Aug. 24, 8 a.m.
Pres. Garfield ... Sun., Aug. 10, 8 a.m. Pres. Adams ... Sun., Sept. 7, 8 a.m.

To Manila

Pres. McKinley ... July 29, 6 p.m. Pres. Grant ... Aug. 12, 6 p.m.
Pres. Jefferson ... Aug. 2, 6 p.m. Pres. Lincoln ... Aug. 16, 6 p.m.

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TJIKARANG	S'hal & Amoy	3rd Aug.	5th Aug.	MANILA, M'AL & SOERABAYA
TJILEBOET	K'lung & Amoy	10th Aug.	12th Aug.	BATAVIA

NORTH BOUND.

STRAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJIKARANG	BATAVIA	In Port	24th July	Amoy & S'hal
TJISAK	JAVA, MAKASSAR	30th July	2nd Aug.	SWATOW & AMOY
TJIBADAR	BATAVIA	6th Aug.	7th Aug.	Amoy & S'hal

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Agents.

ATTEMPT TO KISS
A QUEEN.AMANULLAH'S IRE AT
RUSSIAN'S DARING.

CULPRIT'S SUICIDE.

Why Amanullah, at that time King of Afghanistan, left Russia three days before he was expected to do so, after his European tour, is explained by Mr. Negley Ferson, an American, in a book called "Seeing Red—To-day, in Russia," published last month.

Amanullah, it is explained, went off suddenly because some one tried to kiss Queen Souriya.

The incident happened in Tiflis, the capital of Georgia, just south of the Caucasus mountains, and halfway between the Black Sea and the Caspian.

Here Amanullah and his queen were entertained at a banquet in the little palace which once belonged to the Grand Duke Nicholas.

"And here, in royal style," says Mr. Ferson, "the Russians entertained him, plying him with caviare from the Caspian, the smoked salmon of the Baltic, and the wines and champagne of the Caucasus."

The trouble came when a "distinguished Georgian official" stood up and made the most rousing speech of the evening.

"He was overcome by it and the wine," says Mr. Ferson, "and with a brimming glass in his hand he walked unsteadily among the table to the King of Afghanistan."

"I salute you," he said, and, draining his glass he leaned down, with the warm-hearted manner of his native mountains, to kiss the king.

"Amanullah pushed him away in friendship."

"The Georgian did not seem to notice. He bowed to the queen; and then it was seen that his intention was to kiss Souriya also."

"Queer Tales."

"Amanullah stood up. He made a sign. And then, as the appalling Georgians stared, Amanullah and his suite left the banquet-room. He left Tiflis at once, without waiting for the three days of waiting that had been planned for him."

The news flashed to Moscow. Moscow demanded that the official should explain himself. But this the smiling man of the photograph (a photograph on exhibition at a shop in Tiflis) could not do, as he had put a bullet through his head."

Of Amanullah's visit to London Mr. Ferson says:

"In England he slept in Buckingham Palace, and queer tales were told there of the domestic habits of his suite."

Mr. Ferson describes life in Russia to-day as he saw it during a year's visit, travelling all over the country, talking with peasants in their huts and visiting all kinds of out-of-the-way places.

Without Bias.

He seems to write without bias, and without any desire to grind a Soviet or anti-Soviet axe.

"The Communists say there is no God," he observes; "they laugh at priests and priesthooths, and yet theirs is one of the most austere, indefatigable, and unself-seeking brotherhoods in the world. If it is not a religion—which term they despise—it is a cult."

"They are the whippers-in, the task-masters, the slave-drivers, if you will, of the most ignorant mass of peasantry in the world. A hundred and twenty million peasants almost bestial in their stupidity."

"I was surprised to find that only one out of about every hundred Russians was a Communist. I was surprised to find them a brotherhood amazingly similar to the Jesuits."

The book, which is published by Eyre and Spottiswoode at 15s., contains a number of reproductions of political and anti-religious Communist posters.

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Money and Markets

CANTON TRADE NOTES.

Prices of pane glass, which were high recently, have dropped lower due to more arrivals.

Chinese cigarette manufacturers are doing badly due to foreign competition and the high rate of taxation.

There has been a decline in the price of flour. Supplies from Shanghai and Hong Kong are abundant but buyers are few.

In consequence of the sharp rise in the price of fire-wood, there has been a healthier demand for coal. During of last month some 53,000 tons of foreign coal were imported.

There has been a healthy consumption of cane molasses, imported from the Dutch Indies, and prices have consequently advanced. Latest quotations vary from Tls. 4.87 to Tls. 6.52.

Large quantities of wolfram ore have been imported from the North River districts lately. Demand being limited, prices have dropped by several dollars per picul. A further decline in prices is likely.

The total quantity of raw silk exported abroad from Canton during the first half of the present month was some 2,439 bales and waste silk 1,133 bales, showing a decrease of 450 bales of raw silk and 1,033 bales of waste silk during the corresponding period of last year.

The cotton yarn market was fairly active on Tuesday, demand by merchants in Pakhoi being brisk. Fine yarns were comparatively less in demand and prices remained unchanged. According to a Shanghai telegram, over 700 bales were sold on Tuesday. The price of No. 24 fine yarn rose by a dollar per bale, while quotations of other varieties were normal.

The importation of foreign goods has shown a decrease due to the rise in prices caused by the exchange. The buying power of the public has been especially weak during the past few weeks.

The foreign sugar market has been rather active recently due to limited arrivals. Prices have gone up and are likely to advance still more in the near future.

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

London, July 22.

Paris 123.87

New York 4.89

Geneva 25.03

Brussels 34.93

Amsterdam 12.09

Milan 52.57

Berlin 20.27

Copenhagen 15.09

Stockholm 18.13

Oslo 15.16

Vienna 34.43

Prague 64

Helsingfors 163

Madrid 42.60

Lisbon 108

Athens 375

Bucharest 818

Rio 53

Buenos Aires 40.15/10

Bombay 1/5 25/10

Shanghai 1/6

Hong Kong 1/3

Yokohama 2/0

Silver 16

Forward 15

OKLAHOMA OIL PRODUCTION.

FURTHER REDUCTION ORDERED.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

OKLAHOMA CITY, July 23.

As the production of oil, which has already been curtailed to 630,000 barrels, exceeded the demand by 100,000 barrels, the State Corporation Commission has ordered that the daily output at Oklahoma be reduced to 330,000 barrels until August 31.

BANQUE INDUSTRIELLE DE CHINE.

MODIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT SCHEME.

The Banque Franco-Chinoise has received the following telegraphic information from the Banque Industrielle de Chine in Paris:

Holders of secured bonds and repatriation bonds on francs assembled in general meeting, have accepted to-day the modification to the Transactional Settlement Scheme, as proposed by us, which will facilitate the audit of liabilities ratified by special agreement with the Oeuvres Franco-Chinoises and the Banque de France.

Modifications to the Contrat de Gérance have also been approved and accepted.

"Bons de Répartition en Francs" will be reimbursed at 100 per cent. of their face value as from September 29, 1930, from the special working fund put heretofore at the disposal of the Banque Franco-Chinoise.

However, the holders of such bonds may choose the anticipated reimbursement at 50 per cent., which can be effected immediately against delivery of their bonds. In this case, they will have to remit before December 1, 1930, at the Banque Industrielle de Chine's head office in Paris, or any of the branches of the Banque Franco-Chinoise acting on the former's behalf:

1.—Their Repatriation Bonds.

2.—A demand addressed to the Transactional Settlement's Commissaire. (Forms may be had at the local branch of the Banque Franco-Chinoise.)

U.S. FARM RELIEF DILEMMA.

DECLINE OF WHEAT PRICES AFFECTING BUSINESS.

Washington, July 15.—Observers here to-day predicted that the Western demand for equalization of farm relief will be revived at the December "short session" of Congress as a result of the sharp decline of wheat prices, affecting business, markets and banks throughout the country.

Farm leaders are meanwhile awaiting President Hoover's suggestions for possible remedies of a situation which cannot but have a considerable repercussion unfavourably upon the record of the present Republican Administration.

Disatisfaction over the recently enacted tariff appears to be widespread, and the farmers are particularly angry over the fact that this measure, which they had expected would prove of value in raising the prices of their products, has done them little good in that respect while increasing the cost of many manufactured articles which they must buy.

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE. SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23.

Banks

H.K. Banks \$1,515

Do. (London) \$1,515

Chartered Banks \$1,515

Mercantile Bks. "A" \$1,515

Do. "C" \$1,515

Bank of East Asia \$1,515

Insurances

Canton Insurances \$940

Underwriters \$470

North China \$1,180

Union Insurances \$435

Yangtze Insurances \$30

China Fires \$400

H.K. Fires \$350

Shipping

Douglases \$24

Steamboats \$24

Indos (pref.) \$43

Do. (def.) \$40

Shell Transports \$84

Water-boats \$31

Mining

Benquits \$4

Kailans \$4

Langkats (comb.) \$13.10

Do. (single) \$13.10

Explorations \$7.5

Shanghai Loans \$24

Raubs \$1

Trench Mines \$1

Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.

H.K. & K. Wharves \$11

Providents \$5.50

H.K. Docks \$1.23

Shanghai Docks \$1.35

New Engineering \$1.35

Hongkows \$1.35

Lands, Hotels and Buildings

H.K. & S. Hotels \$11

H.K. Lands \$11.05

Shanghai Lands \$84

H.K. Realty \$9

Humphreys \$15.35

Chinese Estates \$15.35

Cotton Mills

Eros \$11.10

Shai Cottons (old) \$11.10

Do. (new) \$11.10

Zong Sings \$11.10

Public Utilities

Tramways \$20.10

Peak Trams (old) \$12

Do. (new) \$12

Star Ferries \$12

C. Lights (old) \$12

Do. (new) \$12

H.K. Electric \$78

Macao do. \$78

Sandakan Lights \$78

Telephones (fully pd.) \$19

Do. (part pd.) \$19

China Buses \$19

Traction \$19

Do. (prof.) \$19

Industrials

Caldbeck (ord.) \$11.30

Macgregors (prof.) \$11.30

Canon Ices \$2.25

Cements (comb.) \$19

Do. (old) \$13

Do. (new) \$13

Ropes \$10.50

China Sugars \$10.50

Malayan Sugars \$29

United Asbestos \$29

Miscellaneous

Dairy Farms \$25

Der A. Wings \$25

Amusements \$23

China Entertainment \$23

Constructions \$1.80

Lane Crawfords \$3.20

Macintoshes \$4

Nanyang Tobacco \$4

Sinceres (old) \$11

Do. (new) \$11

Watsons \$13

Wm. Powells \$23

B. Ind. G. Bonds \$4

H.K. Govt. Loans \$10.9

FOREIGN MAILS

RADIO NOTICE.

Individuals and firms are recommended to register their telegraphic address at the Radio Office. No charge is made for this.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Due
JAPAN, SHANGHAI and EUROPE via Siberia (London, 7th July) ...	Hakusan Maru ...	25th July
EUROPE via NAGAPATAM (Letters only, London, 26th June) ...	Sarpedon ...	25th July
SHANGHAI and SWATOW (London, 3rd July) ...	Shantung ...	28th July
EUROPE via NAGAPATAM (Papers only, London, 26th June) ...	Jeyapore ...	26th July
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN and SHANGHAI (San Francisco, 27th June) ...	Sui Sang ...	26th July
STRAITS	Pres. Van Buren ...	26th July
U.S.A., HONOLULU, JAPAN and SHANGHAI (San Francisco, 4th July) ...	Alanta Maru ...	28th July
JAPAN and SHANGHAI	Pres. McKinley ...	28th July
U.S.A., CANADA, JAPAN and SHANGHAI (Seattle, 18th July) ...	Yokohama Maru ...	28th July
AUSTRALIA and MANILA	Nellors ...	30th July
	Pres. Jefferson ...	1st Aug.
	Tunda ...	11th Aug.

OUTWARD MAILS.

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS are closed 15 minutes earlier than the times given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

For	Per	DATE and TIME
Hoihow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Menado Maru	Thursday, 24th, 8.30 A.M.
Haiphong via Hoihow	Borneo	8.30 A.M.
Amoy and Shanghai	Tricolor	10.30 A.M.
Hoihow	Kwaiyang	10.30 A.M.
Babel	Bremerhaven	1.30 P.M.
Swatow	Hydrangea	3.00 P.M.
Saigon	Haidis	8.30 P.M.
Wei Hai Wei via Swatow and Foochow	Hushow	Friday, 25th, 10.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haiyang	1.00 P.M.
	Kouloon F.O.	4.30 P.M.
	Hakusan Maru	Letters 4.30 P.M.
	G.P.O.	Reg. 5.00 P.M.
	Letters	6.00 P.M.
Tourane	Chung Lung	5.00 P.M.
Hoihow, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Chengtu	Saturday, 26th, 8.30 A.M.
Amoy	Sui Sang	8.30 P.M.
Manila	Pres. Van Buren	5.00 P.M.
Amoy	Anhui	Sunday, 27th, 8.30 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Hokan Maru	9.00 A.M.
Bangkok via Swatow	Kwangchow	9.00 A.M.
Japan, Honoluh (San Francisco and South American Ports)	Bakuyo Maru	Monday, 28th, 10.30 A.M.
Amoy	Kanchow	3.30 P.M.
Shanghai and Japan	Alanta Maru	Tuesday, 29th, 10.30 A.M.
Straits and Calcutta	Yumang	Parcel 1.00 P.M.
	Kouloon F.O.	Letters 1.00 P.M.
Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and EUROPE via Marseille—due Marseille, 30th Aug.	Athos II	Reg. 1.00 P.M.
	G.P.O.	Reg. 1.45 P.M.
	Letters	2.30 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Ning	2.00 P.M.
Manila	Pres. McKinley	4.30 P.M.
Swatow	Foo Shing	Wednesday, 30th, 8.30 A.M.
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., Canada, Central and South America, and EUROPE via San Francisco—due San Francisco, 31st Aug., and EUROPE via Siberia	Ohishin Maru	5.00 P.M.
	Reg.	5.00 P.M.
	Letters	8.30 A.M.
Sandakan	Mauwang	Thursday, 31st, 10.30 A.M.
Manila, Sandakan, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island—due Thursday Island, 16th Aug.	Nellors	Friday, 1st, 8.30 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Hai Ning	Reg. 1.45 P.M.
	Letters	2.30 P.M.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and EUROPE via Marseille—due Marseille, 30th August	Kouloon F.O.	Parcel 1.00 P.M.
	Reg.	1.45 P.M.
	Letters	2.30 P.M.
	Reg.	2nd, 5.00 P.M.
	Letters	10.30 A.M.
Japan	Tyndarus	Saturday, 2nd, 10.00 A.M.
Manila	Pres. Jefferson	4.30 P.M.

*Superscribed correspondence only.

FACTS AND FIGURES

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AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TSINAN"	On 24th July, Daylight
HONGKONG	"NEWCHANG"	On 24th July, 10 a.m.
SWATOW, FOCHOW, WUHAIR, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 25th July, 2 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TEAN"	On 25th July, 10 a.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"CHENGKU"	On 27th July, 10 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"SUWANG"	On 27th July, 2 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KANGCHOW"	On 27th July, 3 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"KANGCHOW"	On 28th July, 2 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"LUOHOW"	On 28th July, 5 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"SHANTUNG"	On 29th July, Daylight
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"TAIYUAN"	On 31st July, Daylight
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"ANKING"	On 3rd Aug., 2 p.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KALGAN"	On 3rd Aug., 3 p.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"KANGCHOW"	On 7th Aug., 10 a.m.
SWATOW, FOCHOW, WUHAIR, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 8th Aug., Noon

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents, Telephone 30331.

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TRAVEL A.O. LINE

To AUSTRALIA. Calling at Manila (P. I.), Thursday 1st, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.

BRITISH STEAMERS: CHANGTE & TAIPING (out)

FASTEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE STEAMERS IN THE SERVICE.

ELECTRIC LAUNDRY, BARBER SHOP, SUGARON and STEWARD'S CARRIED.

Enjoy Your Short Leave in Australia and New Zealand, Hong Kong, Sydney—19 Days.

FIRST CLASS FARE TO SYDNEY, 595 RETURN.

LONDON (via Australia) from £141/10/-.

(Australian Newspapers on file)

STEAMER	Due Hong Kong	Leaves Hong Kong	Leaves Manila	Due Sydney
CHANGTE	18th Aug.	22nd Aug.	25th Aug.	10th Sept.
TAIPING	19th Sept.	23rd Sept.	26th Sept.	12th Oct.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents—HONG KONG—SHANGHAI

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

COPENHAGEN.

The M.S. "JAVA"

on or about

26th JULY

PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, DUNKIRK, HAVRE, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN AND OTHER SCANDINAVIAN & BALTIC PORTS.

SAILING LIST.

OTHER SAILINGS:	SHANGHAI, ETC.	COPENHAGEN, ETC.
M.S. "Asia"	7th August	10th Sept.
M.S. "Africa"	1st Sept.	5th Oct.
M.S. "Malaya"	1st Oct.	7th Nov.
M.S. "Danmark"	1st Oct.	10th Dec.

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PRINCE LINE

AUGMENTED SERVICE
SAILINGS EVERY 14 DAYSTO
BOSTONAND
NEW YORK"JAPANESE PRINCE" ... July 27th
"CHINESE PRINCE" ... August 12th
"SIAMSE PRINCE" ... August 26th

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

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King's Building

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

Sailings from Hong Kong:

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.	To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.
ATOS II ... 28th July	ANGERS ... 28th July
D'ARTAGNAN ... 12th Aug.	SPINX ... 18th Aug.
ANGERS ... 26th Aug.	G. METZINGER ... 1st Sept.
SPINX ... 16th Sept.	ANDRE LEBON ... 15th Sept.
G. METZINGER ... 30th Sept.	PORTHOUS ... 29th Sept.
ANDRE LEBON ... 14th Oct.	CHENONCEAUX ... 12th Oct.
PORTHOUS ... 28th Oct.	ATOS II ... 27th Oct.
CHENONCEAUX ... 11th Nov.	D'ARTAGNAN ... 11th Nov.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Syrian Ports, East Africa, Madagascar by Transhipment on our Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or Djibouti.

COMMERCIAL LINE

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For Full Particulars, apply to—

Cie. des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

3, Queen's Building, Telephone: 19951.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

JULY 22, 1930.													JULY 23, 1930.												
STATION	Hour	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		TEMPERATURE	HUMIDITY	Wind			Direction (Beaufort)	Hour	Hour	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		TEMPERATURE	HUMIDITY	Wind			Direction (Beaufort)	Hour	Hour				
		Inches	Millis.			Direction	Force	Speed				Inches	Millis.			Direction	Force	Speed							
Wladivostok...	12	29.69	754.0	67	...	SE	2	0	6	29.69	754.2	67	...	N	2	0	6	29.69	754.2	67	...	N	2	0	
Nemuro	11	29.88	749.0	SSW	3	1	5	29.80	757.0	S	3	1	5	29.80	757.0	S	3	1	
Hakodate	"	29.78	756.5	...	...	SSE	1	1	"	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...
Tokio	"	29.81	753.0	...	...	SE	1	1	"	29.82	757.5	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.82	757.5	...	...	...	...
Kochi	"	29.80	757.0	...	...	SE	1	2	"	29.82	757.5	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.82	757.5	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	"	29.82	757.0	...	...	WNW	2	1	"	29.80	767.0	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.80	767.0	...	...	...	...
Kagoshima	"	29.80	757.0	...	...	SSE	1	1	"	29.80	767.0	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.80	767.0	...	...	...	...
Oshima	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.78	756.5	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.78	756.5	...	...	...	...
Naha	"	"	29.78	755.0	E	2	0	"	29.78	755.0	E	2	0	
Ishigakijima	"	29.78	758.5	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.80	757.0	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.80	757.0	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	"	29.78	758.5	SE	1	1	"	29.59	751.6	77	100	SW	1	1	"	29.59	751.6	77	100	SW	1	1	
Chefoo	15	29.60	751.8	80	100	...	1	0	6	29.73	754.8	81	98	S	1	1	"	29.73	754.8	81	98	S	1	1	
Shanghai	14	29.73	755.1	90	76	S	2	2	"	29.73	756.3	80	87	S	4	0	"	29.73	756.3	80	87	S	4	0	
Guttsلاف	"	29.80	756.9	89	80	SSE	2	2	"	29.80	756.5	79	92	ENE	1	0	"	29.80	756.5	79	92	ENE	1	0	
Wenchow	"	29.79	756.6	82	84	SSE	2	2	"	29.80	756.9	83	83	ENE	1	0	"	29.80	756.9	83	83	ENE	1	0	
Foochow	"	29.80	756.9	86	85	E	4	2	"	29.63	759.9	80	78	NNE	2	0	"	29.63	759.9	80	78	NNE	2	0	
Amoy	"	29.70	754.4	86	76	SE	4	2	"	29.63	759.6	80	96	ENE	3	0	"	29.63	759.6	80	96	ENE	3	0	
Swatow	"	29.73	755.1	88	85	ESE	4	2	"	29.69	754.2	79	80	NNE	4	0	"	29.69	754.2	79	80	NNE	4	0	
Taihu	11	29.74	755.4	93	57	E	4	2	"	29.68	753.9	81	...	SE	4	0	"	29.68	753.9	81	...	SE	4	0	
Taihu	"	29.74	755.4	90	...	NNW	2	0	"	29.66	753.3	77	...	SE	2	0	"	29.66	753.3	77	...	SE	2	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.65	753.0	81	...	NE	4	0	"	29.65	753.0	81	...	NE	4	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.65	753.0	81	...	ENE	2	0	"	29.65	753.0	81	...	ENE	2	0	
Taihu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.65	753.0	81	...	...	...	...	"	29.65	753.0	81	...	...	...
Taihu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.67	753.6	80	91	...	...	...	"	29.67	753.6	80	91	...	...
Taihu	"	"	29.67	753.6	85	...	NW	2	0	"	29.67	753.6	85	...	NW	2	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.63	761.7	79	95	NNW	2	0	"	29.63	761.7	79	95	NNW	2	0	
Taihu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	"	"	29.64	752.8	82	86	N	3	0	"	29.64	752.8	82	86	N	3	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.72	754.2	79	98	ENE	2	0	"	29.72	754.2	79	98	ENE	2	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.68	753.9	79	...	W	2	0	"	29.68	753.9	79	...	W	2	0	
Taihu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.75	753.7	81	89	...	...	...	"	29.75	753.7	81	89	...	...
Taihu	"	"	29.60	751.8	81	...	ESE	4	0	"	29.60	751.8	81	...	ESE	4	0	
Taihu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.50	749.4	79	87	...	...	...	"	29.50	749.4	79	87	...	...
Taihu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	"	"	29.38	746.1	81	73	SSW	4	0	"	29.38	746.1	81	73	SSW	4	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.56	750.9	75	94	SSW	2	0	"	29.56	750.9	75	94	SSW	2	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.86	753.3	79	90	SW	2	0	"	29.86	753.3	79	90	SW	2	0	
Taihu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	"	"	29.72	754.2	70	78	S	4	0	"	29.72	754.2	70	78	S	4	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.72	754.8	75	94	SSW	4	0	"	29.72	754.8	75	94	SSW	4	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.72	754.8	82	81	SSW	4	0	"	29.72	754.8	82	81	SSW	4	0	
Taihu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.74	755.4	77	88	...	...	...	"	29.74	755.4	77	88	...	...
Taihu	"	"	29.70	754.4	79	...	WNW	3	0	"	29.70	754.4	79	...	WNW	3	0	
Taihu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.73	755.1	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.73	755.1	...	...	...	...
Taihu	"	"	29.82	757.5	WSW	2	0	"	29.82	757.5	WSW	2	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.84	757.9	79	...	WSW	1	0	"	29.84	757.9	79	...	WSW	1	0	
Taihu	"	"	29.82	757.4	77	91	W	"	29.82	757.4	77	91	W	
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Taihu	"																						

CANADIAN PACIFIC

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

14 DAYS FROM CHINA AND 9 DAYS FROM JAPAN TO CANADA AND U.S.A.

Empress of Japan	Aug. 7	Aug. 10	Aug. 13	Aug. 14	Aug. 22
Empress of Asia	Aug. 20	Aug. 23	Aug. 26	Aug. 28	Sept. 6
Empress of Canada	Sept. 4	Sept. 7	Sept. 9	Sept. 11	Sept. 19
Empress of Russia	Sept. 17	Sept. 20	Sept. 23	Sept. 25	Oct. 4
Empress of Japan	Oct. 10	Oct. 13	Oct. 16	Oct. 18	Oct. 27
Empress of Asia	Oct. 20	Oct. 23	Oct. 26	Oct. 28	Nov. 1
Empress of Canada	Nov. 12	Nov. 15	Nov. 18	Nov. 20	Nov. 29
Empress of Russia	Nov. 27	Nov. 30	Dec. 3	Dec. 5	Dec. 14
Empress of Japan	Dec. 10	Dec. 13	Dec. 16	Dec. 18	Dec. 27
Empress of Asia	Dec. 20	Dec. 23	Dec. 26	Dec. 28	Jan. 6
Empress of Canada	Jan. 12	Jan. 15	Jan. 18	Jan. 20	Jan. 29
Empress of Russia	Jan. 27	Jan. 30	Feb. 2	Feb. 4	Feb. 13
Empress of Japan	Feb. 10	Feb. 13	Feb. 16	Feb. 18	Feb. 27
Empress of Asia	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	Feb. 26	Feb. 28	Mar. 6
Empress of Canada	Mar. 12	Mar. 15	Mar. 18	Mar. 20	Mar. 29

HONG KONG—MANILA

EMP. OF ASIA ... Aug. 12 ... Aug. 14

EMP. OF CANADA ... Aug. 27 ... Aug. 29

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Passenger Dept. 20752

Freight ... 20042

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N.Y.K. LINE

REDUCE THROUGH TICKETS TO EUROPE VIA U.S.A.

VARYING FROM \$83 TO \$120 ON SALE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu

CHICHIBU MARU ... Thursday, 31st July

SHINTO MARU ... Wednesday, 13th August

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

YOKOHAMA MARU ... Tuesday, 5th August

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,

via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez

HAKUSAN MARU ... Saturday, 28th July

HABUNA MARU ... Saturday, 9th August

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

KITANO MARU ... Tuesday, 19th August

ATSUTA MARU ... Tuesday, 20th September

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

RANGON MARU ... Monday, 28th July

TAMBA MARU ... Monday, 11th August

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

RAKUYO MARU ... Monday, 28th July

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape

Town & Ports.

BINGO MARU ... Wednesday, 6th August

NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.

ATAGO MARU ... Saturday, 2nd August

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Stamboul (Constantinople),

Genoa & Marseilles.

DELAGOA MARU ... Monday, 11th August

DALOUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

YAMAGATA MARU ... Tuesday, 28th July

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

HAKODATE MARU (Mojit direct) ... Monday, 28th July

ATSUTA MARU ... Tuesday, 28th July

MALACCA MARU (Mojit direct) ... Monday, 4th August

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LLOYD TRIESTINO

FORTNIGHTLY FREIGHT SERVICE FOR

BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Fiume, Genoa, All

Italian, Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea and Danube Ports.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG

M.V. "COL DO LANA" ... 25th July

S.S. "MONCALIERI" ... 8th Aug.

S.S. "FIUMEL" ... 1st Aug. 8th Sept.

S.S. "CARIGNANO" ... 16th Aug. 23rd Sept.

Cargo vessels only.

All dates are subject to alteration without notice.

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Tel. 28021.

Agents.

Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront News, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS, 9,600 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
16,500 TONS.

The returns, shown at the Har-

bour Office, of vessels carrying cargo

to the Colony during the 24 hours

ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:—

CARGO FOR THROUGH

H.K. Ports.

British

Tyndareus,

Tacoma 329

Tilawa,

Calcutta 573

4,084

Mizapore,

Kobe 6

1,186

Tsinan,

Shanghai 300

720

Teau,

Shanghai 428

1,041

Halvard,

Keelung 1,050

1,300

Helikon,

Bias Bay —

700

Cheong Shing,

Tientsin 1,050

420

Tsinan,

Canton —

420

3,350

9,581

French,

G.G. Paul,

Doumer,

Macao —

130

130

Dutch,

Van Heutsz,

Singapore 349

29

Tipikarang,

Muntok 4,500

5,258

4,489

5,287

Portuguese,

Wing Lee,

K. C. Wah 400

400

Japanese,

Aki Maru,

Yokohama 471

1,875

471

1,785

Chinese,

Tak Hing,

Autau 35

35

9,685

16,873

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

The arrivals and departures dur-

ing the period under review were:—

Arr. Dep.

British

French

Dutch

Norwegian

Portuguese

Chinese

German

13

2

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18

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ARRIVALS.

July 21.

Tsinan, British str., 2,100 tons,

Capt. J. W. Tinson, from Amoy,

buoy No. B12—B. & S.

July 22.

Clara Jeben, Danish str., 1,145

tons, Capt. J. Davidson, from

Keelung, buoy No. B50—Jebesen

& Co.

G.G. Paul Doumer, French str., 734

tons, Capt. Turmel, from Macao,

buoy No. C44—Botello Bros.

Wing Lee, Portuguese str., 641 tons,

Capt. J. Antunes, from Kwang

Chow Wan, Saikong Wharf—

Wo Hop & Co.

July 23.

Chastino Maersk, Danish str., 3,199

tons, Capt. Berentzen, from

Wakamatsu, Kowloon Wharf—

Jebesen & Co.

Chengtu, British str., 1,339 tons,

Capt. W. L. Thomas, from Swat-

tow, buoy No. C16—B. & S.

Foo Shing, British str., 1,423 tons,

Capt. W. Ay Balch, from Swat-

tow, West Point Wharf—Jardine

Matheson & Co.

Friesland, German str., 3,750 tons,

Capt. Heffmiz, from Shanghai,

buoy No. A3—Jebesen & Co.

Haiyang, British str., 1,363 tons,

Capt. Erwin, from Swatow,

Douglas Wharf—Douglas S.S.

Co.

Hozan Maru, Japanese str., 2,437

tons, Capt. H. Oyama, from

Swatow, O.S.K. Wharf—O.S.K.

Hydrangea, British str., 561 tons,

Capt. P. W. Grieson, from Swat-

tow, Chiu On Wharf—Chiu On

S.S. Co.

Mao Lee, Chinese str., 1,200 tons,

Capt. Y. Watanabe, from Swat-

tow, buoy No. C38—Yee Tai

Hong

Mirzapore, British str., 4,134 tons,

Capt. R. G. Oxford, from

Shanghai, buoy No. A2—P. &

O.

Newshwan, British str., 1,430 tons,

Capt. F. Gibbs, from Canton,

buoy No. B21—B. & S.

Pronto, Norwegian str., 1,233 tons,

Capt. B. Moller, from Amoy,

Stoncutters—K. Larsen & Co.

Ryujin Maru, Japanese str., 902

tons, Capt. Nakagawa, from

Keelung, buoy No. B51—M.B.K.

Suiyang, British str., 1,394 tons,

Capt. F. W. Potter, from Swat-

tow, buoy No. B12—B. & S.

Sungshan Maru, Japanese str., 1,503

tons, Capt. G. Kawamura, from

Swatow, buoy No. C43—N.Y.K.

Teau, British str., 2,202 tons, Capt.

R. Allison, from Amoy, buoy

No. C14—B. & S.

Tjikarang, Dutch str., 6,037 tons,

Capt. P. Hopman, from Muntok,

buoy No. A1—J.C.J.L.

Tsinan, British str., 2,100 tons,

Capt. J. W. Tinson, from Canton,

buoy No. B9—B. & S.

Utrecht, Dutch str., 709 tons, Capt.

J. H. Kop, from Canton, A.P.C.

Wharf—A.P.C.

Van Heutsz, Dutch str., 2,749 tons,

Capt. J. Groothoff, from Singa-

pore, buoy No. A8—J.C.J.L.

(Continued on next column.)

A NEW ARRIVAL.

A new arrival to the Colony is the Norwegian steamer Torborg which arrived from Shanghai in ballast and is now lying in the Kowloon Docks. She is owned by Martin Mosvald for whom Messrs. Karsen, Larsen are the local agents.

The vessel is under the command of Capt. Tjellested and has a crew of seven Norwegian officers and 31 Asiatic seamen.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

The following passengers arrived on Sunday by the s.s. Kantori Maru—Mr. R. Elridge, Mr. H. Dunsford, Mr. C. Y. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ahtquist, Miss E. Ahtquist, Masters G. A. and J. Ahtquist, Mr. and Mrs. W. Danielson, Miss B. A. Danielson, Master J. M. Danielson, Mr. W. H. McDermott, Mr. S. M. Suhr, Mr. J. G. Honna, Mrs. M. A. Dwyer, Miss M. A. Dwyer, and Mr. K. Lyang.

Departures.

The following passengers left on Tuesday by the s.s. Aki Maru—Mr. S. M. Suhr, Mrs. Punciano Aledia, Mr. I. Canda, Mr. Punciano Aledia, Mr. Simon Ecatar, Rev. V. O. I. Missin, Mrs. D. O. Lund, Mr. Pedro Sinjion, Mr. Semon Relopez, Mr. Rafik Bey Hamady, Mrs. Mal Cohn Young, Miss M. Flynn, Mr. K. Graae, Mr. Lin Sien En, Mr. Li Tung Chuan, Mr. Chian Ming Foo, Mr. Chan Pak, Miss So Sang Lim, Mrs. Wong See, Mr. Dee Tin, and Mr. Ah Hui.

The following passengers left yesterday by the R.M.S. Empress of Russia—Miss L. M. Anderson, Mr. T. Azuma, Miss E. E. Armstrong, Col. and Mrs. W. D. S. Brownrigg, Mr. J. G. Black, Mrs. H. B. Bates, Mr. C. Breyer, Mrs. Chan She, Mr. Chia Hong Si, Master Chia Yung Yuen, Mr. Y. C. Chan, Mr. Chee Sing Fee, Mr. Chem Shou Cheh, Mr. Gee Jue Chong, Mrs. B. Cape, Mr. W. H. McDermott, Mrs. P. San Diego, Mr. E. V. Dallimore, Miss S. Ellis, Miss Y. J. Fung, Mr. and Mrs. O. Frander, Mr. J. J. Garcia, Miss R. Garcia, Mr. H. Kung Fu, Mrs. M. B. Hall, Miss F. Hiday, Mrs. M. A. Haines, Mr. Leung King Hay, Miss J. F. Look, Miss B. F. N. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. B. Leonia, Jr., Mrs. Leung Lum She, Master Leung S. Tong, Miss Leong H. Mee, Mr. T. Moriyama, Mr. F. Monroang, Mr. A. Maluenda, Mr. D. Patacil, Mr. P. Rines, Mr. So Tat Tung, Miss D. Starmer, Mr. E. P. Streanfield, Mr. O. K. Stott, Mrs. A. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Tucker, Mr. Wong Wah Tong, Mr. R. T. Ood, Dr. T. W. Ware, Mrs. M. I. Ware, Mrs. C. E. Watson, and Miss D. Watson.

